

## chapter S-2.1

**Last amendment: 28 October 2025**  
updated to 2 December 2025

# Act respecting occupational health and safety

Legal deposit – 2025  
Bibliothèque et Archives nationales du Québec  
ISBN 978-2-551-27283-9

© Éditeur officiel du Québec, 2025

All rights reserved in all countries. No Part of this publication may be translated, used or reproduced by any means, wether electronic or mechanical, including microreproduction, without the written authorization of the Éditeur officiel du Québec.

## PRESENTATION

This publication is an excerpt from the **Compilation of Québec Laws and Regulations**.

**Amendments which came into force between 1 October 2025 and 2 December 2025 are as follows:**

CHAPTER	TITLE	AMENDMENT	DATE OF COMING INTO FORCE
S-2.1	Act respecting occupational health and safety	<b>48.0.1-48.0.10</b> (add) 2025, c. 28, s. 38	2025-10-28
		<b>92</b> (am) 2025, c. 28, s. 39	2025-10-28
		<b>Division II.1 (after s. 176)</b> (add) 2025, c. 28, s. 43	2025-10-28
		<b>176.0.0.1-176.0.0.4</b> (add) 2025, c. 28, s. 43	2025-10-28
		<b>223</b> (am) 2025, c. 28, s. 44	2025-10-28
		<b>224</b> (am) 2025, c. 28, s. 45	2025-10-28
		<b>Chapter XVI.1 (after s. 335)</b> (add) 2025, c. 28, s. 46	2025-10-28
		<b>335.1-335.5</b> (add) 2025, c. 28, s. 46	2025-10-28

### List of abbreviations:

- add added
- am amended
- c chapter
- s section



# Table of contents

	page
<b>CHAPTER I</b>	
DEFINITIONS .....	1
<b>CHAPTER II</b>	
SCOPE .....	3
<b>DIVISION I</b>	
GENERAL PROVISIONS .....	3
<b>DIVISION II</b>	
AGREEMENTS PERMITTING THE APPLICATION OF A SPECIAL PLAN .....	4
<b>CHAPTER III</b>	
RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS .....	5
<b>DIVISION I</b>	
THE WORKER .....	5
§1. — <i>General rights</i> .....	5
§2. — <i>Right of refusal</i> .....	5
§3. — <i>Protective re-assignment</i> .....	8
§4. — <i>Re-assignment of a pregnant worker</i> .....	9
§5. — <i>Obligations</i> .....	12
<b>DIVISION II</b>	
THE EMPLOYER .....	13
§1. — <i>General rights</i> .....	13
§2. — <i>General obligations</i> .....	13
§3. — <i>Prevention program</i> .....	15
§3.1 — <i>Action plan</i> .....	17
§4. — <i>Accidents</i> .....	18
§5. — <i>Information in respect of hazardous products</i> .....	18
<b>DIVISION III</b>	
THE SUPPLIER .....	21
<b>CHAPTER IV</b>	
HEALTH AND SAFETY COMMITTEES .....	22
<b>CHAPTER V</b>	
HEALTH AND SAFETY REPRESENTATIVE AND HEALTH AND SAFETY LIAISON OFFICER.....	26
<b>DIVISION I</b>	
HEALTH AND SAFETY REPRESENTATIVE.....	26
<b>DIVISION II</b>	
HEALTH AND SAFETY LIAISON OFFICER .....	28
<b>CHAPTER VI</b>	
SECTOR-BASED ASSOCIATIONS .....	29
<b>CHAPTER VII</b>	
UNION ASSOCIATIONS AND EMPLOYERS' ASSOCIATIONS .....	31

	<b>page</b>
<b>CHAPTER VIII</b>	
OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH .....	31
<b>DIVISION I</b>	
HEALTH PROGRAMS, SPECIFICATIONS AND FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT .....	31
<b>DIVISION II</b>	
SPECIFIC HEALTH PROGRAM FOR AN ESTABLISHMENT .....	33
<b>DIVISION III</b>	
PUBLIC HEALTH NETWORK FOR OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH.....	33
<b>DIVISION IV</b>	
PUBLIC HEALTH DIRECTOR .....	35
<b>DIVISION V</b>	
RECOGNITION OF CERTAIN HEALTH SERVICES .....	36
<b>CHAPTER VIII.1</b>	
THE FONDS DE LA SANTÉ ET DE LA SÉCURITÉ DU TRAVAIL .....	36
<b>CHAPTER IX</b>	
THE COMMISSION DES NORMES, DE L'ÉQUITÉ, DE LA SANTÉ ET DE LA SÉCURITÉ DU TRAVAIL .....	38
<b>DIVISION I</b>	
ESTABLISHMENT .....	38
<b>DIVISION I.0.1</b>	
INDIVIDUAL DECISIONS IN PAY EQUITY MATTERS.....	41
<b>DIVISION I.1</b>	
SERVICE STATEMENT AND STRATEGIC PLAN.....	42
<b>DIVISION I.2</b>	
REPORTING .....	43
<b>DIVISION II</b>	
FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSION.....	44
<b>DIVISION II.1</b>	
DECISIONS OF THE COMMISSION WITH REGARD TO EQUIVALENT AND DIFFERENT MEASURES .....	48
<b>DIVISION III</b>	
PROVISIONS NOT APPLICABLE.....	48
<b>CHAPTER X</b>	
INSPECTION .....	49
<b>CHAPTER XI</b>	
SPECIAL PROVISIONS RESPECTING CONSTRUCTION SITES.....	52
<b>DIVISION I</b>	
DEFINITIONS AND APPLICATION .....	52
<b>DIVISION II</b>	
PRINCIPAL CONTRACTORS AND EMPLOYERS .....	53
<b>DIVISION III</b>	
JOB-SITE COMMITTEE.....	53
<b>DIVISION IV</b>	
HEALTH AND SAFETY REPRESENTATIVE.....	55

	<b>page</b>
<b>DIVISION IV.1</b> HEALTH AND SAFETY COORDINATOR .....	56
<b>DIVISION V</b> INSPECTION .....	57
<b>DIVISION VI</b> MAJOR CONSTRUCTION SITES.....	57
<b>CHAPTER XII</b> REGULATIONS .....	58
<b>CHAPTER XIII</b> RECOURSES .....	62
<b>CHAPTER XIV</b> PENAL PROVISIONS .....	63
<b>CHAPTER XV</b> FINANCING .....	65
<b>CHAPTER XVI</b> TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS .....	65
<b>CHAPTER XVI.1</b> SPECIAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE IN CERTAIN ESTABLISHMENTS OF THE EDUCATION AND HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES SECTORS .....	71
<b>CHAPTER XVII</b> FINAL PROVISIONS .....	73
<b>INDEX</b>	





chapter S-2.1

## Act respecting occupational health and safety

### CHAPTER I DEFINITIONS

**I.** In this Act and the regulations, unless otherwise indicated by the context,

“**accident**” means an industrial accident within the meaning of the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases (chapter A-3.001);

“**Administrative Labour Tribunal**” means the Administrative Labour Tribunal established by the Act to establish the Administrative Labour Tribunal (chapter T-15.1);

“**agreement**” means an individual work contract or a collective agreement within the meaning of paragraph *d* of section 1 of the Labour Code (chapter C-27) and paragraph *g* of section 1 of the Act respecting labour relations, vocational training and workforce management in the construction industry (chapter R-20) or another agreement relating to working conditions, including a Government regulation giving effect thereto;

“**certified association**” means a certified association within the meaning of the Labour Code (chapter C-27);

“**Commission**” means the Commission des normes, de l’équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail established by section 137;

“**construction site**” means a place where foundation, erection, maintenance, renovation, repair, alteration or demolition work is carried out in respect of a building or of civil engineering works, on and at the site itself, including the preparatory work of land clearing or earth moving and any other work determined by regulation, and the lodging, eating or recreational facilities put at the disposal of the construction workers by the employer;

“**contaminant**” means a solid, liquid or gaseous matter, a microorganism, a sound, a vibration, a radiation, heat or an odor, or any combination of these, that is generated by equipment, a machine, a process, a product, a substance or a dangerous substance and that is likely to alter in any way the health or safety of workers;

“**dangerous substance**” means any substance which, by reason of its characteristics, constitutes a danger to the health, safety or physical or mental well-being of a worker, including a hazardous product;

“**decree**” means a decree within the meaning of paragraph *h* of section 1 of the Act respecting labour relations, vocational training and workforce management in the construction industry or a decree adopted pursuant to the Act respecting collective agreement decrees (chapter D-2);

“**employer**” means a person who, under a contract of employment or a contract of apprenticeship, even without remuneration, retains the services of a worker; an educational institution is deemed to be the employer of a student undergoing a job shadowing or work training period under the institution’s responsibility;

“**employers’ association**” means a group organization of employers, an association of group organizations of employers or an association that includes employers and group organizations of employers, having as its objects the study, safeguarding and development of the economic interests of its members and particularly assistance in the negotiation and application of collective agreements;

“**establishment**” means all the installations and equipment grouped on one site and organized under the authority of one person or of related persons in view of producing or distributing goods or services, except a construction site; this word includes, in particular, a school, a construction enterprise and the lodging, eating or recreational facilities put at the disposal of workers by the employer, excepting, however, private lodging facilities;

“**fund**” means the Fonds de la santé et de la sécurité du travail established under section 136.1;

“**hazardous product**” means any product, mixture, material or substance governed by subdivision 5 of Division II of Chapter III and determined by a regulation made under this Act;

“**health and safety committee**” means a committee established pursuant to section 68, 68.1, 68.2 or 82;

“**health and safety representative**” means a person designated under section 87, 87.1, 88 or 88.1;

“**inspector**” means a person appointed under section 177;

“**job-site committee**” means a committee established pursuant to section 204;

“**minister**” means the minister designated by the Government pursuant to section 336;

“**occupational disease**” means an occupational disease within the meaning of the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases;

“**occupational health provider**” means a physician in charge of occupational health, a nurse, an ergonomist, an occupational hygienist or any other person exercising a function in occupational health within the scope of the service offer developed by Santé Québec, the Nunavik Regional Board of Health and Social Services or the Cree Board of Health and Social Services of James Bay under section 109.1;

“**principal contractor**” means the owner or any other person who, on a construction site, is responsible for the carrying out of all the work;

“**public health director**” means a public health director within the meaning of the Act to make the health and social services system more effective (2023, chapter 34), the Act respecting health services and social services for the Inuit and Naskapi (chapter S-4.2) or the Act respecting health services and social services for Cree Native persons (chapter S-5);

“**radiation**” means any transmission of energy in the form of particles or electromagnetic waves with or without the production of ions when interacting with matter;

“**regulation**” means a regulation made in conformity with this Act;

“**sector-based association**” means a joint sector-based association on occupational health and safety established pursuant to section 98 or the joint sector-based construction association established pursuant to section 99;

“**sexual violence**” means any form of violence targeting sexuality or any other misconduct, including unwanted gestures, practices, comments, behaviours or attitudes with sexual connotations, whether they occur once or repeatedly, including violence relating to sexual and gender diversity;

“**union association**” means a group of workers constituted as a professional syndicate, union, brotherhood or otherwise or a group of such syndicates, unions, brotherhoods or other groups of workers otherwise constituted, having as its objects the study, safeguarding and development of the economic, social and educational interests of its members and particularly the negotiation and application of collective agreements;

“**worker**” means a person, including a student undergoing a job shadowing or work training period under the responsibility of an educational institution, who, under a contract of employment or a contract of apprenticeship, even without remuneration, carries out work for an employer, except

(1) a person employed as manager, superintendent, foreman or as the agent of the employer in his relations with his workers;

(2) a director or officer of a legal person, except where a person acts as such in relation to his employer after being designated by the workers or by a certified association;

“workplace” means any place in or at which a person is required to be present out of or in the course of work, including an establishment and a construction site.

1979, c. 63, s. 1; 1985, c. 6, s. 477, s. 521; 1986, c. 89, s. 50; 1988, c. 61, s. 1; 1992, c. 21, s. 300; 1994, c. 23, s. 23; 1997, c. 27, s. 34; 1998, c. 39, s. 188; 1999, c. 40, s. 261; 2002, c. 38, s. 10; 2001, c. 26, s. 168; 2002, c. 76, s. 1; 2005, c. 32, s. 308; 2007, c. 3, s. 72; 2015, c. 13, s. 1; 2015, c. 15, s. 207; 2021, c. 27, s. 122; 2024, c. 4, s. 33; 2023, c. 34, s. 1254.

## CHAPTER II SCOPE

### DIVISION I GENERAL PROVISIONS

2011, c. 12, s. 2.

**2.** The object of this Act is the elimination, at the source, of dangers to the health, safety and physical and mental well-being of workers.

This Act provides mechanisms for the participation of workers, workers’ associations, employers and employers’ associations in the realization of its object.

1979, c. 63, s. 2; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**3.** The fact that collective or individual protective means and equipment are put at the disposal of workers where necessary to meet their special needs must in no way reduce the effort expended to eliminate, at the source, dangers to the health, safety and physical or mental well-being of workers.

1979, c. 63, s. 3; 2021, c. 27, ss. 123 and 233.

**4.** This Act is of public order and any derogating provision of any agreement or decree is absolutely null.

However, an agreement or decree may provide, in respect of a worker, a person performing functions under this Act or a certified association, more favourable provisions for the health, safety and physical or mental well-being of the worker.

1979, c. 63, s. 4; 1999, c. 40, s. 261; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**5.** Nothing in this Act or in the regulations may be construed as limiting the rights of a worker or certified association under a collective agreement, Act, regulation, decree, order in council or other order.

1979, c. 63, s. 5.

**5.1.** Subject to any incompatible provision, in particular with respect to the workplace, the provisions of this Act apply to a worker carrying on telework and to his employer.

2021, c. 27, s. 124.

**6.** This Act binds the Government, Government departments and agencies that are mandataries of the State.

1979, c. 63, s. 6; 1999, c. 40, s. 261.

**7.** Every self-employed natural person who, for another person, and without the assistance of workers, carries out work in a workplace where there are workers is subject to the obligations imposed on a worker pursuant to this Act and the regulations.

The person described in the first paragraph must, furthermore, comply with the obligations imposed on an employer in respect of products, processes, equipment, materials, contaminants and dangerous substances.

1979, c. 63, s. 7.

**8.** The first paragraph of section 7 also applies to an employer or persons contemplated in paragraphs 1 and 2 of the definition of the word “worker”, in section 1, who carries out work at a workplace.

1979, c. 63, s. 8.

**8.0.1.** Chapter VIII.1 and sections 167, 170, 172 and 173 do not apply to the Act respecting labour standards (chapter N-1.1) or the Pay Equity Act (chapter E-12.001).

2015, c. 15, s. 208.

**8.1.** This Act and the regulations prevail over any inconsistent provision of the Act respecting off-highway vehicles (chapter V-1.3) and of the regulations thereunder.

1996, c. 60, s. 85; 2020, c. 26, s. 149.

## **DIVISION II**

### **AGREEMENTS PERMITTING THE APPLICATION OF A SPECIAL PLAN**

2011, c. 12, s. 3; 2014, c. 18, s. 7.

**8.2.** The purpose of this division is to authorize the implementation of any agreement relating to any matter within the scope of this Act between the Government and the Mohawks of Kahnawake represented by the Mohawk Council of Kahnawake and permitting the application of a special plan.

An agreement under the first paragraph shall ensure that the Kahnawake plan will have similar standards to those of the plan established in this matter by this Act.

2011, c. 12, s. 3; 2014, c. 18, s. 7.

**8.3.** The provisions of an agreement under section 8.2 apply despite any provision to the contrary in this Act unless otherwise provided in the agreement.

2011, c. 12, s. 3; 2014, c. 18, s. 7.

**8.4.** The Government may, by regulation, take any necessary measures to carry out this division, such as providing for any modifications to be applied to an existing Act or statutory instrument to take the existence of an agreement into account.

Any regulation made under the first paragraph requires the prior concurrence of the Mohawks of Kahnawake represented by the Mohawk Council of Kahnawake.

2011, c. 12, s. 3; 2014, c. 18, s. 7.

**8.5.** An agreement under section 8.2 is tabled by the Minister in the National Assembly within 30 days of its signature or, if the Assembly is not sitting, within 30 days of resumption.

The competent committee of the National Assembly must examine the agreement and any regulation made under the first paragraph of section 8.4.

2011, c. 12, s. 3; 2014, c. 18, s. 7.

**8.6.** An agreement is posted on the respective websites of the Ministère du Travail, the Ministère du Conseil exécutif and the Commission not later than the date of its coming into force and, should it cease to have effect, remains posted for five years after the date of cessation of effect.

2011, c. 12, s. 3; 2014, c. 18, s. 7.

**8.7.** The Commission may enter into an administrative agreement with the Mohawk Council of Kahnawake to facilitate the application of an agreement under section 8.2.

2011, c. 12, s. 3; 2014, c. 18, s. 7.

**8.8.-8.12.** *(Replaced).*

2011, c. 12, s. 3; 2014, c. 18, s. 7.

## CHAPTER III RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

### DIVISION I THE WORKER

#### § 1. — *General rights*

**9.** Every worker has a right to working conditions that have proper regard for his health, safety and physical and mental well-being.

1979, c. 63, s. 9; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**10.** In accordance with this Act and the regulations, the worker is entitled, in particular,

(1) to training, information and counselling services in matters of occupational health and safety, especially in relation to his work and his work environment, and to receive appropriate instruction, training and supervision;

(2) to receive the preventive and curative health services relating to the risks to which he may be exposed;

(3) to receive his wages for the time spent undergoing a medical examination during employment required by this Act and the regulations, and the time spent for the travel required to undergo the examination. The cost of the examination and the travel and accommodation expenses are borne by the employer.

1979, c. 63, s. 10; 2021, c. 27, s. 125.

**11.** Every person contemplated in paragraphs 1 and 2 of the definition of the word “worker”, in section 1, has the rights granted to workers under sections 9, 10, and 32 to 48.

1979, c. 63, s. 11.

#### § 2. — *Right of refusal*

**12.** A worker has a right to refuse to perform particular work if he has reasonable grounds to believe that the performance of that work would expose him to danger to his health, safety or physical or mental well-being, or would expose another person to a similar danger.

1979, c. 63, s. 12; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**13.** No worker may, however, exercise his right under section 12 if his refusal to perform the work puts the life, health, safety or physical or mental well-being of another person in immediate danger or if the conditions under which the work is to be performed are ordinary conditions in his kind of work.

1979, c. 63, s. 13; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**14.** Until an executory decision is rendered ordering a worker to resume work, the employer shall not, subject to section 17 and the second paragraph of section 19, have the work performed by another worker or by a person who ordinarily works outside the establishment and a worker who is exercising his right of refusal is deemed to be at work.

1979, c. 63, s. 14.

**15.** Where a worker refuses to perform particular work, he must immediately inform his supervisor, his employer or an agent of his employer; if none of these persons is present at the workplace, the worker must take reasonable steps to ensure that one of them is informed as soon as possible.

1979, c. 63, s. 15.

**16.** On being informed, the supervisor or, as the case may be, the employer or his agent shall convoke the health and safety representative to examine the matter and the corrective measures he intends to apply.

If there is no health and safety representative or if he is not available, the health and safety representative is replaced by a representative of the worker's certified association, if any, and if he is available, or if none is available, by any other worker designated by the worker who refuses to perform his work.

1979, c. 63, s. 16; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**17.** If the worker maintains his refusal to perform the work when his supervisor or, as the case may be, the employer or his agent and the health and safety representative or the person replacing him are of opinion that no danger exists to justify the worker's refusal to work or that his refusal to work is based on grounds that are acceptable in the particular case of that worker but do not justify another worker's refusing to perform the work, the employer may, notwithstanding section 14, have the work performed by another worker. That other worker may accept to perform the work after being informed that the right of refusal has been exercised, and of the reasons therefor.

1979, c. 63, s. 17; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**18.** After the situation has been examined, the intervention of an inspector may be required by

- (1) the worker, if he maintains his refusal to perform the work;
- (2) the health and safety representative or the person replacing him if he believes that the performance of the work exposes the worker to danger to his health, safety or physical or mental well-being or exposes another person to similar danger; or
- (3) the employer or his agent, if he believes that the performance of the work does not expose the worker to danger to his health, safety or physical or mental well-being or does not expose another person to such danger, or that the corrective measures taken have dissipated the danger.

1979, c. 63, s. 18; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**19.** The inspector shall determine immediately whether or not a danger exists that would justify the worker's refusal to work. He may require the worker to resume his work. He may also prescribe temporary measures and require that corrective measures be taken within such time as he may determine.

If, in the inspector's opinion, the refusal to work is based on grounds that are acceptable in the particular case of that worker but do not justify another worker's refusing to perform the work, the employer may, notwithstanding section 14, have the work performed by another worker, who may agree to perform it after being informed of the fact that the right of refusal has been exercised, and of the reasons therefor.

The inspector's decision must be substantiated and recorded in writing. It is transmitted by any appropriate means that provides the inspector with proof that it was delivered to the worker, the health and safety representative or the person replacing him, and to the employer or his agent.

1979, c. 63, s. 19; I.N. 2016-01-01 (NCCP); 2021, c. 27, s. 126 and 233.

**20.** The inspector's decision may be the object of an application for review and a contestation before the Administrative Labour Tribunal in accordance with sections 191.1 to 193.

The inspector's decision has effect immediately, notwithstanding any application for review.

1979, c. 63, s. 20; 1985, c. 6, s. 522; 1997, c. 27, s. 35; 2015, c. 15, s. 237.

**21.-23.** *(Replaced).*

1979, c. 63, ss. 21-23; 1985, c. 6, s. 522.

**24.** A final decision applies as long as the circumstances remain unchanged.

1979, c. 63, s. 24.

**25.** An employer may require a worker who has exercised his right to refuse to work to remain at the workplace and assign him temporarily to other duties that he is reasonably capable of performing.

1979, c. 63, s. 25.

**26.** In cases where the exercise of the right to refuse to work prevents at least two other workers from working, the inspector must be present on the premises not later than six hours after his intervention has been required.

If the inspector is not present within the prescribed time, the employer may, notwithstanding section 14, have the work performed by another worker who agrees to do the work after being informed that the right of refusal has been exercised, and of the reasons therefor.

1979, c. 63, s. 26.

**27.** Where two or more workers refuse to perform particular work by reason of the same danger, their cases are examined jointly and may be the subject of a decision concerning them jointly.

1979, c. 63, s. 27; 2021, c. 27, s. 127.

**28.** Where the exercise of the right of refusal results in depriving of work other workers in the undertaking, these other workers are deemed to be at work for the duration of the work stoppage.

The employer may, however, assign the other workers to other duties that they are reasonably capable of performing or require that they remain available at the workplace during the whole period thus remunerated.

1979, c. 63, s. 28.

**29.** The employer must allow the health and safety representative or, as the case may be, the person replacing him, to exercise the functions vested in him by sections 16 and 18.

The health and safety representative or the person replacing him is deemed to be working when he is exercising the functions vested in him referred to in this section.

1979, c. 63, s. 29; 2021, c. 27, s. 128.

**30.** No employer may dismiss, suspend or transfer a worker, practise discrimination or take reprisals against him or impose any other penalty on him on the ground that the worker exercised the right contemplated in section 12.

However, the employer may, within the 10 days following a final decision, dismiss, suspend or transfer the worker or impose another penalty on him if the worker abused his right.

1979, c. 63, s. 30; 1985, c. 6, s. 523.

**31.** No employer may dismiss, suspend or transfer a health and safety representative or the person replacing him, practise discrimination or take reprisals against him or impose any other penalty on him on the ground that the health and safety representative or person replacing him exercised a function conferred on him by this Act.

However, the employer, within the 10 days following a final decision respecting a worker's exercise of his right of refusal, may dismiss, suspend or transfer the health and safety representative or person replacing him or impose another penalty on him if the representative or person abused his function.

1979, c. 63, s. 31; 1985, c. 6, s. 523; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

§ 3. — *Protective re-assignment*

**32.** A worker who furnishes the certificate prescribed by the Commission, which attests that his being exposed to a contaminant entails danger to him, in view of the fact that his health shows signs of deterioration, may request to be re-assigned to duties that do not entail exposure to a contaminant and that he is reasonably capable of performing, until the condition of his health allows him to resume his former duties and his working conditions conform to the standards established by regulation for that contaminant.

1979, c. 63, s. 32; 2021, c. 27, s. 129.

**33.** The certificate contemplated in section 32 may be issued by a physician in charge of occupational health by another physician or by a specialized nurse practitioner.

If the certificate is issued by a physician in charge of occupational health he must, at the worker's request, notify the physician or specialized nurse practitioner designated by the worker.

If the certificate is issued by another physician or by a specialized nurse practitioner, that professional must, before issuing it, consult with a physician in charge of occupational health or, if there is no such physician, with the public health director of the region in which the establishment is situated, or the physician or specialized nurse practitioner designated by him.

1979, c. 63, s. 33; 1992, c. 21, s. 301; 2020, c. 6, s. 21; 2021, c. 27, a. 130.

**34.** The Commission may, by regulation,

- (1) identify the contaminants in relation to which a worker may exercise his right under section 32;
- (2) determine the criteria on which a deterioration of health associated with each contaminant identified under paragraph 1 warrants the exercise of the right under section 32;
- (3) specify the criteria on which a worker may be re-assigned, or be returned to his regular duties;
- (4) *(paragraph repealed)*.

1979, c. 63, s. 34; 2021, c. 27, s. 131.

**35.** If a requested re-assignment is not made immediately, the worker may stop working until he is re-assigned or his health or working conditions allow him to return to his duties in accordance with section 32.

1979, c. 63, s. 35.

**36.** A worker is entitled, for the first five working days of his work stoppage, to be remunerated at his regular wage rate and to also receive from his employer, where section 42.11 or 1019.4 of the Taxation Act (chapter I-3) applies to the worker, remuneration equal to the aggregate of the tips that could reasonably be considered to be attributable to those days and that the worker would have reported to his employer under that section 1019.4 or that his employer would have attributed to him under that section 42.11.

At the end of that period, the worker is entitled to the income replacement indemnity to which he would be entitled under the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases (chapter A-3.001) if he then became unable to carry on his employment by reason of an employment injury within the meaning of that Act.

To decide a case under this section, the Commission shall apply the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases to the extent that it is consistent with this Act; its decision may be the object of an application for review and contestation before the Administrative Labour Tribunal in accordance with this Act.

1979, c. 63, s. 36; 1985, c. 6, s. 524; 1997, c. 85, s. 412; 1997, c. 27, s. 36; 2015, c. 15, s. 237.

**37.** If a worker believes he is not reasonably capable of performing duties to which he is re-assigned by the employer, he may request the health and safety committee or, failing such a committee, the health and safety representative and the employer to examine and decide the question in conjunction with a physician in charge of occupational health, or if there is no such physician, the public health director of the region where the establishment is situated.

If there is no safety committee or health and safety representative, the worker may send his request directly to the Commission.

The Commission shall render its decision within 20 days of the request and the decision has effect immediately notwithstanding any application for review.

1979, c. 63, s. 37; 1985, c. 6, s. 525; 1992, c. 21, s. 302; 2021, c. 27, s. 132.

**37.1.** If a person believes he has been wronged by a decision rendered under section 37, he may, within 10 days of being notified of the decision, apply for review to the Commission in accordance with sections 358.1 to 358.5 of the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases (chapter A-3.001).

1985, c. 6, s. 525; 1997, c. 27, s. 37.

**37.2.** The Commission shall proceed by preference with an application for review under section 37.1.

The decision made by the Commission on the application has effect immediately, even if it is contested before the Administrative Labour Tribunal.

1985, c. 6, s. 525; 1997, c. 27, s. 38; 2015, c. 15, s. 237.

**37.3.** Any person who believes he has been wronged by a decision made by the Commission following an application under section 37.1, may, within 10 days of being notified of the decision, contest it before the Administrative Labour Tribunal.

Proceedings brought under this section are heard and decided by preference.

1985, c. 6, s. 525; 1992, c. 11, s. 48; 1997, c. 27, s. 39; 2015, c. 15, s. 209.

**38.** The worker re-assigned to other duties retains all the benefits attached to his employment before his re-assignment.

At the end of the period of re-assignment, the employer must return the worker to his regular employment.

The worker continues to receive the social benefits recognized for his workplace, subject to payment of the exigible assessments, part of which is assumed by the employer.

1979, c. 63, s. 38.

**39.** A worker who has stopped working retains all the benefits relating to his employment before his work stoppage, subject to the first and second paragraphs of section 36.

The second and third paragraphs of section 38 apply, with the necessary modifications, to a worker who has stopped working.

A worker retains the benefits contemplated in this section for only one year following the date of the work stoppage, unless his working conditions do not conform to the standards established for the contaminant concerned.

1979, c. 63, s. 39; 1985, c. 6, s. 526.

#### § 4. — *Re-assignment of a pregnant worker*

**40.** A pregnant worker who furnishes to her employer the certificate prescribed by the Commission, which attests that her working conditions may be physically dangerous to her unborn child, or to herself by reason of her pregnancy, may request to be re-assigned to other duties involving no such danger that she is reasonably capable of performing.

1979, c. 63, s. 40; 2021, c. 27, s. 133.

**40.1.** The certificate is issued by the professional providing pregnancy care after he has evaluated, in accordance with protocols developed under section 48.1, that the working conditions of the pregnant worker may be physically dangerous to her unborn child, or to herself by reason of her pregnancy.

If the dangers and the associated working conditions are not identified by a protocol, the professional must, before issuing the certificate, consult with a physician in charge of occupational health or, if there is no such physician, with the public health director of the region in which the establishment is situated, or the person designated by the public health director.

2021, c. 27, s. 134.

**41.** If a requested re-assignment is not made immediately, the pregnant worker may stop working until she is re-assigned or until the date of delivery.

“Delivery” means the natural or the lawfully, medically induced end of a pregnancy by childbirth, whether or not the child is viable.

1979, c. 63, s. 41.

**42.** Sections 36 to 37.3 apply, with the necessary modifications, where a female worker exercises her rights under sections 40 and 41.

1979, c. 63, s. 42; 1985, c. 6, s. 527.

**42.1.** A pregnant worker shall receive no indemnity under sections 40, 41 and 42 from the fourth week preceding the week of the expected date of delivery, as stated in the certificate referred to in section 40, if she is eligible for benefits under the Act respecting parental insurance (chapter A-29.011). The worker is presumed to be eligible for those benefits from that fourth week.

However, the expected date of delivery may be changed if the Commission is informed by the professional providing pregnancy care of a new expected date of delivery, not later than four weeks before the date stated in the certificate mentioned in the first paragraph.

2005, c. 13, s. 91; O.C. 374-2006, s. 1; 2020, c. 6, s. 22; 2021, c. 27, s. 135.

**43.** A worker who exercises her rights under sections 40 and 41 retains all the benefits attached to her regular employment before her re-assignment to other duties or before her work stoppage.

At the end of the worker’s period of re-assignment or work stoppage, the employer must return her to her regular employment and grant her the benefits she would have been entitled to had she remained in her employment.

The worker continues to receive the social benefits recognized for her workplace subject to payment of the exigible assessments, part of which is assumed by the employer.

1979, c. 63, s. 43.

**44.** On receiving an application from a pregnant worker, the Commission may make temporary payments if it is of opinion that it will probably grant the indemnity.

If the Commission concludes that the application should not be granted, the amounts paid as temporary payments are not recoverable.

1979, c. 63, s. 44.

**45.** The cost relating to the payment of the indemnity shall be charged to all the employers.

1979, c. 63, s. 45; 1985, c. 6, s. 528.

**46.** A worker who furnishes to her employer the certificate prescribed by the Commission, which attests that her working conditions involve risks for the child she is breast-feeding may request to be re-assigned to other duties involving no such risks that she is reasonably capable of performing.

Section 40.1 applies, with the necessary modifications, to the issue of the certificate. The professional referred to is the one providing postnatal care.

1979, c. 63, s. 46; 2021, c. 27, s. 136.

**47.** If the requested re-assignment is not made immediately, the worker may stop working until she is re-assigned or the child is weaned.

1979, c. 63, s. 47.

**48.** Sections 36 to 37.3, 43, 44 and 45 apply, with the necessary modifications, where a worker exercises her rights under sections 46 and 47.

1979, c. 63, s. 48; 1985, c. 6, s. 529.

**48.0.1.** An employer may claim from the Commission, within one year after the end of a pregnant or breast-feeding worker's period of re-assignment, a sum corresponding to the difference between the gross income that the worker derives from her regular employment during the period of re-assignment and the gross income she would have derived from the duties to which she was re-assigned had she not received the benefits provided for in this subdivision, up to the amount of the income replacement indemnity the worker would have been entitled to had she not been re-assigned. Where the gross income that the re-assigned worker derives from her regular employment is greater than the income determined on the basis of the Maximum Yearly Insurable Earnings established under section 66 of the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases (chapter A-3.001), the worker's gross income is, for calculation purposes, the income determined on the basis of those maximum earnings.

The Commission shall render its decision based on the following:

(1) where the worker is simultaneously re-assigned with more than one employer, the sum paid by the Commission to all the employers may not exceed the amount of the income replacement indemnity that the worker would have been entitled to had she not been so re-assigned; and

(2) where the worker has received an income replacement indemnity for a work stoppage with another employer simultaneously with a re-assignment with the employer who made the claim, the sum paid to the latter by the Commission, added to that indemnity, may not exceed the income replacement indemnity that the worker would have been entitled to had she ceased to work with all the employers.

2025, c. 28, s. 38.

**48.0.2.** The employer's application is to be sent to the Commission using the form prescribed by the Commission. It is admissible only if the following conditions are met:

(1) the worker was re-assigned by that employer to duties that are performed part-time or to duties giving rise to a gross income that is lower than the gross income derived from her regular employment;

(2) the worker being re-assigned received all the benefits attached to the employment she held before her re-assignment to other duties in accordance with section 43; and

(3) the gross income the worker would have derived from the duties to which she was re-assigned is lower than the income determined on the basis of the Maximum Yearly Insurable Earnings.

2025, c. 28, s. 38.

**48.0.3.** The Commission may recover the sum that an employer received under this subdivision without being entitled to it within three years of the payment of the sums unduly paid or, in a case of bad faith, within three years following the date on which the Commission became aware of it.

2025, c. 28, s. 38.

**48.0.4.** The Commission shall notify the employer of the sum to be repaid by a notice stating the amount and the reasons for the exigibility of the debt as well as the employer's right to apply for a review of the decision and grant the employer 30 days to repay the sum claimed.

2025, c. 28, s. 38.

**48.0.5.** An employer who believes he has been wronged by a decision made under section 48.0.1 or 48.0.4 may, within 30 days of being notified of the decision, apply for a review of the decision by the Commission in accordance with sections 358.1 to 358.5 of the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases (chapter A-3.001).

2025, c. 28, s. 38.

**48.0.6.** An employer who believes he has been wronged by a decision made by the Commission following an application under section 48.0.5 may, within 60 days of being notified of the decision, contest it before the Administrative Labour Tribunal.

2025, c. 28, s. 38.

**48.0.7.** The debt is exigible upon the expiry of the time for filing an application for review under section 48.0.5 or the time for bringing a proceeding under section 48.0.6 or, if the application has been filed or the proceeding brought, on the day of the final decision confirming the decision of the Commission.

2025, c. 28, s. 38.

**48.0.8.** Where the debt becomes exigible in accordance with section 48.0.7, sections 322 to 324 of the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases (chapter A-3.001) apply, with the necessary modifications, to the employer who fails to repay the sum.

2025, c. 28, s. 38.

**48.0.9.** A decision of the Commission made under section 48.0.1 or following an application under section 48.0.5, where it concerns the review of a decision made under section 48.0.1, has effect immediately, despite any application for review or contestation before the Administrative Labour Tribunal.

2025, c. 28, s. 38.

**48.0.10.** The cost relating to the payment of the sums paid to an employer under section 48.0.1 shall be charged to all the employers.

2025, c. 28, s. 38.

**48.1.** The national public health director appointed under the Act respecting the Ministère de la Santé et des Services sociaux (chapter M-19.2) shall develop and update the protocols to identify dangers and the associated working conditions for the purposes of the exercise of the rights provided for in sections 40, 41, 46 and 47 that meet, in particular, the needs the Commission communicates to the national public health director.

For that purpose, the Commission and the national public health director shall enter into an agreement that must, in particular, provide for annual reporting on the work carried out by the latter.

The national public health director may consult any expert or public body while developing and updating protocols.

2021, c. 27, s. 137.

**48.2.** The protocols developed by the national public health director shall be sent to the Commission, which shall post them on its website.

2021, c. 27, s. 137.

## § 5. — *Obligations*

**49.** A worker must

- (1) become familiar with the prevention program or action plan applicable to him;
- (2) take the necessary measures to ensure his health, safety or physical or mental well-being;
- (3) see that he does not endanger the health, safety or physical or mental well-being of other persons at or near his workplace;

- (4) undergo the medical examinations required by this Act and the regulations;
- (5) participate in the identification and elimination of risks of work accidents or occupational diseases at his workplace;
- (6) cooperate with the health and safety committee and, where such is the case, with the job-site committee and with any person responsible for the application of this Act and the regulations.

1979, c. 63, s. 49; 2021, c. 27, s. 138.

**49.1.** A worker must not perform his work if his condition represents a risk to his health, safety or physical or mental well-being or that of other persons at or near the workplace by reason, in particular, of his being impaired by alcohol, drugs, including cannabis, or any similar substance.

On a construction site, the condition of a worker who is impaired by alcohol, drugs, including cannabis, or any similar substance, represents a risk for the purposes of the first paragraph.

2018, c. 19, s. 19; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

## DIVISION II THE EMPLOYER

### § 1. — *General rights*

**50.** Every employer is entitled, in particular, in accordance with this Act and the regulations, to training, information and counselling services in matters of occupational health and safety.

1979, c. 63, s. 50.

### § 2. — *General obligations*

**51.** Every employer must take the necessary measures to protect the health and ensure the safety and physical and mental well-being of his worker. He must, in particular,

- (1) see that the establishments under his authority are so equipped and laid out as to ensure the protection of the worker;
- (2) designate members of his personnel to be responsible for health and safety matters and post their names in a conspicuous place easily accessible to the worker;
- (3) ensure that the organization of the work and the working procedures and techniques do not adversely affect the safety or health of the worker;
- (4) supervise the maintenance of the workplace, provide sanitary installations, drinking water, adequate lighting, ventilation and heating and see that meals are eaten in sanitary quarters at the workplace;
- (5) use methods and techniques intended for the identification, control and elimination of risks to the safety or health of the worker;
- (6) take the fire prevention measures prescribed by regulation;
- (7) supply safety equipment and see that it is kept in good condition;
- (8) see that no contaminant emitted or dangerous substance used adversely affects the health or safety of any person at a workplace;
- (9) give the worker adequate information as to the risks connected with his work and provide him with the appropriate training, assistance or supervision to ensure that he possesses the skill and knowledge required to safely perform the work assigned to him;

(10) post up in a conspicuous place easily accessible to the worker all information transmitted by the Commission, Santé Québec, the Nunavik Regional Board of Health and Social Services or the Cree Board of Health and Social Services of James Bay, as applicable, and a physician in charge of occupational health, and put that information at the disposal of the workers, the health and safety committee and of the certified association;

(11) provide the worker, free of charge, with all the individual protective means and equipment selected by the health and safety committee in accordance with paragraph 4 of section 78 or, as the case may be, the individual or collective protective means and equipment determined by regulation, and require that the worker use these devices and equipment in the course of work;

(12) allow workers to undergo the medical examinations during employment required under this Act and the regulations;

(13) give, to the workers, the health and safety committee, the certified association and the public health director, the list of the dangerous substances used in the establishment and of the contaminants that may be emitted;

(14) cooperate with the health and safety committee, or as the case may be, the job-site committee and with any person responsible for the application of this Act and the regulations and provide them with all necessary information;

(15) put at the disposal of the health and safety committee the equipment, premises and clerical personnel necessary for the carrying out of its functions.

(16) take the measures to ensure the protection of a worker exposed to physical or psychological violence, including spousal, family or sexual violence, in the workplace and take any other measure that may be determined by regulation to prevent or put a stop to sexual violence.

For the purposes of subparagraph 16 of the first paragraph, in a situation of spousal or family violence, the employer is required to take the measures if he knows or ought reasonably to know that the worker is exposed to such violence.

1979, c. 63, s. 51; 1992, c. 21, s. 303; 2005, c. 32, s. 308; 2021, c. 27, s. 139; 2023, c. 34, s. 1255; 2024, c. 4, s. 34.

**51.1.** A person who, although not an employer, retains the services of a worker for the purposes of his establishment must fulfill the obligations imposed on an employer by this Act.

2009, c. 19, s. 17.

**51.1.1.** Any clause in a contract or agreement that limits or transfers the obligations that, under this Act, are those of the employer who hires out or lends the services of a worker in his employ or those of the person using those services is without effect.

2021, c. 27, s. 140.

**51.2.** The employer must see to it that a worker does not perform his work if his condition represents a risk to his health, safety or physical or mental well-being or that of other persons at or near the workplace by reason, in particular, of his being impaired by alcohol, drugs, including cannabis, or any similar substance.

On a construction site, the condition of a worker who is impaired by alcohol, drugs, including cannabis, or any similar substance, represents a risk for the purposes of the first paragraph.

2018, c. 19, s. 19; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**52.** Every employer shall draw up and keep up to date a register of the contaminants and dangerous substances, present in the employer's establishment in the cases and on the conditions prescribed by regulation. The content of the register, which may include, among other things, a list of the workers exposed to those contaminants or dangerous substances, and the manner in which the register is to be sent to the Commission, are determined by regulation.

1979, c. 63, s. 52; 2021, c. 27, s. 141; 2025, c. 8, s. 80.

**53.** No employer may have particular work performed

(1) by a worker who has not reached the age determined by regulation to perform such work;

(2) beyond the daily or weekly maximum number of hours fixed by regulation;

(3) by a person who has not undergone the medical examination or does not hold the health certificate prescribed by regulation to perform such work.

1979, c. 63, s. 53.

**54.** In the cases determined by regulation, no employer or owner may undertake the construction of an establishment or alter its installations or equipment unless he has previously transmitted to the Commission the plans and specifications of an architect or engineer attesting to their conformity with the regulations, in accordance with the terms and conditions and within the time prescribed by regulation. A copy of the plans and specifications must be transmitted to the health and safety committee or, if there is no such committee, to the health and safety representative.

1979, c. 63, s. 54; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**55.** When an employer takes possession of an establishment, he must send to the Commission a notice of opening of an establishment within the time and in accordance with the terms and conditions provided by regulation. When he closes an establishment he must, in the same manner, transmit a closing notice.

1979, c. 63, s. 55.

**56.** The owner of a building that is used by at least one employer must see that the necessary measures to protect the health and ensure the safety of workers are taken in those parts of the building not under the authority of an employer.

1979, c. 63, s. 56; 2021, c. 27, s. 142.

**57.** In any establishment or construction site considered remote, within the meaning of the regulations, the employer must maintain the living conditions determined by regulation.

1979, c. 63, s. 57.

### § 3. — *Prevention program*

**58.** Every employer must prepare and implement a prevention program specific to each establishment employing at least 20 workers during the year.

When, during a year, the number of workers in an establishment falls below 20, the employer must maintain the implemented prevention program until 31 December of the following year.

If an establishment employs fewer than 20 workers, the employer must prepare and implement a prevention program in the cases and on the conditions prescribed by regulation.

If the Commission considers it advisable for protecting workers' health or ensuring their safety and physical or mental well-being, it may require an employer to prepare and implement a prevention program within the time determined by the Commission, regardless of the number of workers in the establishment.

For the purpose of determining the number of workers, those whose services are lent or hired out to the employer must be considered.

A prevention program must be prepared, implemented and updated in the manner and within the time prescribed by regulation.

1979, c. 63, s. 58; 2021, c. 27, s. 143.

**58.1.** Despite section 58, an employer who employs workers in more than one establishment where activities of the same nature are carried on may prepare and implement a single prevention program for all or part of the establishments, which must also cover the establishments employing fewer than 20 workers. The employer must ensure beforehand that the functions set out in sections 78 and 90 can be adequately exercised, in particular considering the distance between the establishments concerned. The prevention program must take into account all the activities carried on in the establishments and apply for a period of not less than three years.

Where an employer ceases to implement the prevention program provided for in the first paragraph, he must, as soon as possible, implement a prevention program specific to each establishment in accordance with section 58.

If the Commission considers it advisable for protecting workers' health or ensuring their safety and physical or mental well-being, it may require the employer to prepare and implement, within the time determined by the Commission, a prevention program specific to each establishment it designates.

For the purpose of determining whether the activities carried on in an establishment are of the same nature, the exercise of comparable functions by workers and the related working conditions, in particular, must be taken into consideration. The employer shall take into account the application guide on that subject developed by the Commission and published on its website.

2021, c. 27, s. 143.

**59.** The object of a prevention program is to eliminate, at the source, risks to the health, safety and physical and mental well-being of workers.

Such a program must take into account the occupational health programs referred to in section 107, the regulations applicable to the establishment and, where applicable, the recommendations from the health and safety committee and must set out, in particular,

(1) the identification and analysis of the risks that may affect the health of the establishment's workers, including the chemical, biological, physical, ergonomic and psychosocial risks related to the work, and the risks that may affect the workers' safety, the identification and analysis having to include the risks that may affect in particular the health and safety of workers who are 16 years of age or under;

(2) the measures and priorities for action to eliminate or, failing that, to control the identified risks, giving precedence to the hierarchy of preventive measures established by regulation as well as the scheduling to accomplish the measures and priorities;

(3) the supervision, evaluation, maintenance and follow-up measures to ensure that the identified risks are eliminated or controlled;

(4) the identification of the individual protective means and equipment which are both in compliance with the regulations and best adapted to meet the needs of the establishment's workers;

(5) the occupational health and safety training and information programs;

(6) the pre-employment medical checkups and medical examinations during employment required by regulation;

(7) the establishment and updating of a list of the dangerous substances used in the establishment and the contaminants that may be emitted there; and

(8) the maintaining of an adequate first aid service to respond to emergencies;

(9) the policy to prevent and manage situations of psychological harassment referred to in section 81.19 of the Act respecting labour standards.

For the purposes of subparagraph 1 of the second paragraph, psychosocial risks include risks related to sexual violence.

The components contemplated in subparagraphs 4 and 5 of the second paragraph are determined by the health and safety committee, if any, in accordance with paragraphs 3 and 4 of section 78.

1979, c. 63, s. 59; 2021, c. 27, s. 144; 2023, c. 11, s. 7; 2024, c. 4, s. 35.

**60.** The employer shall send the prevention program and any updating of it to the health and safety committee, if any.

The employer shall also send to the Commission, every three years from the date of implementation of the program, on the form it prescribes, the priorities for action determined as part of his prevention program, the progress made with respect to the measures set out, and the follow-up on the measures that he has implemented to eliminate and control the risks identified for those priorities.

1979, c. 63, s. 60; 1985, c. 6, s. 530; 2021, c. 27, s. 145.

**61.** The Commission may, within the time it determines, order an employer to send it a prevention program or to amend the content of the program, in particular to bring it into conformity with the components of the occupational health programs the Commission prepares under section 107 that apply to the establishment of that employer.

The employer shall send the amended prevention program to the health and safety committee, the certified association and the health and safety representative.

1979, c. 63, s. 61; 2021, c. 27, s. 146.

§ 3.1. — *Action plan*

**61.1.** Where there is no requirement to prepare or implement a prevention program for an establishment, the employer must prepare and implement an action plan specific to that establishment.

An action plan must be prepared, implemented and updated in the manner and within the time prescribed by regulation.

2021, c. 27, s. 147.

**61.2.** The object of an action plan is to eliminate, at the source, dangers to the health, safety and physical and mental well-being of workers.

Such an action plan must take into account the occupational health programs referred to in section 107 and the regulations applicable to the establishment and must set out, in particular,

(1) the identification of the risks that may affect the health of the establishment's workers, including the chemical, biological, physical, ergonomic and psychosocial risks related to the work, as well as the risks that may affect the workers' safety, the identification having to include the risks that may affect in particular the health and safety of workers who are 16 years of age or under;

(2) the measures and priorities for action to eliminate or, failing that, to control the identified risks, giving precedence to the hierarchy of preventive measures established by regulation as well as the scheduling to accomplish the measures and priorities;

(3) the supervision and maintenance measures to ensure that the identified risks are eliminated or controlled;

(4) the identification of the individual protective means and equipment that, in addition to being in compliance with the regulations, are those best adapted to meet the needs of the establishment's workers; and

(5) the occupational health and safety training and information;

(6) the policy to prevent and manage situations of psychological harassment referred to in section 81.19 of the Act respecting labour standards.

For the purposes of subparagraph 1 of the second paragraph, psychosocial risks include risks related to sexual violence.

The employer is required to include health components in his action plan only if there is an occupational health program referred to in section 107 applicable to his establishment.

2021, c. 27, s. 147; 2023, c. 11, s. 8; 2024, c. 4, s. 36.

§ 4. — *Accidents*

**62.** Every employer must inform the Commission of an incident, by the most rapid means of communication, and, within 24 hours, make a written report to it, in the form and with the information prescribed by regulation, if the incident has caused

- (1) the death of a worker;
- (2) the loss of a limb or of part of a limb, the total or partial loss of the use of a limb or a significant physical trauma to a worker;
- (3) such serious injuries to two or more workers as probably to prevent them from performing their work for one working day; or
- (4) material damage valued at \$150,000 or more.

The employer shall also inform the health and safety committee and the health and safety representative.

The scene of the incident must remain unchanged until it has been investigated by the inspector, except to prevent an aggravation of its consequences, or unless the inspector authorizes a change.

Copy of the employer's report must be transmitted without delay to the health and safety committee, the health and safety representative and the certified association.

1979, c. 63, s. 62; 1985, c. 6, s. 531; 2009, c. 19, s. 18; 2021, c. 27, s. 148 and 233.

**62.0.1.** The amount set out in subparagraph 4 of the first paragraph of section 62 in relation to material damage is revalorized on 1 January each year using the method described in sections 119 to 123 of the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases (chapter A-3.001).

2009, c. 19, s. 19.

§ 5. — *Information in respect of hazardous products*

1988, c. 61, s. 2; 2015, c. 13, s. 2.

**62.1.** Except in the cases provided for by regulation, no employer may allow a hazardous product to be used, handled or stored in a workplace unless the product has a label and a safety data sheet that comply with this subdivision and the regulations under it and unless a worker who is exposed or likely to be exposed to the product has received the training and information required to safely carry out the work entrusted to him.

An employer may, however, store a hazardous product that does not have such a label or safety data sheet in a workplace or allow it to be handled for storage purposes under conditions prescribed by regulation, if he takes, without delay, the steps necessary to ensure that the product has such a label and safety data sheet and if the worker is given, as soon as possible, the training and information regarding handling and storage that is included in the program required under section 62.5.

Despite sections 10 and 11, the training obligation provided for in this section does not apply to the persons described in paragraph 2 of the definition of "worker" in section 1.

1988, c. 61, s. 2; 2015, c. 13, s. 3.

**62.2.** An employer who manufactures a hazardous product must, in the cases provided for by regulation, label it or identify it by means of a sign, as the case may be, and prepare a safety data sheet for it.

The label, sign and safety data sheet must comply with the standards determined by regulation.

1988, c. 61, s. 2; 2015, c. 13, s. 3.

**62.3.** *(Replaced).*

1988, c. 61, s. 2; 2015, c. 13, s. 3.

**62.4.** The label, sign and safety data sheet concerning a hazardous product must be in French. The French text may be accompanied with one or more translations; the text of such a translation must not prevail over the French text or be accessible on more favourable terms.

1988, c. 61, s. 2; 2015, c. 13, s. 4; 2021, c. 27, s. 149; 2022, c. 14, s. 162.

**62.5.** An employer must, in addition to his obligations under section 51, implement a training and information program with respect to hazardous products, the minimum content of which is prescribed by regulation.

An employer must also ensure that the training and information received by a worker, during the periods and in the cases prescribed by regulation, allow the worker to develop the skills required to safely carry out the work entrusted to him.

The training and information program shall be established by the health and safety committee. The procedure set out in section 79 shall apply in cases of disagreement within the committee.

Where there is no health and safety committee, the training and information program shall be established by the employer in consultation with the certified association or, where there is no certified association, with the workers or their representative, as the case may be, within the establishment.

The program must be updated in the manner prescribed by regulation.

The program shall be incorporated into any compulsory prevention program implemented in the establishment.

1988, c. 61, s. 2; 2015, c. 13, s. 5.

**62.6.** Subject to the cases provided for by regulation, an employer must, in respect of every hazardous product present in a workplace,

(1) transmit a copy of the safety data sheet concerning the controlled product to the health and safety committee, the health and safety representative or, where there is no health and safety committee or health and safety representative, to the certified association or, where there is no certified association, to the representative of the workers within the establishment;

(2) keep and make readily available to every worker, in the workplace, the safety data sheet concerning the controlled product, in accordance with the regulations;

(3) subject to section 62.7, disclose, on request, to any interested worker of the establishment, to the health and safety committee or to the health and safety representative or, where there is no health and safety committee or health and safety representative, to the certified association or, where there is no certified association, to the representative of the workers within the establishment, the sources of information in his possession relating to any toxicological data used in preparing the safety data sheet.

For the purposes of subparagraph 2 of the first paragraph, an employer must consult the health and safety committee or, in the absence of such a committee, the certified association or, if there is no certified association, the workers or their representative, as the case may be, on the best way to make safety data sheets available in the workplace.

1988, c. 61, s. 2; 2015, c. 13, s. 6; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**62.7.** An employer who is required to disclose information the employer considers confidential on a label or safety data sheet may apply for an exemption from that obligation in respect of the information prescribed by regulation.

1988, c. 61, s. 2; 2015, c. 13, s. 7.

**62.8.** An application for exemption shall be filed in the form and manner prescribed by regulation. It must contain the prescribed information and be accompanied with the prescribed documents and fees.

1988, c. 61, s. 2.

**62.9.** An employer who files an application for exemption is not required to disclose the information forming the object of his application, until a final decision is rendered.

1988, c. 61, s. 2.

**62.10.** The Government shall, by order, designate the body having exclusive jurisdiction to examine and grant or dismiss an application for exemption.

1988, c. 61, s. 2.

**62.11.** The designated body shall examine every application for exemption in accordance with the procedure prescribed by regulation and may require, within the period it determines, any additional information it considers necessary.

The designated body shall make its decision on the basis of the criteria prescribed by regulation.

1988, c. 61, s. 2.

**62.12.** Where the designated body dismisses all or part of an application for exemption, it shall order the applicant to disclose, within the period and in the form and manner it determines, the information forming the object of the application. The duplicant must comply with the decision of the designated body.

Following a final decision granting an application, the applicant is exempt, for a period of three years, from the obligation to disclose the information forming the object of his application.

1988, c. 61, s. 2.

**62.13.** The employer, a worker of the establishment, a member of the health and safety committee, a health and safety representative, a certified association representing a worker of the establishment or any interested person may, within the period prescribed by regulation, appeal from the decision rendered in respect of an application for exemption.

1988, c. 61, s. 2; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**62.14.** The Government shall, by order, designate the body having exclusive jurisdiction to hear and decide any appeal under section 62.13.

1988, c. 61, s. 2.

**62.15.** Appeals are brought by filing with the appellate body a written application containing a detailed statement of the grounds of the appeal.

Applications shall be filed in the form and manner prescribed by regulation and shall contain the prescribed information and be accompanied with the prescribed documents and fees.

1988, c. 61, s. 2.

**62.16.** The appellate body shall hear and decide every appeal in accordance with the procedure prescribed by regulation.

It shall render its decisions on the basis of the criteria prescribed by regulation.

1988, c. 61, s. 2.

**62.17.** The appellate body may confirm or quash a decision appealed from, or render any decision which should have been rendered in first instance.

If it considers that information must be disclosed to protect the health and ensure the safety of workers, the appellate body may, in a decision granting an exemption, order that such information be disclosed to a person designated by it. The person to whom such an order is directed must comply within the period and in the manner specified therein.

A person to whom information is disclosed pursuant to the preceding paragraph shall not disclose the information to any other person or allow any other person to have access to the information.

1988, c. 61, s. 2.

**62.18.** No employer may file a second application for exemption in respect of information for which an exemption has been refused.

1988, c. 61, s. 2.

**62.19.** For the purposes of sections 62.10 and 62.14, the Government may, by order, designate a body or agency established for similar purposes by the Parliament of Canada.

Where that is the case, the body or agency shall exercise the powers and duties conferred on it by its constitutive Act in accordance with the rules and in the manner prescribed by that Act, subject to the provisions of a regulation made by the Government under section 223.1. However, the persons mentioned in section 62.13 may appeal from any decision concerning an application for exemption.

1988, c. 61, s. 2.

**62.20.** Notwithstanding sections 62.9 and 62.12, an employer is bound to disclose any information in his possession concerning a hazardous product

- (1) to the Commission, at its request;
- (2) to a physician requesting the information for the purpose of making a medical diagnosis or dispensing medical treatment in a situation that he deems to be an emergency;
- (3) to a nurse requesting the information for the purpose of providing first aid in an emergency.

Every person who obtains information pursuant to this section shall keep such information confidential.

1988, c. 61, s. 2; 2015, c. 13, s. 8.

**62.21.** Section 9 of the Act respecting Access to documents held by public bodies and the Protection of personal information (chapter A-2.1) does not apply in respect of information covered by an exemption obtained under section 62.7.

1988, c. 61, s. 2; 2015, c. 13, s. 9.

### DIVISION III THE SUPPLIER

**63.** No person may manufacture, supply, sell, lease, distribute or instal any product, process, equipment, material, contaminant or dangerous substance unless it is safe and in conformity with the standards prescribed by regulation.

1979, c. 63, s. 63.

**64.** Except for research purposes in a laboratory affected exclusively to such purposes or on a workplace where it is allowed by the Commission, no person may manufacture, supply, sell, lease, distribute or instal any contaminant or dangerous substance other than those comprised on the list drawn up under paragraph 3 of section 223 unless prior notice of it has been given to the Commission in accordance with the regulations.

The notice must include the information prescribed by regulation for each biological or chemical agent and each combination of them.

1979, c. 63, s. 64.

**65.** The inspector may obtain an expert opinion on any product, process, equipment, material, contaminant or dangerous substance in order to determine the risks to the health and safety of a worker. The cost of that expert opinion may be claimed from one or more manufacturers, suppliers or users, and they must pay it.

1979, c. 63, s. 65.

**66.** Where the Commission is of opinion that a product, process, equipment, material, contaminant or dangerous substance may endanger the health or safety of a worker, it may order the manufacture, supplying or utilization of it, or any activity that might cause the emission of the contaminant, prohibited or restricted on such conditions as it may determine.

1979, c. 63, s. 66.

**67.** A supplier must see that any dangerous substance supplied by him is labelled in accordance with the regulations; if there is no regulation, the label must indicate at least the composition of the dangerous substance, the risks attached to its utilization and the measures to be taken in case of emergency. There is no obligation to reveal manufacturing secrets.

1979, c. 63, s. 67.

#### CHAPTER IV HEALTH AND SAFETY COMMITTEES

**68.** A health and safety committee must be established in any establishment employing at least 20 workers during the year.

When, during a year, the number of workers in an establishment falls below 20, the health and safety committee must be maintained until 31 December of the following year.

The Commission may, if it considers it advisable for protecting workers' health or ensuring their safety and physical or mental well-being, require the establishment of a health and safety committee, regardless of the number of workers in the establishment.

For the purpose of determining the number of workers, those whose services are lent or hired out to the employer must be considered.

The obligation to establish a health and safety committee does not apply in the case of an establishment employing at least 20 workers for fewer than 21 days during the year.

1979, c. 63, s. 68; 2021, c. 27, s. 150.

**68.1.** Where an employer implements a prevention program in accordance with section 58.1, a health and safety committee acting for all the establishments covered by the prevention program must be established in place of the health and safety committees provided for in the first paragraph of section 68.

The provisions of this chapter that are applicable to a committee established in a single establishment apply, with the necessary modifications, to a committee established under the first paragraph.

Where the employer ceases to implement the prevention program provided for in section 58.1, one health and safety committee per establishment referred to in the first paragraph of section 68 must be established without delay.

2021, c. 27, s. 150.

**68.2.** The employer and the workers of each establishment referred to in the first paragraph of section 68.1 may agree to establish health and safety committees in addition to the health and safety committee established for all the establishments.

The workers' consent to that agreement is given by the certified associations that represent them and by the workers not represented by a certified association, in the manner determined between them.

The Commission may, if it considers it advisable for protecting workers' health or ensuring their safety and physical or mental well-being, require that additional health and safety committees be established for the establishments it designates.

The provisions of this chapter applicable to a health and safety committee established under section 68 apply to the additional health and safety committees, with the necessary modifications.

The prevention program prepared under section 58.1 must take into account the responsibilities of each additional health and safety committee.

2021, c. 27, s. 150.

**69.** A health and safety committee may be established in an establishment other than one of those referred to in sections 68 and 68.1.

This chapter does not apply to such a committee, which establishes its own rules.

1979, c. 63, s. 69; 2021, c. 27, s. 150.

**70.** The number of workers' representatives on a health and safety committee is determined by agreement between the employer and the establishment's workers. If there is no agreement, that number is the one established in the cases and on the conditions prescribed by regulation.

The workers' consent to such an agreement is given by the certified associations that represent them and by the workers not represented by a certified association, in the manner determined between them.

The employer shall designate at least one member on the committee and he may designate as many members as there are workers' representatives on the committee.

1979, c. 63, s. 70; 2021, c. 27, s. 150.

**71.** At least one-half of the members of a committee, including the health and safety representative, shall represent the workers and be designated in accordance with section 72.

The other members of the committee shall be designated by the employer.

1979, c. 63, s. 71; 2021, c. 27, s. 151.

**72.** The workers' representatives on a committee shall be designated from among the workers of the establishment.

They shall be designated by the certified association where it represents all the workers of the establishment.

Where two or more certified associations represent all the workers of the establishment, they may, by agreement, designate the workers' representatives. If they do not agree, the designation of the representatives is determined in accordance with the terms and conditions prescribed by regulation.

In other cases, the designation of representatives is determined in accordance with the terms and conditions prescribed by regulation.

1979, c. 63, s. 72; 2021, c. 27, s. 152.

**73.** The workers' representatives as a whole and the employer's representatives as a whole are entitled to only one vote, respectively, on a committee.

1979, c. 63, s. 73.

**74.** The health and safety committee's rules of operation, including the minimum frequency of meetings, are determined by agreement between its members.

Until an agreement is entered into concerning the minimum frequency of meetings, the committee shall hold one meeting every three months, subject to a greater frequency determined in the cases and on the conditions prescribed by regulation.

If there is no agreement, the minimum rules of operation apply, in the cases and on the conditions prescribed by regulation.

1979, c. 63, s. 74; 2021, c. 27, s. 153.

**74.1.** The health and safety committee's meetings are held during regular working hours, subject to an agreement between its members.

2021, c. 27, s. 153.

**75.** An expert may participate, by invitation and without the right to vote, in the health and safety committee's meetings.

1979, c. 63, s. 75; 2021, c. 27, s. 153.

**76.** Workers' representatives are deemed to be at work when they are participating in the meetings and work of the committee.

1979, c. 63, s. 76.

**77.** Workers' representatives must notify their supervisor, or the employer or his agent, when they take time off work to participate in the meetings and work of the committee.

1979, c. 63, s. 77.

**78.** The functions of a health and safety committee are

- (1) *(paragraph repealed)*;
- (2) *(paragraph repealed)*;
- (3) to determine, within the prevention program, training and information programs in matters of occupational health and safety;
- (4) to select the individual protective means and equipment which, while complying with the regulations, are best adapted to the needs of the workers of the establishment;
- (5) to take cognizance of the other components of the prevention program, to cooperate in its preparation, updating and follow-up and to make recommendations to the employer;
- (5.1) to make recommendations to the employer as to whether or not to request the cooperation of an occupational health provider in the preparation of the health components of the employer's prevention program;
- (6) to participate in the identification and analysis of risks that may affect the health and safety of the establishment's workers, including risks that may affect in particular workers who are 16 years of age or under and in the identification of the contaminants and dangerous substances present in the workplace;
- (7) to keep registers of work accidents, occupational diseases and incidents that could have caused them;
- (8) to entrust specific mandates, specifying the time necessary to carry them out, to committee members, in particular to the health and safety representative so that the latter exercises functions in addition to those set out in section 90;
- (9) to receive copy of notices of accident and to inquire into incidents that have caused or could have caused a work accident or an occupational disease and to submit the appropriate recommendations to the employer and the Commission;

(10) to receive suggestions and complaints from the workers, the certified association and the employer relating to occupational health and safety, and to examine, record, and answer these suggestions and complaints;

(10.1) to receive and take into consideration the health and safety representative's recommendations;

(11) to receive and study the reports of inspections made concerning the establishment;

(12) to receive and study the statistical data or any other data produced by the Commission or by any other body;

(13) to carry out any other task the employer and the workers or their certified association entrust to it under an agreement.

Within the scope of the functions it exercises under subparagraph 5 of the first paragraph, the committee may consult an occupational health provider.

1979, c. 63, s. 78; 1992, c. 21, s. 304; 2005, c. 32, s. 308; 2021, c. 27, s. 154; 2023, c. 11, s. 9.

**78.1.** Members of the health and safety committee must, within the time prescribed by regulation, participate in training programs whose content and duration are determined by regulation.

They may, without loss of pay, take time off as necessary to participate in such programs.

Registration, travel and accommodation expenses are borne by the Commission, in accordance with the regulations.  
2021, c. 27, s. 155.

**79.** If a health and safety committee fails to reach an agreement on decisions it must make in accordance with paragraphs 3 and 4 of section 78, the workers' representatives shall present their recommendations in writing to the employers' representatives, who must reply in writing, explaining the points of disagreement.

If the dispute continues, it may be submitted by any of the parties to the Commission, whose decision is executory.  
1979, c. 63, s. 79; 2021, c. 27, s. 156.

**80.** The employer must post up the names of the members of the health and safety committee in as many conspicuous places in the establishment, easily accessible to the workers, as are reasonably necessary for their information.

1979, c. 63, s. 80.

**81.** No employer may dismiss, suspend or transfer a worker, practise discrimination or take reprisals against him or impose any other penalty on him on the ground that the worker is a member of a health and safety committee.

However, the employer may dismiss, suspend or transfer a worker or impose any other penalty on him if he abused his function on a health and safety committee.

1979, c. 63, s. 81; 1985, c. 6, s. 532.

**82.** In an establishment contemplated in section 68, the employer and the certified association or certified associations may agree on the establishment of two or more health and safety committees and the number of members of each committee.

The health and safety committees and their members have the same rights and shall exercise the same functions as the members of the committees established under section 68.

Workers' representatives on the health and safety committees shall be designated by the certified association or, if there is more than one certified association, according to the procedure agreed on by them.

1979, c. 63, s. 82; 2021, c. 27, s. 157.

**83.** The workers' representatives on each health and safety committee shall designate the workers' representatives on the health and safety committee established for the whole establishment. The latter committee shall exercise the functions entrusted to it by the other health and safety committees of the establishment.

The prevention program prepared under section 58 must take into account the responsibilities of each health and safety committee established under the first paragraph of section 82.

1979, c. 63, s. 83; 2021, c. 27, s. 158.

**84.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 84; 2021, c. 27, s. 159.

**85.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 85; 2021, c. 27, s. 159.

**86.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 86; 2021, c. 27, s. 159.

## CHAPTER V

### HEALTH AND SAFETY REPRESENTATIVE AND HEALTH AND SAFETY LIAISON OFFICER

2021, c. 27, s. 160.

#### DIVISION I

##### HEALTH AND SAFETY REPRESENTATIVE

2021, c. 27, s. 160.

**87.** Where a health and safety committee exists in an establishment, at least one health and safety representative must be designated from among the establishment's workers.

The health and safety representative is, by virtue of office, a member of the health and safety committee.

1979, c. 63, s. 87; 2021, c. 27, s. 161.

**87.1.** Despite the first paragraph of section 87, where a health and safety committee acting for the establishments covered by a prevention program is established under section 68.1, at least one health and safety representative shall be designated for those establishments.

The number of health and safety representatives as well as the designation procedure shall be established by agreement between the employer and the workers of each of those establishments.

The workers' consent to such an agreement is given by the certified associations that represent them and by the workers not represented by a certified association, in the manner determined between them.

If there is no agreement, a health and safety representative shall be designated, for the establishments covered by a prevention program, by the members representing the workers on the health and safety committee established under section 68.1 and shall be chosen from among those members.

Despite the second and fourth paragraphs, the Commission may require a health and safety representative to be designated in an establishment where the Commission considers it advisable for protecting workers' health or ensuring their safety and physical or mental well-being.

The provisions of this chapter that are applicable to a health and safety representative designated for a single establishment apply, with the necessary modifications, to a health and safety representative designated under this section.

Where the employer ceases to implement the prevention program provided for in section 58.1, at least one health and safety representative per establishment must be designated without delay in accordance with sections 87 and 88.

2021, c. 27, s. 161.

**88.** If an establishment, except an establishment covered by a prevention program under section 58.1, employs fewer than 20 workers during the year, at least one health and safety representative must be designated from among the establishment's workers in the cases and on the conditions prescribed by regulation.

For the purpose of determining the number of workers, those whose services are lent or hired out to the employer must be considered.

1979, c. 63, s. 88; 2021, c. 27, s. 161.

**88.1.** If the Commission considers it advisable for protecting workers' health or ensuring their safety and physical or mental well-being, it may require that a health and safety representative be designated in an establishment where there is no health and safety committee.

The provisions of this chapter apply to such a representative.

2021, c. 27, s. 161.

**89.** In the case of sections 87, 88 and 88.1, health and safety representatives are designated in the same manner as workers' representatives to the health and safety committee under section 72.

1979, c. 63, s. 89; 2021, c. 27, s. 162.

**90.** The functions of a health and safety representative are

- (1) to inspect workplaces;
- (2) to receive copies of accident notices and investigate incidents that have caused or could have caused an accident;
- (3) to identify situations that may be a source of danger to workers, including situations specific to workers 16 years of age or under;
- (4) to make such recommendations to the health and safety committee as he deems appropriate, including recommendations concerning the psychosocial risks related to the work and recommendations concerning tasks that should not be performed by workers 16 years of age or under, or, if there is no such committee, to the workers or their certified association and the employer;
- (5) to assist workers in the exercise of their rights under this Act and the regulations;
- (6) to accompany the inspector on visits of inspection;
- (7) to intervene in the cases where a worker exercises his right of refusal;
- (8) to submit complaints to the Commission;
- (9) to cooperate in the preparation and implementation of the prevention program or action plan that must be prepared and implemented by the employer by presenting recommendations in writing to the employer, and to participate in the identification and analysis of risks that may affect the health and safety of the establishment's workers and in the identification of the contaminants and dangerous substances present in the workplace.

Where a health and safety committee exists in an establishment, the health and safety representative must inform it of the result of any investigation conducted under subparagraph 2 of the first paragraph and communicate to it the elements resulting from the identification and analysis the representative participated in under subparagraph 9 of that paragraph.

1979, c. 63, s. 90; 1985, c. 6, s. 533; 2021, c. 27, s. 163; 2023, c. 11, s. 10.

**91.** A health and safety representative must, within the time prescribed by regulation, participate in training programs whose content and duration are determined by regulation.

The health and safety representative may, without loss of pay, take time off as necessary to participate in such programs.

Registration, travel and accommodation expenses are borne by the Commission, in accordance with the regulations.

1979, c. 63, s. 91; 2021, c. 27, s. 164.

**92.** A health and safety representative may take time off work as necessary to exercise the functions contemplated in paragraphs 2, 6 and 7 of the first paragraph of section 90.

The amount of time the health and safety representative may devote to the exercise of his other functions is determined by agreement between the members of the health and safety committee of the establishment. If there is no agreement, the minimum time, in the cases and on the conditions prescribed by regulation, applies. Such a regulation must provide for a variation in the minimum time according to the number of workers in the establishment, including those whose services are lent or hired out to the employer. However, in the case of an educational institution, that number excludes the students undergoing, under the institution's responsibility, a job shadowing or work training period with another employer.

In the case of a health and safety representative designated under section 88 or 88.1, the agreement referred to in the second paragraph is entered into between the representative and his employer.

1979, c. 63, s. 92; 2021, c. 27, s. 165; 2025, c. 28, s. 39.

**93.** A health and safety representative must notify his supervisor, his employer or his employer's agent, when he takes time off work to exercise his functions.

1979, c. 63, s. 93; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**94.** The employer must cooperate with the health and safety representative, provide him with the instruments or apparatus he may reasonably need and allow him to perform his functions.

1979, c. 63, s. 94; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**95.** (*Repealed*).

1979, c. 63, s. 95; 2021, c. 27, s. 166.

**96.** A health and safety representative is deemed to be at work when exercising his functions.

1979, c. 63, s. 96; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**97.** No employer may dismiss, suspend or transfer a health and safety representative, practise discrimination or take reprisals against him or impose any other penalty on him on the ground that he performed the functions of a health and safety representative.

However, the employer may dismiss, suspend or transfer the health and safety representative or impose any other penalty on him if he abused his functions.

1979, c. 63, s. 97; 1985, c. 6, s. 534; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

## DIVISION II HEALTH AND SAFETY LIAISON OFFICER

**97.1.** Where there is no requirement to designate a health and safety representative for an establishment, the certified associations that represent the workers and the workers not represented by a certified association shall designate a health and safety liaison officer, in accordance with the mode of appointment they determine together.

2021, c. 27, s. 167.

**97.2.** The function of a health and safety liaison officer is to cooperate with the employer to facilitate the communication of health and safety information between the employer and the workers of the establishment.

A further function of the health and safety liaison officer is to submit complaints to the Commission.

2021, c. 27, s. 167.

**97.3.** The health and safety liaison officer shall cooperate in the preparation and implementation of the prevention program or action plan that must be prepared and implemented by the employer by presenting recommendations in writing to the employer. The officer may also make recommendations in writing regarding the identification of risks in the work environment, including risks that may affect in particular the health and safety of workers who are 16 years of age or under, and recommendations on tasks that should not be performed by those workers. The employer is required to reply to a recommendation within 30 days.

If, at the expiry of that period, the employer has not followed up on a recommendation of the health and safety liaison officer, the latter may submit a complaint to the Commission.

2021, c. 27, s. 167; 2023, c. 11, s. 11.

**97.4.** Sections 93, 94, 96 and 97 apply to the health and safety liaison officer and to his employer, with the necessary modifications.

The health and safety liaison officer may take time off work as necessary to exercise his functions.

2021, c. 27, s. 167.

**97.5.** The health and safety liaison officer must, in the year after his designation, participate in a training program whose content and duration are determined by the Commission.

He may, without loss of pay, take time off as necessary to participate in such a program.

Registration, travel and accommodation expenses are borne by the Commission, in accordance with the regulations.

2021, c. 27, s. 167.

## CHAPTER VI SECTOR-BASED ASSOCIATIONS

**98.** One or more employers' associations and one or more union associations may enter into an agreement establishing a joint sector-based association on occupational health and safety to cover one or more sectors of activities to which they belong.

The agreement must contain all the components prescribed by regulation and comes into force on the approval of the Commission.

Failing an agreement, one or more employers' representatives and one or more workers' representatives may enter into an agreement to cover one or more sectors of activities to which they belong.

A sector of activities may not be covered by more than one joint sector-based association.

A sector-based association shall be administered by a joint board of directors composed of members who belong to each of the sectors of activities that the association covers.

1979, c. 63, s. 98; 2021, c. 27, s. 168.

**98.1.** A sector-based association may enter into an agreement with one or more sector-based associations with a view to exchanging training and services.

2021, c. 27, s. 168.

**98.2.** The sector-based associations are required to prepare a program of activities that complies with the priorities communicated to them by the Commission. They must also take into account the prevention objectives of this Act and the specific needs of each of the sectors of activities they cover.

2021, c. 27, s. 168.

**99.** The representative associations within the meaning of the Act respecting labour relations, vocational training and workforce management in the construction industry (chapter R-20) and the Association des entrepreneurs en construction du Québec shall enter into an agreement establishing the joint sector-based construction association.

The joint sector-based construction association must be administered by a board of directors composed, in equal numbers, of representatives of the Association des entrepreneurs en construction du Québec and representatives of the representative associations.

The agreement must contain all the components prescribed by regulation, particularly a procedure for the settlement of disagreements. The agreement comes into force on the approval of the Commission.

Failing an agreement under the first paragraph, the Commission shall establish the terms and conditions and determine the composition of the joint sector-based construction association.

1979, c. 63, s. 99; 1986, c. 89, s. 50; 2007, c. 3, s. 72.

**99.1.** A sector-based association is a legal person.

1985, c. 6, s. 535; 1999, c. 40, s. 261.

**100.** The Commission shall grant an annual subsidy to every sector-based association, on the conditions and criteria determined by regulation.

The Commission may at any time require the necessary information from a sector-based association on the use made of the amounts granted.

Furthermore, the Commission shall furnish technical assistance, on such conditions and in such manner as it may determine.

1979, c. 63, s. 100.

**100.1.** Where a sector-based association fails in its obligations, the Commission may revoke approval of the agreement referred to in section 98 or reduce the amount of the subsidy provided for in section 100.

2021, c. 27, s. 169.

**101.** The object of a sector-based association is to provide training, information, research and counselling services to employers and workers in the sector of activities which it represents.

It may, in particular,

- (1) assist in the formation and operation of health and safety committees and job-site committees;
- (2) prepare and implement training and information programs for health and safety committees, job-site committees, health and safety representatives and health and safety coordinators;
  - (2.1) cooperate in the preparation and implementation of prevention programs or action plans referred to in this Act to which its member establishments are subject;
- (3) make recommendations relating to occupational health and safety standards and regulations;
- (4) cooperate with the Commission and the public health directors in the preparation of records or studies on the health of workers and on the risks to which they are exposed;
  - (4.1) cooperate with the Commission in working committees on matters related to preventing employment injuries;
- (5) prepare specific prevention guides for the activities of establishments;
- (6) give its opinion on the qualifications required of inspectors;

- (7) adopt by-laws its internal management;
- (8) acquire or lease property and the necessary equipment;
- (9) make arrangements with private or public bodies for the use or exchange of premises, equipment or services;
- (10) from among the members of its board of directors or by calling upon other persons, form such committees as it considers necessary for the pursuit of its objects and the conduct of its affairs, and define their functions;
- (11) hire the necessary administrative and skilled personnel for the pursuit of its objects.

1979, c. 63, s. 101; 1992, c. 21, s. 305; 1999, c. 40, s. 261; 2021, c. 27, s. 170.

**102.** A sector-based association shall send to the Commission the information required by the latter and an annual report of activities, in accordance with the regulations.

1979, c. 63, s. 102.

**103.** A sector-based association has no right of intervention or consultation at the level of labour relations.

It has no power to levy assessments.

1979, c. 63, s. 103.

## CHAPTER VII UNION ASSOCIATIONS AND EMPLOYERS' ASSOCIATIONS

**104.** The Commission may grant a subsidy to a union association or to an employers' association every year, for the training and information of its members in the fields of occupational health and safety.

1979, c. 63, s. 104.

**105.** The Commission may, in addition, grant a subsidy to a union association or to an employers' association to allow it to participate in the establishment and operation of a sector-based association or in the work of the Commission.

1979, c. 63, s. 105.

**106.** The Commission may at any time require information from a union association or an employers' association on the use made of the amounts granted.

1979, c. 63, s. 106.

## CHAPTER VIII OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH

### DIVISION I HEALTH PROGRAMS, SPECIFICATIONS AND FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT

2021, c. 27, s. 171.

**107.** In cooperation with the Minister of Health and Social Services, the Commission shall prepare occupational health programs and determine the occupational health priorities and the territories or the establishments or categories of establishments to which they apply.

The occupational health programs shall be evaluated and updated regularly by the Commission in cooperation with the Minister of Health and Social Services.

1979, c. 63, s. 107; 1985, c. 23, s. 24; 1992, c. 21, s. 306; 2005, c. 32, s. 308; 2021, c. 27, s. 172.

**107.1.** The objects of the occupational health programs are, in particular,

- (1) to identify the risks that may alter the health of workers and the possible impacts on the latter;

(2) to propose methods and techniques to identify, control or eliminate those risks; and

(3) to specify the services offered by occupational health providers and the public health director to support employers in the preparation of the health components of their prevention program or action plan.

2021, c. 27, s. 172.

**107.2.** The Commission shall publish the occupational health programs on its website.

2021, c. 27, s. 172.

**108.** In cooperation with the Minister of Health and Social Services, the Commission shall prepare specifications intended for Santé Québec, the Nunavik Regional Board of Health and Social Services and the Cree Board of Health and Social Services of James Bay that specify the expectations and requirements regarding occupational health, in particular as concerns the implementation of the occupational health programs in their respective territories and, in the case of Santé Québec, in each health region in its territory.

For the purposes of this Act, the territory referred to in Part IV.3 of the Act respecting health services and social services for the Inuit and Naskapi (chapter S-4.2) is considered to be part of the health region with which it is contiguous.

1979, c. 63, s. 108; 2021, c. 27, s. 172; 2023, c. 34, s. 1256.

**109.** For the purpose of implementing the occupational health programs and taking into account the specifications, the Commission and the Minister of Health and Social Services shall enter into a management and accountability framework agreement stipulating the minimum content of the contracts to be entered into between the Commission and Santé Québec, the Nunavik Regional Board of Health and Social Services or the Cree Board of Health and Social Services of James Bay, as applicable.

The agreement must, in particular, stipulate the rules applicable to the management of contracts and to the reporting that must be carried out. In the case of the contract entered into with Santé Québec, the reporting must be done separately for each of the health regions in Santé Québec's territory.

1979, c. 63, s. 109; 1992, c. 21, s. 307; 2005, c. 32, s. 308; 2021, c. 27, s. 172; 2023, c. 34, s. 1257.

**109.1.** In accordance with the specifications and for the purpose of providing the services necessary to implement the occupational health programs, Santé Québec, the Nunavik Regional Board of Health and Social Services and the Cree Board of Health and Social Services of James Bay must develop a service offer describing the means they intend to use and the cost of the services they undertake to deploy. Santé Québec's service offer must be developed specifically for each health region in its territory.

2021, c. 27, s. 172; 2023, c. 34, s. 1258.

**109.2.** The Commission shall enter into a contract with Santé Québec, the Nunavik Regional Board of Health and Social Services and the Cree Board of Health and Social Services of James Bay under which, in accordance with the specifications, they undertake to provide the necessary services, in particular the services for implementing the occupational health programs prepared by the Commission in the territory they serve or the services necessary for the establishments or categories of establishments located in the territory.

In addition to the components stipulated in the management and accountability framework agreement, the contract must contain the service offer developed in accordance with section 109.1.

The contract shall be filed by Santé Québec, the Nunavik Regional Board of Health and Social Services or the Cree Board of Health and Social Services of James Bay, as applicable, with the Minister of Health and Social Services.

2021, c. 27, s. 172; 2023, c. 34, s. 1259.

**110.** Every year, the Commission shall establish a budget for the application of this chapter. It shall allot part of the budget to Santé Québec, to the Nunavik Regional Board of Health and Social Services and to the Cree Board of Health and Social Services of James Bay in accordance with the contract entered into with each of them.

The budget allotted to Santé Québec shall be divided between each of the health regions in its territory based on the specifications and the service offer developed in accordance with sections 108 and 109.1.

Santé Québec, the Nunavik Regional Board of Health and Social Services and the Cree Board of Health and Social Services of James Bay shall ensure that the budget allotted to them is used exclusively to remunerate the professional, technical and clerical staff who provide the services specified in the contract entered into pursuant to section 109.2, with the exception of health professionals within the meaning of the Health Insurance Act (chapter A-29), and to cover the costs of the expert services necessary for the execution of the contract and those relating to examinations and analyses and the provision of the premises and equipment required to provide those services, in accordance with the Act to make the health and social services system more effective (2023, chapter 34), the Act respecting health services and social services for the Inuit and Naskapi (chapter S-4.2) or the Act respecting health services and social services for Cree Native persons (chapter S-5), as the case may be.

1979, c. 63, s. 110; 1992, c. 21, s. 308; 1994, c. 23, s. 23; 2005, c. 32, s. 308; 2021, c. 27, s. 173; 2023, c. 34, s. 1260.

**111.** The physician in charge of occupational health and the other health professionals within the meaning of the Health Insurance Act (chapter A-29) who provide services for the purposes of this chapter are remunerated by the Régie de l'assurance maladie du Québec, in accordance with the agreements entered into under section 19 of that Act.

1979, c. 63, s. 111; 1999, c. 89, s. 53; 2021, c. 27, s. 174.

## **DIVISION II** **SPECIFIC HEALTH PROGRAM FOR AN ESTABLISHMENT**

*(Repealed).*

2021, c. 27, s. 175.

**112.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 112; 2021, c. 27, s. 175.

**113.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 113; 1992, c. 21, s. 309; 2015, c. 13, s. 10; 2021, c. 27, s. 175.

**114.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 114; 1992, c. 21, s. 310; 2021, c. 27, s. 175.

**115.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 115; 1992, c. 21, s. 311; 2021, c. 27, s. 175.

**116.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 116; 1992, c. 21, s. 312.

## **DIVISION III** **PUBLIC HEALTH NETWORK FOR OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH**

2021, c. 27, s. 176.

**117.** A physician may be appointed as physician in charge of occupational health if his application to practise his profession for the purposes of this chapter has been accepted, in accordance with the Act to make the health and social services system more effective (2023, chapter 34), the Act respecting health services and social services for the Inuit and Naskapi (chapter S-4.2) or the Act respecting health services and social services for Cree Native persons (chapter S-5), by the president and executive director of a Santé Québec institution designated by Santé Québec's board of directors under the second paragraph of section 214 of the Act to make the health and social services system more effective, the executive director of an institution governed by the Act respecting health services and social services for the Inuit and Naskapi (chapter S-4.2) or the Cree Board of Health and Social Services of James Bay. The physician must be a member of the clinical department of public health of the institution concerned and hold practice privileges in occupational health.

1979, c. 63, s. 117; 1992, c. 21, s. 313; 1994, c. 23, s. 2; 2021, c. 27, s. 177; 2023, c. 34, s. 1261.

**117.1.** The physician in charge of occupational health or any other occupational health provider shall cooperate, at the request of the Minister of Health and Social Services, in the preparation of the occupational health programs referred to in section 107.

He shall also cooperate, at an employer's request or if the Commission or a public health director considers it advisable for protecting workers' health, in the preparation and implementation of the health components of the prevention program described in section 59 or the action plan described in section 61.2. He may retain the services of any other occupational health provider that he considers necessary.

2021, c. 27, s. 178.

**118.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 118; 1992, c. 21, s. 314; 2021, c. 27, s. 179.

**119.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 119; 1992, c. 21, s. 315; 2021, c. 27, s. 179.

**120.** A physician whose application referred to in section 117 has been refused or whose accepted application has not been renewed may, within 60 days of notification of the decision, contest the decision before the Administrative Tribunal of Québec. A physician may also, within 150 days after filing his application and if no decision is transmitted within that time, refer the matter to the Tribunal as in the case of contestation of an unfavourable decision.

1979, c. 63, s. 120; 1992, c. 21, s. 316; 1997, c. 43, s. 669; 2021, c. 27, s. 180.

**121.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 121; 1997, c. 43, s. 670.

**122.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 122; 1992, c. 21, s. 317; 2021, c. 27, s. 181.

**123.** An occupational health provider who, in the performance of his duties, observes the presence of a danger in the health, safety or sanitation conditions that is likely to require a preventive measure must, in compliance with his confidentiality obligations, report it to the Commission, the employer, the workers concerned, the certified association, the health and safety committee and the public health director.

The first paragraph also applies to any person who is not an occupational health provider and who offers occupational health services to an employer.

1979, c. 63, s. 123; 1992, c. 21, s. 318; 2021, c. 27, s. 182.

**124.** The occupational health provider must inform a worker of any situation exposing him to a danger to his health, safety or physical or mental well-being.

An occupational health provider who is a professional within the meaning of the Professional Code (chapter C-26) and who observes a deterioration in a worker's health following a medical supervision measure for prevention and detection must, in keeping with his professional obligations, inform the worker of the deterioration.

1979, c. 63, s. 124; 2021, c. 27, s. 182.

**125.** The occupational health provider shall, on request, send his activity report to the employer, the workers, the certified association and the health and safety committee concerned as well as to the public health director.

1979, c. 63, s. 125; 2021, c. 27, s. 182.

**126.** Where required for the performance of his duties within the scope of the service offer required under section 109.1, the occupational health provider has access at any reasonable time of the day or night to a workplace and he may be accompanied by an expert.

He has access to all the information necessary for the performance of his duties. He may not communicate it or use that information for any other purpose.

He may use a measuring device in a workplace.

1979, c. 63, s. 126; 2021, c. 27, s. 182.

#### **DIVISION IV** **PUBLIC HEALTH DIRECTOR**

1992, c. 21, s. 319.

**127.** The public health director is responsible for the implementation, in the territory of the public health director's health region, of the contract entered into under section 109.2; he shall, in particular,

(1) ensure the cooperation of physicians in charge of occupational health and of any other occupational health provider in the preparation and implementation of the health components of the prevention program set out in section 59 or those of the action plan set out in section 61.2;

(2) cooperate, as the case may be, with the medical and professional services director of the Santé Québec institution or with the committee on the examination of qualifications of the council of physicians, dentists and pharmacists and with the board of directors of the institution governed by the Act respecting health services and social services for the Inuit and Naskapi (chapter S-4.2) or the Act respecting health services and social services for Cree Native persons (chapter S-5), for the examination of applications of physicians who wish to work in the field of occupational medicine, in accordance with this Act, and the regulations thereunder, and the Act that governs the institution concerned and the regulations thereunder;

(3) coordinate utilization of the resources of the territory to provide the examinations, analyses and expert opinions necessary for the carrying out of the health programs and of the health components of the prevention program set out in section 59 or those of the action plan set out in section 61.2;

(3.1) ensure, where a request is made in accordance with section 117.1, that the occupational health providers' services are provided in the employer's establishment or in a facility of a public institution in the region that is governed by the Act to make the health and social services system more effective (2023, chapter 34), the Act respecting health services and social services for the Inuit and Naskapi (chapter S-4.2) or the Act respecting health services and social services for Cree Native persons (chapter S-5), as applicable, or elsewhere if the public health director believes it is necessary because the other premises are not available;

(4) collate data on the workers' state of health and health risks to which they are exposed;

(5) ensure the keeping of a worker's medical record for a period of not less than 20 years after the end of his employment or 40 years after the beginning of his employment, whichever is longer;

(6) carry out epidemiological studies;

(7) *(paragraph repealed)*;

(8) transmit to the Commission statistical data on the workers' state of health and any information the Commission may require in accordance with this Act and the regulations;

(9) visit the establishments in the territory and take cognizance of all the information necessary for the performance of his duties.

1979, c. 63, s. 127; 1984, c. 47, s. 209; 1992, c. 21, s. 320; 1994, c. 23, s. 23; 2005, c. 32, s. 308; 2021, c. 27, s. 183; 2023, c. 34, s. 1262.

**127.1.** The public health director may, if he considers it advisable for protecting workers' health, evaluate the health components of a prevention program described in section 59 or of an action plan described in section 61.2, in particular as regards taking into account the occupational health programs referred to in section 107, and make recommendations to the employer, the Commission and, as the case may be, the health and safety committee.

2021, c. 27, s. 184.

**128.** The public health director or the person designated by him has all the rights contemplated in section 126.

1979, c. 63, s. 128; 1992, c. 21, s. 321.

**129.** Subject to paragraph 5 of section 127, the preservation and confidentiality of a worker's medical record shall be ensured in accordance with the Act respecting health and social services information (chapter R-22.1).

The physician must, on request, communicate a worker's medical record to him or, with his written authorization, to any person designated by the worker.

1979, c. 63, s. 129; 1992, c. 21, s. 322; 1994, c. 23, s. 23; 2023, c. 5, s. 233.

**NOTE:** *The amendments made by 2023, c. 5, s. 233 are in force except as regards to the replacement in the first paragraph, where that paragraph applies to the records of beneficiaries in an institution referred to in the Act respecting health services and social services for Cree Native persons (chapter S-5) and the information they contain; See Order in Council 946-2024 dated 5 June 2024, (2024) 156 G.O. 2, 2123.*

## **DIVISION V** **RECOGNITION OF CERTAIN HEALTH SERVICES** *(Repealed).*

2021, c. 27, s. 185.

**130.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 130; 1992, c. 21, s. 323; 2005, c. 32, s. 308; 2021, c. 27, s. 185.

**131.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 131; 1992, c. 21, s. 324; 2005, c. 32, s. 308; 2021, c. 27, s. 185.

**132.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 132; 1992, c. 21, s. 325; 2005, c. 32, s. 308; 2021, c. 27, s. 185.

**133.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 133; 1992, c. 21, s. 326; 2005, c. 32, s. 308; 2021, c. 27, s. 185.

**134.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 134; 1992, c. 21, s. 327; 2005, c. 32, s. 308; 2021, c. 27, s. 185.

**135.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 135; 1985, c. 23, s. 24; 1992, c. 21, s. 328; 2021, c. 27, s. 185.

**136.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 136; 1985, c. 23, s. 24; 1992, c. 21, s. 329; 2005, c. 32, s. 308; 2021, c. 27, s. 185.

## **CHAPTER VIII.1** **THE FONDS DE LA SANTÉ ET DE LA SÉCURITÉ DU TRAVAIL**

2002, c. 76, s. 2.

**136.1.** The Commission shall transfer to a fund known as the Fonds de la santé et de la sécurité du travail the sums in its possession on 31 December 2002, including the securities deposited with the Caisse de dépôt et placement du Québec, except the sums kept on deposit in accordance with the Acts administered by the Commission.

2002, c. 76, s. 2.

**136.2.** The fund, established as a social trust patrimony, shall be dedicated to

(1) the payment of the sums or benefits to which any person may be entitled under the Acts administered by the Commission;

(2) the achievement of any purpose provided for in those Acts.

2002, c. 76, s. 2.

**136.3.** The Commission is the trustee of the fund.

The Commission is deemed to have accepted the trusteeship and the obligations arising therefrom as of 1 January 2003.

The Commission shall act in the best interest of the purpose pursued by the fund.

2002, c. 76, s. 2.

**136.4.** Articles 1260 to 1262, 1264 to 1266, 1270, 1274, 1278, 1280, 1293, 1299, 1306 to 1308, 1313 and 1316 are the only provisions of Title VI and Title VII of Book IV of the Civil Code that apply to the fund and the Commission in its capacity of trustee, with the necessary modifications.

2002, c. 76, s. 2.

**136.5.** The Commission shall transfer to the fund all the sums it collects, as and when collected, except the sums kept on deposit in accordance with the Acts administered by the Commission.

2002, c. 76, s. 2.

**136.6.** The sums transferred to the fund by the Commission shall be deposited with a bank governed by the Bank Act (Statutes of Canada, 1991, chapter 46) or a financial services cooperative governed by the Act respecting financial services cooperatives (chapter C-67.3).

2002, c. 76, s. 2.

**136.7.** Any of the sums making up the fund that are not required immediately shall be deposited with the Caisse de dépôt et placement du Québec.

2002, c. 76, s. 2.

**136.8.** The expenses related to the administration of the fund are payable by the fund.

The fund is also required to pay any expenses the Commission may claim for the carrying out of the Acts it administers, except those that are paid out of the sums it keeps on deposit.

2002, c. 76, s. 2; 2009, c. 19, s. 20.

**136.9.** Where the Commission takes a sum of money out of the fund, the Commission is acting in its capacity of trustee.

2002, c. 76, s. 2.

**136.10.** The Commission must, not less than three months before 31 December each year, transmit to the fund its budget estimates for the following fiscal year.

2002, c. 76, s. 2.

**136.11.** The fiscal year of the fund ends on 31 December each year.

2002, c. 76, s. 2.

**136.12.** Before 30 June each year, the Commission shall submit to the Minister a report on the activities of the fund for the previous fiscal year. The report must contain all the information prescribed by the Minister.

The Minister must table the report before the National Assembly within 15 days of receiving it if the National Assembly is sitting or, if it is not sitting, within 15 days of resumption.

2002, c. 76, s. 2.

**136.13.** The books and accounts of the fund shall be examined by the Auditor General every year and whenever ordered by the Government.

The certificate of the Auditor General must accompany the report referred to in section 136.12.  
2002, c. 76, s. 2.

## CHAPTER IX

### THE COMMISSION DES NORMES, DE L'ÉQUITÉ, DE LA SANTÉ ET DE LA SÉCURITÉ DU TRAVAIL

2015, c. 15, s. 237.

## DIVISION I

### ESTABLISHMENT

**137.** A body is hereby established under the name of “Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail”.

1979, c. 63, s. 137; 2015, c. 15, s. 210.

**138.** The Commission is a legal person.

1979, c. 63, s. 138; 1999, c. 40, s. 261.

**139.** The Commission shall have its head office at the place determined by the Government; a notice of the location or of any change of location of the head office shall be published in the *Gazette officielle du Québec*.

1979, c. 63, s. 139; 1999, c. 40, s. 261.

**140.** The Commission shall be administered by a board of directors composed of 15 members appointed by the Government, including the chairman of the board of directors, and the president and chief executive officer who is a member by virtue of office, without the right to vote.

The chairman of the board of directors shall be appointed after consultation with the most representative union associations and employers' associations. He must, in the Government's opinion, qualify as an independent director within the meaning of section 4 of the Act respecting the governance of state-owned enterprises (chapter G-1.02). Sections 5 to 7 of that Act apply, with the necessary modifications.

1979, c. 63, s. 140; 1992, c. 11, s. 49; 2021, c. 27, s. 186.

*See the editor's Schedule at the end of this document.*

**141.** With the exception of the chairman of the board of directors and the president and chief executive officer, the members of the board of directors shall be designated in the following manner :

- (1) seven members shall be chosen from the lists provided by the most representative union associations;
- (2) seven members shall be chosen from the lists provided by the most representative employers' associations.

1979, c. 63, s. 141; 1992, c. 11, s. 50; 2021, c. 27, s. 187.

*See the editor's Schedule at the end of this document.*

**141.1.** he Government shall appoint a president and chief executive officer to be responsible for the direction and management of the Commission.

The offices of president and chief executive officer and of chairman of the board of directors may not be held concurrently.

1992, c. 11, s. 51; 2002, c. 76, s. 3; 2021, c. 27, s. 188; 2025, c. 28, s. 36.

**142.** In addition, the Government shall appoint vice-chairmen.

One of the vice-chairmen is responsible only for matters relating to the Pay Equity Act (chapter E-12.001). Another vice-chairman is responsible for matters relating to the Act respecting labour standards (chapter N-1.1).

The vice-chairman responsible for matters relating to the Pay Equity Act is appointed after consultation with the Comité consultatif du travail et de la main-d'œuvre.

1979, c. 63, s. 142; 2015, c. 15, s. 211.

**142.1.** The Government shall determine the remuneration, employee benefits and other conditions of employment of the president and chief executive officer and of the vice-chairmen.

2021, c. 27, s. 189.

**143.** The chairman of the board of directors, the president and chief executive officer and the vice-chairmen shall be appointed for not over five years. The terms of office are renewable.

1979, c. 63, s. 143; 1992, c. 11, s. 52; 2002, c. 76, s. 4; 2021, c. 27, s. 190.

**144.** Members of the board of directors, other than the chairman of the board of directors and the president and chief executive officer, shall be appointed for not over three years. They may be reappointed only three times, for consecutive or non-consecutive terms, in accordance with the appointment procedure set out in sections 140 and 141.

1979, c. 63, s. 144; 1992, c. 11, s. 53; 2018, c. 12, s. 25; 2021, c. 27, s. 191.

**145.** The Minister responsible for the application of this Act shall appoint an observer to the board of directors of the Commission.

The observer shall participate in all the meetings of the board of directors, with no voting rights.

1979, c. 63, s. 145; 1985, c. 6, s. 536; 1985, c. 23, s. 24; 1999, c. 87, s. 1; 2002, c. 76, s. 5.

**146.** The offices of president and chief executive officer and of vice-chairman are full-time positions.

1979, c. 63, s. 146; 1992, c. 11, s. 54; 2002, c. 76, s. 6; 2021, c. 27, s. 192.

**147.** The members of the board of directors of the Commission, the president and chief executive officer and the vice-chairmen remain in office, notwithstanding the expiry of their term, until they are replaced or reappointed.

1979, c. 63, s. 147; 1992, c. 11, s. 55; 2002, c. 76, s. 7; 2021, c. 27, s. 193.

**148.** A vacancy on the board of directors, except in the position of president and chief executive officer, shall be filled in accordance with the rules of appointment set out in this Act.

1979, c. 63, s. 148; 1992, c. 11, s. 56; 2002, c. 76, s. 8; 2021, c. 27, s. 194.

**149.** The Government shall fix the salary and, where necessary, the additional salary, fees and allowances of each member of the board of directors of the Commission, except the president and chief executive officer, and the indemnities to which they are entitled.

1979, c. 63, s. 149; 1992, c. 11, s. 57; 2002, c. 76, s. 9; 2021, c. 27, s. 195.

**150.** The board of directors of the Commission may hold its sittings at any place in Québec.

1979, c. 63, s. 150.

**151.** Eight members, including the following, constitute a quorum of the board of directors of the Commission :

- (1) the chairman of the board of directors or the person appointed under section 155 to replace him;
- (2) at least three of the members appointed under subparagraph 1 of the first paragraph of section 141; and
- (3) at least three of the members appointed under subparagraph 2 of the first paragraph of section 141.

In the case of a tie-vote, the chairman of the board has a casting vote.

1979, c. 63, s. 151; 1992, c. 11, s. 58; 2021, c. 27, s. 196.

*See the editor's Schedule at the end of this document.*

**152.** The chairman of the board of directors, the president and chief executive officer and the vice-chairmen shall not, under pain of forfeiture of office, have any direct or indirect interest in an undertaking putting their personal interest in conflict with that of the Commission.

However, forfeiture is not incurred if an interest described in the first paragraph devolves to them by succession or gift, provided that they renounce or dispose of it with all possible dispatch.

The other members of the board of directors of the Commission must disclose their direct interest on any question putting their personal interest in conflict with that of the Commission.

The members of the board of directors are not in conflict of interest for the sole reason that they are required to perform the duties imposed on the Commission under section 136.3.

1979, c. 63, s. 152; 1992, c. 11, s. 59; 2002, c. 76, s. 10; 2021, c. 27, s. 197.

**153.** A member must abstain from voting on decisions of the board of directors of the Commission under which a contract or other benefit may be granted to him or to an undertaking in which he has an interest.

1979, c. 63, s. 153.

**153.1.** A person holding a management position in an employers' association or a union association may not be a member of both the board of directors of the Commission and that of the Commission de la construction du Québec.

2018, c. 12, s. 26.

**154.** The chairman of the board of directors shall preside over the meetings of the board and see to the proper operation of the board.

1979, c. 63, s. 154; 1992, c. 11, s. 60; 2021, c. 27, s. 198.

**154.1., 154.2.** *(Repealed).*

2002, c. 76, s. 11.

**155.** If the chairman of the board of directors, the president and chief executive officer or one of the vice-chairmen is absent or unable to act, the Minister shall appoint a person to replace him for the time he is absent or unable to act.

1979, c. 63, s. 155; 1992, c. 11, s. 61; 1999, c. 40, s. 261; 2002, c. 76, s. 12; 2021, c. 27, s. 199.

**155.1.** The board of directors must establish the following committees:

- (1) a governance and ethics committee;
- (2) an audit committee chaired by the chairman of the board of directors; and
- (3) a human resources committee.

The composition of the committees as well as the functions they exercise are prescribed by the Commission's by-laws.

2021, c. 27, s. 200.

**156.** An executive committee shall be formed, consisting of

- (1) the chairman of the board of directors,
- (2) one person designated by the workers' representatives on the board of directors and chosen from among such representatives, and

(3) one person designated by the employers' representatives on the board of directors and chosen from among such representatives.

1979, c. 63, s. 156; 1992, c. 11, s. 6; 2021, c. 27, s. 201.

**156.1.** Sections 10, 11 and 36 to 39.3 of the Act respecting the governance of state-owned enterprises (chapter G-1.02) apply, with the necessary modifications, to the Commission.

2021, c. 27, s. 202; 2022, c. 19, s. 291.

**157.** The secretary and the other officers of the Commission shall be appointed in accordance with the Public Service Act (chapter F-3.1.1).

1979, c. 63, s. 157; 1983, c. 55, s. 161; 2000, c. 8, s. 242.

**158.** (*Repealed*).

1979, c. 63, s. 158; 1985, c. 6, s. 537; 1983, c. 38, s. 81; 1992, c. 57, s. 692.

**158.1.** The Commission shall deliver copies of the resolutions of the board of directors to its regional offices on request.

1985, c. 6, s. 538.

**159.** A decision signed by all the members of the board of directors or of the executive committee has the same value as if it had been taken at an ordinary sitting.

1979, c. 63, s. 159.

**160.** For the exercise of its powers, the Commission or a person designated by it may inquire into any matter within its jurisdiction. The Commission or the designated person is vested with the powers and immunity of commissioners appointed under the Act respecting public inquiry commissions (chapter C-37), except the power to impose imprisonment.

A person designated to make an inquiry shall not disclose information obtained during the inquiry except in the performance of his duties or with the authorization of the Commission or a tribunal, or upon the order of a coroner exercising his duties.

1979, c. 63, s. 160; 1983, c. 41, s. 205.

**161.** Neither the Commission, the commissioners, the members of its board of directors, its vice-chairmen nor its officers may be sued by reason of official acts done by them in good faith in the exercise of their functions.

Moreover, for the purposes of an inquiry, the commissioners have the powers and immunity of commissioners appointed under the Act respecting public inquiry commissions (chapter C-37), except the power to impose imprisonment.

1979, c. 63, s. 161; 1992, c. 11, s. 63; 2002, c. 76, s. 13; 2015, c. 15, s. 212.

## **DIVISION I.0.1**

### **INDIVIDUAL DECISIONS IN PAY EQUITY MATTERS**

2015, c. 15, s. 213.

**161.0.1.** Individual decisions under the Pay Equity Act (chapter E-12.001) are made by the vice-chairman responsible for matters relating to the Pay Equity Act under section 142, and two commissioners.

The commissioners are appointed by the Government after consultation with bodies that, in the Minister's view, are representative of employers, employees and women.

2015, c. 15, s. 213.

**161.0.2.** The commissioners are appointed for a term not exceeding five years. At the expiry of their term, they remain in office until replaced or reappointed.

2015, c. 15, s. 213.

**161.0.3.** The commissioners must devote their time exclusively to the duties of their office, which they must exercise on a full-time basis.

2015, c. 15, s. 213.

**161.0.4.** The commissioners' remuneration, employee benefits and other conditions of employment are determined by the Government.

2015, c. 15, s. 213.

**161.0.5.** The vice-chairman responsible for matters relating to the Pay Equity Act (chapter E-12.001) and one commissioner constitute the quorum at sittings held under this division. In the case of a tie vote, the vice-chairman has a casting vote. The vice-chairman or a commissioner designated by the vice-chairman may, sitting alone, exercise the powers conferred on the Commission under Division I of Chapter VI of the Pay Equity Act.

2015, c. 15, s. 213.

**161.0.6.** If a commissioner is absent or unable to act, the Minister may appoint an interim replacement on the conditions the Minister determines.

2015, c. 15, s. 213.

**161.0.7.** The Government may, after consultation with the president and chief executive officer and the vice-chairman of the Commission, appoint any additional commissioner for the time it determines if it considers this necessary for the dispatch of business under this division; the Government shall set the additional commissioner's salary, employee benefits, additional salary, fees and allowances, as applicable.

2015, c. 15, s. 213; 2021, c. 27, s. 203.

## **DIVISION I.1**

### **SERVICE STATEMENT AND STRATEGIC PLAN**

2002, c. 76, s. 14.

**161.1.** The Commission shall publish a service statement setting out its objectives with regard to the level and quality of the services provided.

The statement shall specify the time frame within which services are to be provided and give clear information on their nature and accessibility.

2002, c. 76, s. 14.

**161.2.** The Commission must

- (1) remain receptive to the expectations of its clients;
- (2) simplify service delivery rules and procedures to the greatest extent possible;
- (3) encourage the members of its personnel to provide quality services and to collaborate in achieving the results targeted by the Commission.

2002, c. 76, s. 14.

**161.3.** The Commission must adopt a strategic plan covering a period of more than one year.

2002, c. 76, s. 14.

**161.4.** The strategic plan must state

- (1) the mission of the Commission;
- (2) the context in which the Commission acts and the main challenges it faces;

- (3) the strategic directions, objectives and lines of intervention selected;
- (4) the results targeted over the period covered by the plan;
- (5) the performance indicators to be used in measuring results.

2002, c. 76, s. 14.

**161.5.** The Commission shall transmit the strategic plan to the Minister, who shall table it in the National Assembly.  
2002, c. 76, s. 14.

## **DIVISION 1.2** **REPORTING**

2002, c. 76, s. 14.

**162.** The fiscal period of the Commission ends on 31 December each year.  
1979, c. 63, s. 162.

**162.1.** Each year, the president and chief executive officer shall submit to the Minister the financial forecasts of the Commission relating to pay equity matters for the following fiscal year, in accordance with the form and content and on the date determined by the Minister. The forecasts, which must provide for the continuation of the activities and mission of the Commission relating to pay equity matters, are submitted to the Minister for approval.

2015, c. 15, s. 214; 2021, c. 27, s. 204.

**163.** Before 30 June each year, the Commission shall submit to the Minister a report stating the results achieved measured against the objectives fixed in the strategic plan referred to in section 161.4.

In addition, the report must state

- (1) the mandates conferred on the Commission;
- (2) the service statement referred to in section 161.1;
- (3) the programs placed under the administration of the Commission;
- (4) the personnel turnover;
- (5) a statement by the president and chief executive officer concerning the reliability of the information and of the monitoring mechanisms.

The Minister must table the report without delay before the National Assembly if it is in session or, if it is not, within fifteen days after the opening of the next session or resumption.

1979, c. 63, s. 163; 1985, c. 6, s. 539; 2002, c. 76, s. 15; 2021, c. 27, s. 205.

**163.1.** The president and chief executive officer is, as provided by law, in particular as concerns the exercise of the authority and powers of the minister under whose authority he falls, accountable to the National Assembly for his administrative management.

The competent parliamentary committee of the National Assembly shall hear the minister at least once each year, if the minister considers it appropriate and, where applicable, shall also hear the president and chief executive officer to examine their administrative management.

The parliamentary committee may examine

- (1) the service statement and the results achieved in relation to the administrative aspects of the strategic plan;

(2) the results achieved in relation to the objectives of an affirmative action program or hiring plan for handicapped persons that is applicable to the Commission;

(3) any other matter of an administrative nature under the authority of the Commission that is noted in a report of the Auditor General or the Public Protector.

2002, c. 76, s. 16; 2021, c. 27, s. 206.

**164.** Subject to section 174, the Commission must furnish to the Minister any information he may require.

1979, c. 63, s. 164.

**165.** The books and accounts of the Commission shall be examined by the Auditor General every year, and any other time on Government order; the certificate of the Auditor General must accompany the annual report of the Commission.

1979, c. 63, s. 165.

## DIVISION II

### FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSION

**166.** The functions of the Commission are to prepare, propose and implement policies relating to worker health and safety, to ensure a safer work environment.

1979, c. 63, s. 166.

**167.** In addition to its other functions under this Act, the regulations or any other Act or regulation, the Commission has the following functions in particular:

(1) to establish priorities for intervention in the matter of worker health and safety as well as priorities that a joint sector-based association on occupational health and safety must comply with in programming its activities;

(1.1) to notify workers and employers of, and give them information concerning, their rights and obligations under this Act;

(2) to grant technical assistance to health and safety committees and technical and financial assistance to joint sector-based associations;

(3) to prepare and implement an assistance program for the implementation and operation of mechanisms by which employers and workers may participate in matters of occupational health and safety, including support measures for workers not represented by a certified association;

(4) to identify research priorities and needs in matters of occupational health and safety;

(5) to conduct or cause others to conduct studies and research in the fields contemplated by the Acts and regulations administered by it, in particular to eliminate, at the source, dangers to the health, safety and physical and mental well-being of workers;

(6) to make an annual grant to the Institut de recherche en santé et en sécurité du travail du Québec;

(7) to collect information in the fields contemplated in the Acts and regulations administered by it;

(8) to maintain an information and management system comprising statistical data in the fields contemplated in the Acts and regulations administered by it;

(9) to analyze, in cooperation with the Minister of Health and Social Services where applicable, data collected by the various bodies and persons working in the field of occupational health and safety, and compile statistics therefrom;

(10) to maintain and update a toxicological index;

- (11) to assess interventions in the field of occupational health and safety;
- (12) to plan and conduct information campaigns on the protection of the health, safety and physical and mental well-being of workers, in cooperation with the Minister of Health and Social Services, where appropriate;
- (13) to devise, in cooperation with the Minister of Education, Recreation and Sports or the Minister of Higher Education, Research, Science and Technology where appropriate, training and information programs in the fields of the Acts and regulations administered by it, see to their carrying out and participate, if necessary, in their financing;
- (14) to submit recommendations to the Minister of Education, Recreation and Sports or to the Minister of Higher Education, Research, Science and Technology for the integration of training and information programs on occupational health and safety into teaching programs;
- (15) to grant financial assistance to an association or a body for an occupational health and safety training or information project that takes into account the priorities established by the Commission, provided the association or body has not received another sum for the same period under this Act;
- (15.1) to issue training certificates for the purposes of the Acts and regulations it administers and to recognize the persons or bodies authorized to issue such certificates;
- (16) to submit recommendations to the Minister of Health and Social Services in view of his coordinating the implementation of the service offer contained in the contract entered into under section 109.2 and ensuring, for the purposes of the implementation of the occupational health programs and the delivery of the other services provided for in the specifications, that the personnel employed is properly qualified and that the equipment and premises used for purposes of occupational health and safety are of the proper quality;
- (17) to cooperate with bodies pursuing objects similar to its own outside Québec.
- (18) on its own behalf or for the fund, as the case may be, to transact or to make compromises on matters for which this Act or the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases (chapter A-3.001) grants it jurisdiction.

1979, c. 63, s. 167; 1985, c. 21, s. 82; 1985, c. 6, s. 540; 1985, c. 23, s. 24; 1988, c. 41, s. 88; 1993, c. 51, s. 50; 1994, c. 16, s. 50; 2005, c. 28, s. 195; 2013, c. 28, s. 203; 2021, c. 27, s. 207.

**167.1.** The Commission may put in place a program to certify employers with regard to occupational health and safety, in order to promote employers' taking charge of health and safety in the workplace.

To that end, the Commission shall determine by regulation the cases, conditions and terms for issuing, renewing, suspending and revoking such certification as well as the persons or bodies authorized to issue the certification.

2002, c. 76, s. 17; 2006, c. 29, s. 40; 2011, c. 19, s. 37; 2021, c. 27, s. 208.

**167.2.** The Commission may grant a financial incentive to employers that put in place measures to protect workers' health and ensure their safety and physical and mental well-being.

The Commission shall determine by regulation the form such an incentive may take, how it is to be calculated and the terms and conditions for granting it.

2002, c. 76, s. 17; 2006, c. 29, s. 40; 2015, c. 15, s. 215; 2021, c. 27, s. 208.

**168.** The Commission may, with the written approval of the Minister of Health and Social Services, grant a research contract in the field of occupational health requiring the hiring of additional staff or the installation of new equipment in a facility maintained by an institution governed by the Act to make the health and social services system more effective (2023, chapter 34), the Act respecting health services and social services for the Inuit and Naskapi (chapter S-4.2) or the Act respecting health services and social services for Cree Native persons (chapter S-5).

1979, c. 63, s. 168; 1985, c. 23, s. 24; 1992, c. 21, s. 330, s. 375; 1994, c. 23, s. 23; 2023, c. 34, s. 1263.

**169.** The Government may, upon the recommendation of the Minister, establish a body whose function is research in occupational health and safety.

The appointment of the members of the body referred to in the first paragraph, their term of office and their salary, fees or allowances shall be determined by the Government.

1979, c. 63, s. 169.

**170.** The Commission may make agreements with a Government department or agency, another government or a department or agency of such a government for the application of the Acts and regulations administered by it, according to law.

Notwithstanding any other legislative or regulatory provision, where an agreement under this section extends benefits arising out of Acts or regulations referred to in the first paragraph to any person contemplated in the agreement, the Commission may, by regulation, to make it effective, take the measures necessary for its application.

The regulation and the agreement shall be tabled immediately in the National Assembly if it is in session or, if it is not sitting, within fifteen days of the opening of the next session or, as the case may be, resumption.

1979, c. 63, s. 170; 1985, c. 30, s. 146.

**170.1.** Notwithstanding sections 176.0.1 and 176.0.2, the Commission may enter with the Government or with any of its departments or bodies into an agreement enabling the Commission to obtain resources or services placed at the disposal of the Government or that government department or body under the Acts referred to in those sections.

2002, c. 76, s. 18.

**171.** (*Repealed*).

1979, c. 63, s. 171; 1985, c. 6, s. 541.

**172.** The Commission may delegate generally or specially, to the chairman of the board, the president and chief executive officer, the executive committee, its vice-chairmen, its officers or a person it may designate, its powers to examine and decide any question declared by the Acts and regulations administered by it to be within its jurisdiction.

For the purposes of the examination of a question, the persons and the members of the executive committee contemplated in the first paragraph have the powers and immunity of commissioners appointed under the Act respecting public inquiry commissions (chapter C-37), except the power to impose imprisonment.

At the examination of a question, the Commission, the persons and the members of the executive committee contemplated in the first paragraph may order a party to pay certain costs or to charge them to the Commission; the nature and amount of these costs and the cases and circumstances in which they may be awarded shall be determined by regulation.

1979, c. 63, s. 172; 1985, c. 6, s. 542; 1992, c. 11, s. 64; 1997, c. 27, s. 40; 2002, c. 76, s. 19; 2021, c. 27, s. 209.

**172.1.** The Commission may generally or specially authorize a person to exercise the powers conferred on it by the Pay Equity Act (chapter E-12.001) and the Act respecting labour standards (chapter N-1.1).

The second paragraph of section 172 applies to a person referred to in the first paragraph.

2015, c. 15, s. 216.

**173.** The Commission may require from any person the information necessary for the application of the acts and the regulations administered by it.

1979, c. 63, s. 173.

**173.1.** The Commission may, by regulation, impose the use of a medium or technology for any document necessary for the application of an Act or a regulation it administers. It may also prescribe by regulation that such a document must be sent or received using any method of transmission it specifies in the regulation.

The Commission shall assist any person who so requests to help him use the medium or technology referred to in the regulation.

2021, c. 27, s. 210.

**174.** The Commission shall see to the confidentiality of information obtained by it; only impersonal analyses of it may be disclosed.

Despite the first paragraph, the Commission may communicate to the Régie du bâtiment du Québec any information that is necessary for the application of the Building Act (chapter B-1.1). Similarly, it may communicate to the Commission de la construction du Québec any information that is necessary for the application of the Act respecting labour relations, vocational training and workforce management in the construction industry (chapter R-20). It may also communicate to the Minister of Employment and Social Solidarity any information relating to an indemnity or medical assistance payment which it pays or may pay to a person, where such information is necessary for the application of the Individual and Family Assistance Act (chapter A-13.1.1). Similarly, it may communicate to the Minister of Health and Social Services, the Minister of Municipal Affairs, Regions and Land Occupancy, the Minister of Public Security and the Minister of Sustainable Development, Environment and Parks any information necessary for the administration of the Acts under their responsibility. It may also communicate to a sector-based association any information necessary for the exercise of the association's functions.

1979, c. 63, s. 174; 1990, c. 31, s. 8; 1994, c. 12, s. 67; 1997, c. 63, s. 128; 1998, c. 36, s. 193; 2001, c. 44, s. 30; 2005, c. 15, s. 172; 2012, c. 25, s. 76; 2025, c. 8, s. 79.

**174.1.** The Commission and the Minister of Employment and Social Solidarity shall enter into an agreement for the communication of the information required for the purposes of this Act and the Act respecting parental insurance (chapter A-29.011).

2005, c. 13, s. 92.

**174.2.** The Commission must communicate to the Régie du bâtiment du Québec any information relating to a finding of guilty for an offence under any section of this Act, to the extent that the information is necessary for the application of the provisions of the Building Act (chapter B-1.1) pertaining to the issue, amendment, suspension or cancellation of a licence.

2012, c. 25, s. 77.

**174.3.** The Commission must ensure that measures are implemented to ensure that employees who are members of a professional order governed by the Professional Code (chapter C-26) comply with the standards of conduct to which they are subject.

2015, c. 15, s. 217.

**175.** Notwithstanding section 174, a professional may take cognizance of information held by the Commission for study, teaching or research purposes, with the latter's authorization.

The authorization is granted in accordance with sections 67.2.1 to 67.2.3 of the Act respecting Access to documents held by public bodies and the Protection of personal information (chapter A-2.1).

1979, c. 63, s. 175; 1987, c. 68, s. 110; 2021, c. 25, s. 168.

**176.** The Commission has exclusive jurisdiction to examine and decide any question in respect of which a power, authority or discretion is conferred on it.

1979, c. 63, s. 176; 1997, c. 27, s. 41.

**DIVISION II.1****DECISIONS OF THE COMMISSION WITH REGARD TO EQUIVALENT AND DIFFERENT MEASURES**

2025, c. 28, s. 43.

**176.0.0.1.** The Commission may, by regulation, establish building and safety standards applicable to buildings it identifies from among the buildings exempted from the application of Chapter I of the Construction Code (chapter B-1.1, r. 2) or Chapter VIII of the Safety Code (chapter B-1.1, r. 3).

2025, c. 28, s. 43.

**176.0.0.2.** The Commission may, on the conditions it determines, authorize, in the case of construction work relating to a building referred to in section 176.0.0.1,

(1) a design, building method or the use of material or equipment different from that prescribed by a regulation made under section 176.0.0.1, where the Commission finds that the quality of the design, method, material or equipment is equivalent to what is sought by the standards prescribed by the regulation and that the safety of the premises is ensured; and

(2) the application of measures different from those prescribed by a regulation made under section 176.0.0.1, where the provisions of the regulation are shown not to be reasonably applicable.

2025, c. 28, s. 43.

**176.0.0.3.** Any person who believes he has been wronged by a decision made by the Commission under section 176.0.0.2 may, at his choice, within 30 days of being notified of the decision, apply for a review of the decision in accordance with sections 358.1 to 358.5 of the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases (chapter A-3.001) or contest it before the Administrative Labour Tribunal.

2025, c. 28, s. 43.

**176.0.0.4.** Any person who believes he has been wronged by a decision made by the Commission following an application under section 176.0.0.3 may, within 30 days of being notified of the decision, contest it before the Administrative Labour Tribunal.

2025, c. 28, s. 43.

**DIVISION III****PROVISIONS NOT APPLICABLE**

2002, c. 76, s. 20.

**176.0.1.** The Financial Administration Act (chapter A-6.001) and the first paragraph of section 9 of the Act respecting the Centre d'acquisitions gouvernementales (chapter C-7.01) in the case of services other than those relating to information resources do not apply to the Commission.

2002, c. 76, s. 20; 2005, c. 7, s. 73; 2011, c. 19, s. 38; 2013, c. 23, s. 140; 2020, c. 2, s. 61; I.N. 2020-09-01.

**176.0.2.** The Public Administration Act (chapter A-6.01) does not apply to the Commission, except sections 30 to 40 and, as concerns human resources management, section 78.

2002, c. 76, s. 20; 2014, c. 17, s. 32.

**176.0.3.** *(Repealed).*

2006, c. 29, s. 41; 2015, c. 15, s. 215.

**CHAPTER IX.1**

*(Repealed).*

1985, c. 6, s. 543; 1997, c. 27, s. 42.

**176.1.** *(Repealed).*

1985, c. 6, s. 543; 1997, c. 27, s. 42.

**176.1.1.-176.1.4.** *(Repealed).*

1992, c. 11, s. 65; 1997, c. 27, s. 42.

**176.2.** *(Repealed).*

1985, c. 6, s. 543; 1986, c. 95, s. 301; 1992, c. 11, s. 66; 1997, c. 27, s. 42.

**176.2.1.** *(Repealed).*

1992, c. 11, s. 67; 1997, c. 27, s. 42.

**176.3., 176.4.** *(Repealed).*

1985, c. 6, s. 543; 1992, c. 11, s. 68; 1997, c. 27, s. 42.

**176.5.** *(Repealed).*

1985, c. 6, s. 543; 1997, c. 27, s. 42.

**176.5.1.-176.5.3.** *(Repealed).*

1992, c. 11, s. 70; 1997, c. 27, s. 42.

**176.6., 176.7.** *(Repealed).*

1985, c. 6, s. 543; 1997, c. 27, s. 42.

**176.7.1.-176.7.4.** *(Repealed).*

1992, c. 11, s. 71; 1997, c. 27, s. 42.

**176.8.-176.10.** *(Repealed).*

1985, c. 6, s. 543; 1992, c. 11, ss. 72, 73; 1997, c. 27, s. 42.

**176.11.-176.14.** *(Repealed).*

1985, c. 6, s. 543; 1997, c. 27, s. 42.

**176.15.** *(Repealed).*

1985, c. 6, s. 543; 1992, c. 11, s. 74.

**176.16.** *(Repealed).*

1985, c. 6, s. 543; 1992, c. 11, s. 75; 1997, c. 27, s. 42.

**176.16.1.** *(Repealed).*

1992, c. 11, s. 75; 1997, c. 27, s. 42.

**176.17.-176.20.** *(Repealed).*

1985, c. 6, s. 543; 1997, c. 27, s. 42.

**CHAPTER X**  
**INSPECTION**

**177.** For the purposes of the application of this Act and the regulations, inspectors shall be appointed in accordance with the Public Service Act (chapter F-3.1.1), and they are officers of the Commission.

1979, c. 63, s. 177; 1983, c. 55, s. 161; 1985, c. 6, s. 544; 2000, c. 8, s. 242.

**178.** Sections 160 and 161 apply to an inspector appointed under section 177.

1979, c. 63, s. 178; 1985, c. 6, s. 544.

**179.** An inspector, in the performance of his duties, may, at any reasonable hour of the day or night, enter a place where activities are carried on in the fields contemplated in this Act and the regulations, and inspect that place.

An inspector acting under this section has access to all the books, registers and records of any employer, principal contractor, supplier or other person carrying on an activity in the fields contemplated by this Act and the regulations. A person having custody, possession or control of these books, registers or records shall give communication of them to the inspector and facilitate his examination of them.

An inspector shall, on demand, produce a certificate of his office.

1979, c. 63, s. 179; 1986, c. 95, s. 302.

**179.1.** An inspector may not, without the consent of the worker, enter a place where telework is carried on if that place is situated in a dwelling house, unless the inspector has obtained a court order authorizing such entry.

A judge of the Court of Québec or a presiding justice of the peace having jurisdiction in the locality in which the house is situated may grant the order, on the conditions he determines, if he is satisfied that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the worker or a person who is in such a place or nearby is exposed to a danger threatening his life, health, safety or physical or mental well-being.

2021, c. 27, s. 211; 2023, c. 3, s. 26.

**180.** The inspector may, in addition to his general powers,

- (1) investigate any matter within his competence;
- (2) require the employer or principal contractor, whichever is the case, to produce the plan of the installations and of the layout of the equipment;
- (3) take, free of charge, samples of any kind, particularly of objects used by the workers, for analysis; he must then inform the employer and, if possible, return the samples to him after analysis;
- (4) conduct tests and make photographs or recordings at a workplace;
- (5) in order to ensure that a building, a structure or civil engineering works are stable, require the employer, principal contractor or owner to produce an attestation of solidity signed by an engineer or architect, or an attestation contemplated in section 54;
- (6) in such cases as he may determine, instal a measuring device at a workplace, or cause it to be worn by a worker with the worker's written consent, or order the employer to instal it or cause it to be worn at the time and place the inspector indicates, and require the employer to transmit the data on the terms and conditions the inspector determines;
- (7) be accompanied by one or more persons of his choice while performing his duties, including a physician in charge of occupational health or any other occupational health provider.

1979, c. 63, s. 180; 2021, c. 27, s. 212.

**181.** On arriving at a workplace, and before making an investigation or inspection, an inspector shall take reasonable steps to advise the employer, the certified association and the health and safety representative. On a construction site, he shall advise the principal contractor, the health and safety coordinator and the health and safety representative.

1979, c. 63, s. 181; 2021, c. 27, s. 213.

**182.** If he considers it advisable, an inspector may issue a remedial order requiring a person to comply with this Act or the regulations, and fix the time in which he must comply.

1979, c. 63, s. 182.

**183.** The inspector shall communicate the findings of his investigation or inspection to the employer, the certified association, the representative association within the meaning of the Act respecting labour relations, vocational training and workforce management in the construction industry (chapter R-20) that has affiliated workers present on the construction site, the job-site committee, the health and safety committee, the health and safety coordinator, the principal contractor, the health and safety representative and the public health director; he shall send them a copy of any remedial order. If there is no committee, the employer shall post up copies of the remedial order in a sufficient number of conspicuous places easily accessible to the workers to ensure that they are informed.

1979, c. 63, s. 183; 1992, c. 21, s. 331; 2021, c. 27, s. 214.

**184.** A person to whom an inspector has given a remedial order shall carry it out in the appointed time, and inform the certified association, the health and safety committee, the health and safety representative and the inspector, as soon as possible, of the specific measures the person intends to take.

1979, c. 63, s. 184; 2015, c. 13, s. 11; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**185.** No person may hinder an inspector in the performance of his duties, mislead or attempt to mislead him by concealment or false or untruthful statements, refuse to give his name and address to the inspector or neglect to obey an order he may give under this Act or the regulations.

1979, c. 63, s. 185.

**186.** An inspector may order the suspension of work or the complete or partial shut-down of a workplace and, if necessary, affix seals, if he considers a worker's health, safety or physical or mental well-being to be endangered.

The inspector shall substantiate his decision in writing as soon as possible and indicate the steps to be taken to eliminate the danger.

Section 183 applies, with the necessary modifications, to the inspector's order.

1979, c. 63, s. 186; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**187.** During a suspension of work or a shut-down, the workers are deemed to be at work and therefore entitled to the wages and social benefits related to their work.

1979, c. 63, s. 187.

**188.** No person may be admitted to a workplace shut down by an inspector except, with his authorization, to do the necessary work to eliminate the danger.

However, the application of the first paragraph cannot prevent an employer, principal contractor or owner from taking such conservation measures as are necessary to avoid the destruction or serious deterioration of the property in the workplace.

1979, c. 63, s. 188; 1999, c. 40, s. 261.

**189.** Work shall not be resumed nor the workplace reopened until authorized by the inspector.

Section 183 applies, with the necessary modifications, to the inspector's authorization.

1979, c. 63, s. 189.

**190.** Where a person contravenes this Act or the regulations, an inspector may order him to cease making, supplying, selling, leasing, distributing or installing the product, process, equipment, material, contaminant or dangerous substance concerned, and affix seals or confiscate such objects and order the person to cease every activity that might cause the emission of the contaminant concerned.

The inspector shall substantiate his decision in writing, indicating, where that is the case, the steps to be taken to bring the product, process, equipment, material, contaminant or dangerous substance, or the activity that might cause the emission of the contaminant, into conformity with the Act and the regulations.

The person is prohibited from again making, supplying, selling, leasing, distributing or installing the product, process, equipment, material, contaminant or dangerous substance, or resuming the activity that might cause the emission of a contaminant, until authorized by the inspector.

Section 183 applies, with the necessary modifications, to the inspector's order or authorization.

1979, c. 63, s. 190.

**191.** An order or decision of an inspector has effect immediately, notwithstanding any application for review.

1979, c. 63, s. 191; 1985, c. 6, s. 545.

**191.1.** Any person who believes he has been wronged by an order or decision of an inspector may apply for review thereof by the Commission in accordance with sections 358.1 to 358.5 of the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases (chapter A-3.001) within 10 days of being notified of the decision.

1985, c. 6, s. 545; 1997, c. 27, s. 43.

**191.2.** Where the review relates to the complete or partial closing of a workplace or to the exercise of the right of refusal, the Commission shall proceed with the review by preference.

1985, c. 6, s. 545; 1997, c. 27, s. 44.

**192.** A decision made by the Commission following an application under section 191.1 has effect immediately, notwithstanding any contestation before the Administrative Labour Tribunal.

1979, c. 63, s. 192; 1985, c. 6, s. 545; 1997, c. 27, s. 45; 2015, c. 15, s. 237.

**193.** Any person who believes he has been wronged by a decision made by the Commission following an application under section 191.1, may, within 10 days of being notified of the decision, contest it before the Administrative Labour Tribunal.

Proceedings brought under this section are heard and decided by preference.

1979, c. 63, s. 193; 1985, c. 6, s. 545; 1992, c. 11, s. 76; 1997, c. 27, s. 46; 2015, c. 15, s. 218.

## CHAPTER XI

### SPECIAL PROVISIONS RESPECTING CONSTRUCTION SITES

#### DIVISION I

##### DEFINITIONS AND APPLICATION

**194.** For the purposes of this chapter,

(1) "representative association" means a representative association within the meaning of the Act respecting labour relations, vocational training and workforce management in the construction industry (chapter R-20);

(1.1) "health and safety coordinator" means a person designated under section 215.1;

(2) "employer" means an employer within the meaning of the Act referred to in paragraph 1;

(3) "health and safety representative" means a person designated under section 209 or 212.1;

(4) "construction worker" means an employee within the meaning of the Act referred to in paragraph 1, including a student undergoing a job shadowing or work training period under the responsibility of an educational institution.

1979, c. 63, s. 194; 1986, c. 89, s. 50; 2007, c. 3, s. 72; 2021, c. 27, s. 215.

**195.** The other chapters of this Act apply, with the necessary modifications, to employers and construction workers, except as amended by this chapter.

1979, c. 63, s. 195.

## DIVISION II PRINCIPAL CONTRACTORS AND EMPLOYERS

**196.** A principal contractor is bound to the same extent as an employer to observe the obligations imposed on employers by this Act and the regulations, particularly that of taking the necessary steps to protect the health and ensure the safety and physical and mental well-being of construction workers.

1979, c. 63, s. 196; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**197.** At the beginning and at the end of activities on a construction site, the principal contractor shall send a notice of opening or closing of a construction site, whichever applies, within the time and on the terms and conditions provided by regulation.

1979, c. 63, s. 197.

**198.** Where it is foreseen that activities on a construction site will occupy at least ten construction workers simultaneously at a stage of the work, the principal contractor must, before work begins, see that a prevention program is prepared. The program must be prepared in collaboration with the employers, and a copy of it must be transmitted to the health and safety representative and to the joint sector-based construction association contemplated in section 99.

1979, c. 63, s. 198; 2021, c. 27, s. 216.

**199.** The object of a prevention program relating to a construction site is to eliminate, at the source, danger to the health, safety and physical and mental well-being of construction workers. It must comply with the regulations applicable to the construction site and contain the components set out in subparagraphs 1 to 5, subparagraph 7, with the necessary modifications, and subparagraphs 8 and 9 of the second paragraph of section 59.

1979, c. 63, s. 199; 2021, c. 27, s. 217; 2024, c. 4, s. 37.

**200.** A prevention program must be sent to the Commission before work begins, where it is foreseen that activities on the construction site will occupy at least 20 construction workers simultaneously at a stage of the work.

1979, c. 63, s. 200; 2021, c. 27, s. 218.

**201.** The Commission may order the content of a prevention program changed or the submission to it of a new program within the time it determines.

1979, c. 63, s. 201.

**202.** A principal contractor shall see that an employer working on a construction site where a prevention program is implemented undertakes in writing to see that it is complied with.

1979, c. 63, s. 202.

**203.** In the event of incompatibility, the prevention program of the principal contractor prevails over the prevention program or action plan applicable for the employer's establishment.

1979, c. 63, s. 203; 2021, c. 27, s. 219.

## DIVISION III JOB-SITE COMMITTEE

**204.** Where it is foreseen that activities on a construction site will occupy at least 20 construction workers simultaneously at a stage of the work, the principal contractor shall form a job-site committee as soon as work begins.

1979, c. 63, s. 204; 2021, c. 27, s. 220 and 241.

**205.** A job-site committee consists of the following persons, as and when they are on the construction site, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed by regulation:

(1) one health and safety coordinator designated under section 215.1 or, if there is no such coordinator, at least one representative of the principal contractor;

- (2) one representative of each employer;
- (3) one health and safety representative; and
- (4) one representative designated by each of the representative associations with at least one affiliated construction worker present on the site.

1979, c. 63, s. 205; 2021, c. 27, s. 221 and 241.

**206.** The functions of a job-site committee are

- (1) to supervise the application of the prevention program;
- (2) in view of the safety of the construction workers, to ensure the setting up and operation of mechanisms to coordinate the activities of employers who are on the construction site simultaneously;
- (3) to receive suggestions and complaints from the construction workers, the representative associations, the joint sector-based construction association referred to in section 99, the employers and the principal contractor, regarding occupational health and safety;
- (4) to receive copy of notices of accident and submit appropriate recommendations to the principal contractor, the employer, or the Commission;
- (5) to receive and study the reports of inspections carried out on the construction site;
- (6) *(Paragraph repealed)*;
- (7) *(Paragraph repealed)*.

1979, c. 63, s. 206; 1992, c. 21, s. 332; 2005, c. 32, s. 308; 2021, c. 27, s. 222 and 241.

**207.** A job-site committee shall meet at least once every two weeks, subject to the regulations.

The health and safety coordinator or another member designated by the principal contractor shall coordinate the job-site committee's activities.

Meetings must be held during regular working hours, unless the committee decides otherwise.

If the committee fails to establish its own rules of procedure, it must follow those established by regulation.

1979, c. 63, s. 207; 2021, c. 27, s. 223 and 241.

**207.1.** The members of the job-site committee must participate in training programs whose content and duration are determined by regulation.

They may, without loss of pay, take time off as necessary to participate in such programs.

Registration, travel and accommodation expenses are borne by the Commission, in accordance with the regulations.

2021, c. 27, a. 224.

**208.** Sections 76, 77 and 81 apply, with the necessary modifications, to the health and safety representatives and to the representatives of representative associations who are members of a job-site committee.

1979, c. 63, s. 208; 2021, c. 27, s. 225 and 241.

**DIVISION IV**  
**HEALTH AND SAFETY REPRESENTATIVE**

2021, c. 27, a. 233 and 241.

**209.** Where it is foreseen that activities on a construction site will occupy at least 10 construction workers simultaneously at a stage of the work, at least one health and safety representative must be designated, as soon as work begins, by a majority of the construction workers present on the construction site.

Failing that, the representative association with the most affiliated construction workers present on the construction site shall designate the health and safety representative.

1979, c. 63, s. 209; 2021, c. 27, s. 226.

**210.** The functions of a health and safety representative are

- (1) to inspect workplaces;
- (2) to receive copies of accident notices and investigate incidents that have caused or could have caused an accident;
- (3) to identify situations that may be a source of danger to construction workers;
- (4) to make any recommendations he considers appropriate, including recommendations concerning the psychosocial risks related to the work, to the job-site committee, or, if there is no such committee, to the construction workers or their representative association, to the employer and to the health and safety coordinator or the principal contractor;
- (5) to assist construction workers in the exercise of their rights under this Act and the regulations;
- (6) to accompany the inspector on visits of inspection;
- (7) to intervene in cases where a worker exercises his right of refusal;
- (8) to submit complaints to the Commission.

1979, c. 63, s. 210; 1985, c. 6, s. 546; 2021, c. 27, s. 227.

**211.** A health and safety representative must participate in training programs of such content and duration as are determined by regulation.

He may, without loss of pay, take time off work as necessary to participate in programs referred to in the first paragraph.

Registration, travel and accommodation expenses are borne by the Commission, in accordance with the regulations.

1979, c. 63, s. 211; 2021, c. 27, s. 233 and 241.

**212.** A health and safety representative may take time off work as necessary to carry out the functions contemplated in paragraphs 2, 6 and 7 of section 210.

The Commission shall determine, by regulation, by category of construction sites, how much time a health and safety representative may devote to the exercise of his other functions.

1979, c. 63, s. 212; 2021, c. 27, s. 233 and 241.

**212.1.** Despite sections 209 and 212, where it is foreseen that activities on a construction site will occupy at least 100 construction workers simultaneously at a stage of the work or that the total cost of the work will exceed \$12,000,000, one or more health and safety representatives, assigned full-time to a construction site, must be designated by all the representative associations.

The minimum number of health and safety representatives assigned full-time to a construction site is determined by regulation.

The costs related to the performance of the functions set out in section 210 are borne by the principal contractor.

The total cost of the work foreseen under the first paragraph is revalorized every five years, on 1 January of the year, according to the method provided for in sections 119 to 123 of the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases (chapter A-3.001).

2021, c. 27, s. 228.

**213.** Sections 93, 94 and 97 apply, with the necessary modifications, to a health and safety representative.

1979, c. 63, s. 213; 2021, c. 27, s. 229 and 241.

**214.** A health and safety representative is deemed to be at work when exercising his functions.

1979, c. 63, s. 214; 2021, c. 27, s. 233 and 241.

**215.** Section 26 of the Act respecting labour relations, vocational training and workforce management in the construction industry (chapter R-20) apply, with the necessary modifications, to a health and safety representative.

1979, c. 63, s. 215; 1986, c. 89, s. 50; 2007, c. 3, s. 72; 2021, c. 27, s. 233 and 241.

#### **DIVISION IV.1** **HEALTH AND SAFETY COORDINATOR**

**215.1.** Where it is foreseen that activities on a construction site will occupy at least 100 construction workers simultaneously at a stage of the work or that the total cost of the work will exceed \$12,000,000, the principal contractor must, as soon as work begins, designate one or more health and safety coordinators.

The minimum number of health and safety coordinators on a construction site is determined by regulation.

A health and safety coordinator is a member of the managerial staff and is under the responsibility of the principal contractor and assigned full-time to a construction site.

The total cost of the work referred to in the first paragraph is revalorized every five years, on 1 January of the year, according to the method provided for in sections 119 to 123 of the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases (chapter A-3.001).

2021, c. 27, s. 230.

**215.2.** The functions of a health and safety coordinator are

- (1) to participate in the preparation and updating of the prevention program implemented on the construction site;
- (2) with a view to the safety of the construction workers, to supervise the setting up and operation of mechanisms to coordinate the activities of employers who are on the construction site simultaneously;
- (3) to identify situations that may be a source of danger to the construction workers;
- (4) to inspect workplaces;
- (5) to ensure that all workers know the risks related to their work;
- (6) to receive copies of accident notices and investigate incidents that have caused or could have caused an accident; and
- (7) to accompany the inspector on visits of inspection.

2021, c. 27, s. 230.

**215.3.** A health and safety coordinator must participate in training programs whose content and duration are determined by regulation.

The health and safety coordinator may, without loss of pay, take time off as necessary to participate in such programs.

Registration, travel and accommodation expenses are borne by the Commission, in accordance with the regulations.  
2021, c. 27, s. 230.

## **DIVISION V** **INSPECTION**

**216.** The terms and conditions under which inspectors perform their duties on construction sites shall be established by regulation.

The regulations shall also determine, by category of construction sites, the cases in which one or more inspectors must be present full time.

1979, c. 63, s. 216.

**217.** Where an inspector finds that a workplace, or a tool, device or machine in use does not comply with the regulations, the prevention program, if any, or any other safety standard, and that it endangers the health, safety or physical or mental well-being of a construction worker as a result, he shall order the principal contractor to take the appropriate measures.

1979, c. 63, s. 217; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**218.** An inspector may order a device or machine contemplated in section 217 that he designates stopped, and even the complete stoppage of work. His orders are executory.

1979, c. 63, s. 218.

**219.** Where a situation is corrected to his satisfaction, an inspector may authorize the resumption of work or the re-operation of a device or machine.

1979, c. 63, s. 219.

## **DIVISION VI** **MAJOR CONSTRUCTION SITES**

**220.** No person may open a construction site which to all appearances will be a major construction site within the meaning of the regulations without notifying the Commission of it in writing at least 180 days before the commencement of work.

The Commission, on being informed of an opening, shall convoke and meet the principal contractor and each of the representative associations. The principal contractor shall furnish to the Commission all the information it requests regarding the intended construction site.

1979, c. 63, s. 220.

**221.** The Commission shall adopt the provisions that are to apply on the construction site during the construction work. These provisions must determine, in particular, the respective roles, in health and safety matters, of the principal contractor, the employers, the representative associations, the job-site committee, the health and safety coordinator, the health and safety representative and the construction workers.

1979, c. 63, s. 221; 2021, c. 27, s. 231.

**222.** The Commission shall communicate the content of the program to the principal contractor and the representative associations.

1979, c. 63, s. 222.

## CHAPTER XII REGULATIONS

### **223.** The Commission may make regulations

- (1) establishing categories of establishments, according to the activities carried on, the number of employees, the dangers to the health and safety of workers or the frequency and seriousness of accidents and occupational diseases;
- (2) determining what other works may be included in the definition of the words “construction site” in section 1;
- (3) listing contaminants or dangerous substances, classifying them, identifying the biological or chemical agents and determining for each class or each contaminant a maximum permissible quantity or concentration of emission, deposit, issuance or discharge at a workplace, prohibiting or restricting the use of a contaminant or prohibiting any emission, deposit, issuance or discharge of a contaminant;
- (4) defining the properties of a substance that make it a dangerous substance;
- (5) (*subparagraph repealed*);
- (6) identifying the contaminants in respect of which a worker may exercise his rights under section 32, determining the criteria of deterioration of health associated with each contaminant warranting the exercise of that right, specifying the conditions of the protective re-assignment of a worker and his return to his duties;
- (7) prescribing measures for the supervision of the quality of the work environment and standards applicable to every workplace so as to ensure the health, safety and physical and mental well-being of workers, particularly with regard to work organization, lighting, heating, sanitary installations, quality of food, noise, ventilation, variations in temperature, quality of air, access to the establishment, means of transportation used by workers, eating rooms and cleanliness of a workplace, and determining the hygienic and safety standards to be complied with by the employer where he makes premises available to workers for lodging, meal service or leisure activities;
- (8) determining the safety measures against fire that must be taken by an employer or principal contractor;
- (9) determining, by category of establishments or construction sites, the individual and common protective means and equipment that the employer must put at the disposal of the workers, free of charge;
  - (9.1) determining measures to prevent or put a stop to sexual violence that must be taken by an employer or principal contractor in accordance with subparagraph 16 of the first paragraph of section 51;
- (10) determining in which cases and on which conditions an employer must draw up and keep up to date a register of contaminants and dangerous substances in accordance with section 52, and determining the content of the register and the manner in which it is to be sent;
- (11) fixing the minimum age at which a worker may carry out particular work it specifies;
- (12) fixing, in such cases or circumstances as it may indicate, the maximum daily or weekly number of hours that may be devoted to particular work, according to the nature of the work, the place where it is carried out and the physical capacity of the worker, and prescribing the distribution of these hours and a minimum rest period or meal period;
- (13) requiring, in such circumstances as it may indicate, a pre-employment medical checkup or medical examinations during employment, determining the content and standards of the examinations, their time or frequency and the form and tenor of the related medical certificate, and requiring a medical certificate for any work it specifies and prescribing its form and tenor;
- (14) indicating the cases or circumstances in which new construction or alterations to existing installations must not be undertaken without prior transmission to the Commission of the architect’s or engineer’s plans and specifications, and indicating the time, terms and conditions of their transmission; prescribing building standards other than those established for the purposes of Division II.1 of Chapter IX as well as standards of development, maintenance and demolition;

- (15) specifying the content and the time, terms and conditions of transmission of a notice of opening or closing of an establishment or construction site;
- (16) determining the cases and circumstances where an establishment or construction site must be considered remote, and the living conditions to be maintained there by the employer for the benefit of the workers;
- (17) determining in which cases and on which conditions an employer must, for an establishment employing fewer than 20 workers, prepare a prevention program and designate a health and safety representative;
- (17.1) determining the manner and time limits for preparing, implementing and updating a prevention program or action plan and establishing the hierarchy of preventive measures for the purpose of preparing the prevention program or action plan;
- (18) determining the form and content of the report that an employer must make under section 62;
- (19) prescribing standards respecting the safety of such products, processes, equipment, materials, contaminants or dangerous substances as it specifies, indicating the directions for their use, maintenance and repair, and prohibiting or restricting their use;
- (20) determining the time, terms and conditions of transmission of a notice contemplated in section 64, and its form and content;
- (21) determining the cases and circumstances where a label or a notice must indicate the dangers inherent in a contaminant or dangerous substance and indicate the safety measures to be taken in handling or using the contaminant or substance;
- (21.1) defining and identifying hazardous products, establishing a classification of such products, and specifying the criteria or methods for classifying them into the categories identified;
- (21.2) excluding products from the application of subdivision 5 of Division II of Chapter III or certain of its provisions;
- (21.3) *(subparagraph repealed)*;
- (21.4) prescribing labelling and posting standards applicable to hazardous products present or manufactured in a workplace and prescribing, in particular,
- (a) the information that a label or sign must contain;
- (b) the form of labels or signs;
- (c) measures for the up-dating and renewal of labels and signs and for their replacement in case of loss, destruction or deterioration;
- (d) circumstances in which a label may be replaced by a sign or another means of information specified in the regulation;
- (21.5) prescribing standards applicable to safety data sheets concerning hazardous products present or manufactured in a workplace and prescribing, in particular,
- (a) the information that a safety data sheet must contain;
- (b) the form of safety data sheets and the methods of reproduction permitted to facilitate access thereto;
- (c) the updating, distribution, conservation and replacement of safety data sheets;

(21.6) prescribing the minimum content of a training and information program contemplated by section 62.5 and determining how the program is to be updated and how the skills required by the workers are to be acquired;

(21.6.1) determining the information regarding which an application for exemption may be filed under section 62.7;

(21.6.2) determining the information that must appear on a label or safety data sheet when information is exempted from disclosure;

(21.7) *(subparagraph repealed)*;

(22) setting the minimum and maximum number of members of a health and safety committee; establishing rules of operation for committees and determining the procedure, terms and conditions of appointment of the members representing the workers in the cases provided in section 72;

(23) setting the minimum frequency of the health and safety committees' meetings;

(24) determining, according to the number of workers in an establishment, including those whose services are lent or hired out to the employer, the minimum amount of time that a health and safety representative may devote to the exercise of his other functions set out in subparagraphs 1, 3 to 5, 8 and 9 of the first paragraph of section 90;

(24.1) determining the content and duration of the training programs in which the members of the health and safety committees and the health and safety representatives must participate under sections 78.1 and 91 and prescribing the time limit for completing that training;

(24.2) determining the registration, travel and accommodation expenses borne by it under sections 78.1, 91, 97.5, 207.1, 211 and 215.3;

(25) delimiting sectors of activities, and indicating which establishments, employers, workers, unions, or categories of any of these, form part of a particular sector of activities within the meaning of section 98;

(26) prescribing the minimum compulsory content of agreements contemplated in sections 98 and 99;

(27) establishing the conditions and criteria according to which subsidies may be granted to sector-based associations in application of section 100, and indicating what information must be transmitted to it by a sector-based association and the procedure, terms and conditions of transmission of the information and annual report of activities;

(27.1) for the purposes of Division II.1 of Chapter IX, establishing building and safety standards applicable to the buildings it identifies from among the buildings exempted from the application of Chapter I of the Construction Code (chapter B-1.1, r. 2) or Chapter VIII of the Safety Code (chapter B-1.1, r. 3);

(28) determining, by category of establishments or construction sites, the cases in which health services must be supplied to workers;

(29) establishing categories of construction sites, according to the foreseen duration of work on a site, how many construction workers it is foreseen will be working on a site at one time and the risks of work accident or occupational disease;

(30) defining what constitutes a high risk construction site;

(31) determining the terms and conditions relating to the composition of job-site committees and the designation of their members, establishing the rules of operation of the committees, setting, by category of construction sites, a minimum number of meetings that is different than the number set by this Act, determining the content and duration of the training programs in which the members of the job-site committees must participate under section 207.1 and prescribing the time limit for completing that training;

(32) determining, by category of construction sites, the minimum number of designated health and safety representatives on a site, the amount of time that a health and safety representative may devote to the exercise of his functions and determining the content and the duration of the training programs in which the health and safety representative contemplated in section 211 must participate;

(32.1) determining, by category of construction sites, the minimum number of health and safety coordinators designated on a site as well as the content and duration of the training programs in which they must participate under section 215.3 and prescribing the time limit for completing that training;

(33) establishing the conditions and the terms on which inspectors are to perform their duties on a construction site and determining, by category of construction sites, the cases where one or more inspectors must be present full time;

(34) determining what constitutes a major construction site;

(35) determining the cases where a measuring device may be installed at a workplace or caused to be worn by a worker with his written consent;

(36) establishing rules for its internal management;

(37) establishing rules applicable to the examination and decision of questions over which an inspector or the Commission has jurisdiction or over which certain persons or the executive committee have jurisdiction pursuant to section 172;

(38) determining the cases, conditions and terms for issuing, renewing, suspending and revoking the certification provided for in section 167.1, as well as the persons or bodies authorized to issue the certification, and determine the form the financial incentive provided for in section 167.2 may take, how it is to be calculated and the terms and conditions for granting it;

(39) taking the necessary measures for the implementation of an agreement made pursuant to section 170;

(40) determining the cases or circumstances where a party is entitled to reimbursement of the costs incurred for the examination of a question under section 172, specifying the nature and indicating the amounts thereof;

(40.1) imposing the use of a medium or technology for a document necessary for the application of an Act or a regulation it administers and prescribing that such a document be sent or received using any method of transmission specified by the Commission;

(41) exempting certain categories of persons, workers, employers, workplaces, establishments or construction sites from the application of this Act or certain of its provisions;

(42) generally prescribing any other measure to facilitate the application of this Act.

The content of the regulations may vary according to the categories of persons, workers, employers, workplaces, establishments or construction sites to which they apply. The regulations may also provide times within which they are to be applied, and these times may vary according to the object and scope of each regulation.

A regulation may refer to an approval, certification or homologation of the Bureau de normalisation du Québec or of another standardizing body.

1979, c. 63, s. 223; 1982, c. 58, s. 72; 1985, c. 6, s. 547; 1988, c. 61, s. 3; 1997, c. 27, s. 47; 2015, c. 13, s. 12; I.N. 2015-07-01; 2021, c. 27, s. 232 and 233; 2024, c. 4, s. 38; 2025, c. 8, s. 81; 2025, c. 28, s. 44.

## **223.1.** The Government may make regulations

(1) prescribing the form and manner in which an application for exemption under section 62.8 or a contestation under section 62.15 must be filed and the information, documents and fees that must accompany it;

(2) prescribing the criteria to be applied in examining an application for exemption;

(3) prescribing the procedure applicable to the examination of an application for exemption under section 62.8;

(4) prescribing the rules of procedure applicable to the body designated pursuant to section 62.14 and the period within which a contestation may be filed.

1988, c. 61, s. 4; 1997, c. 27, s. 48.

**223.2.** (*Repealed*).

1988, c. 61, s. 4; 2015, c. 13, s. 13.

**224.** Every draft regulation adopted by the Commission under section 223 shall be submitted to the Government for approval, which may approve it with or without amendment.

1979, c. 63, s. 224; 1985, c. 6, s. 548; 2002, c. 76, s. 21; 2025, c. 28, s. 45.

**225.** The Government itself may adopt regulations if the Commission fails to adopt them within the time it considers reasonable.

The Government then publishes in the *Gazette officielle du Québec* the draft regulations that it wishes to adopt with a notice indicating that at the expiry of 60 days following the notice, they will be adopted by the Government with or without amendment.

The publication is not required if the Commission has already caused the draft regulation to be published in the *Gazette officielle du Québec* and no amendment is made thereto by the Government.

The regulations come into force on the tenth day following the publication in the *Gazette officielle du Québec* of its final text together with the order under which they were made or on any later date fixed in the order.

1979, c. 63, s. 225; 1985, c. 6, s. 548.

**226.** (*Repealed*).

2002, c. 76, s. 22.

**CHAPTER XIII**  
**RECOURSES**

1985, c. 6, s. 548.

**227.** Any worker who believes he has been dismissed, suspended, transferred or subjected to a discriminatory measure or reprisals or any other penalty for exercising his rights or functions under this Act or the regulations may resort to the grievance procedure provided by the collective agreement applicable to him or, if he so elects, submit a complaint in writing to the Commission within 30 days of the penalty or measure about which he is complaining.

1979, c. 63, s. 227; 1985, c. 6, s. 548.

**228.** Division III of Chapter VII of the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases (chapter A-3.001) apply, with the necessary modifications, to a complaint submitted pursuant to section 227 as if it were a complaint submitted under section 32 of the said Act.

A decision of the Commission may be contested before the Administrative Labour Tribunal in accordance with section 359.1 of the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases.

1979, c. 63, s. 228; 1985, c. 6, s. 548; 1997, c. 27, s. 49; 2015, c. 15, s. 237.

**228.1.** The Commission shall contribute to the Administrative Labour Tribunal Fund established by section 97 of the Act to establish the Administrative Labour Tribunal (chapter T-15.1) to cover the expenses incurred by the Tribunal in relation to proceedings brought before the Tribunal under this Act.

The amount of the Commission's contribution and the terms of payment are determined by the Government after consultation with the Commission by the Minister.

2015, c. 15, s. 219.

**229.** *(Replaced).*

1979, c. 63, s. 229; 1985, c. 6, s. 548.

**230.** *(Replaced).*

1979, c. 63, s. 230; 1985, c. 6, s. 548.

**231.** *(Replaced).*

1979, c. 63, s. 231; 1985, c. 6, s. 548.

**232.** *(Replaced).*

1979, c. 63, s. 232; 1985, c. 6, s. 548.

**233.** *(Replaced).*

1979, c. 63, s. 233; 1985, c. 6, s. 548.

**CHAPTER XIV**  
**PENAL PROVISIONS**

1992, c. 61, s. 545.

**234.** Subject to the second paragraph of section 160, every person who, in any manner whatever, reveals or divulges a manufacturing or operating secret or process of which he learns in the course of his functions under this Act and the regulations is guilty of an offence.

1979, c. 63, s. 234.

**235.** Every person who makes a false declaration or neglects or refuses to provide the information necessary for the application of this Act or the regulations is guilty of an offence.

1979, c. 63, s. 235.

**236.** Every person who contravenes this Act or a regulation or refuses to conform to, or incites a person not to conform to, a decision or order rendered under this Act or the regulations is guilty of an offence and liable,

(1) in the case of a natural person, to a fine of not less than \$600 nor more than \$1,500 for a first offence, a fine of not less than \$1,500 nor more than \$3,000 for a second offence, and a fine of not less than \$3,000 nor more than \$6,000 for a third or subsequent offence; and

(2) in the case of a legal person, to a fine of not less than \$1,500 nor more than \$3,000 for a first offence, a fine of not less than \$3,000 nor more than \$6,000 for a second offence, and a fine of not less than \$6,000 nor more than \$12,000 for a third or subsequent offence.

1979, c. 63, s. 236; 1990, c. 4, s. 798; 1999, c. 40, s. 261; 2009, c. 19, s. 21.

**237.** Every person who, by an act or omission, does anything that directly and seriously compromises the health, safety or physical or mental well-being of a worker is guilty of an offence and liable,

(1) in the case of a natural person, to a fine of not less than \$1,500 nor more than \$3,000 for a first offence, a fine of not less than \$3,000 nor more than \$6,000 for a second offence, and a fine of not less than \$6,000 nor more than \$12,000 for a third or subsequent offence;

(2) in the case of a legal person, to a fine of not less than \$15,000 nor more than \$60,000 for a first offence, a fine of not less than \$30,000 nor more than \$150,000 for a second offence, and a fine of not less than \$60,000 nor more than \$300,000 for a third or subsequent offence.

1979, c. 63, s. 237; 1990, c. 4, s. 799; 1999, c. 40, s. 261; 2009, c. 19, s. 21; 2021, c. 27, s. 233.

**237.1.** The amount of the fines set out in sections 236 and 237 are revalorized on 1 January each year using the method described in sections 119 to 123 of the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases (chapter A-3.001).

2009, c. 19, s. 21.

**238.** The court may, on an application by the prosecutor, order a person convicted of an offence under a provision of section 236 or 237 to conform to the requirements of the Act or the regulations within the time it fixes or to carry out any measure it considers likely to contribute to the prevention of work accidents or occupational disease.

Prior notice of the application for an order shall be given by the prosecutor to the defendant, except where the parties are in the presence of the judge.

1979, c. 63, s. 238; 1990, c. 4, s. 800; 1992, c. 61, s. 546.

**239.** In proceedings contemplated in this chapter, proof that an offence has been committed by an agent or mandatory of or a worker employed by an employer suffices to establish that it was committed by the employer, unless the employer establishes that the offence was committed without his knowledge or consent and despite provisions made to prevent its being committed.

1979, c. 63, s. 239.

**240.** Where a worker is being prosecuted for an offence against this Act or the regulations, proof that the offence was committed as a result of formal instructions given by his employer and despite the worker's objection suffices to release him from his responsibility.

1979, c. 63, s. 240.

**241.** Where a legal person has committed an offence, every director, officer, employee or agent of that legal person who has prescribed or authorized the action or the omission that constitutes the offence or who has consented thereto is deemed to have participated in the offence and is liable to the same penalty as a natural person, whether or not the legal person has been prosecuted or found guilty.

1979, c. 63, s. 241; 1999, c. 40, s. 261.

**242.** Penal proceedings for an offence under a provision of this Act may be instituted by the Commission.

A certified association may, in accordance with article 10 of the Code of Penal Procedure (chapter C-25.1), institute penal proceedings for an offence under a provision of this Act.

1979, c. 63, s. 242; 1985, c. 6, s. 549; 1992, c. 61, s. 547.

**243.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 243; 1985, c. 6, s. 549; 1992, c. 61, s. 548.

**243.1.** *(Repealed).*

1985, c. 6, s. 549; 1992, c. 61, s. 548.

**243.2.** *(Repealed).*

1985, c. 6, s. 549; 1992, c. 61, s. 548.

**244.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 244; 1985, c. 6, s. 549; 1990, c. 4, s. 801; 2001, c. 26, s. 169.

**245.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 245; 1992, c. 61, s. 549.

**246.** The fines belong to the fund, except when the Attorney General or the Director of Criminal and Penal Prosecutions has instituted the penal proceedings.

The same rule applies to costs transmitted to the Commission with the defendant's plea.

1979, c. 63, s. 246; 1992, c. 61, s. 550; 2002, c. 76, s. 23; 2005, c. 34, s. 86.

## CHAPTER XV FINANCING

**247.** The Commission shall collect from the employers the sums required to defray all the costs arising from the application of this Act and the regulations.

The Commission shall exercise for that purpose all the powers and duties vested in it by the Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases (chapter A-3.001).

1979, c. 63, s. 247; 1996, c. 70, s. 47; 1999, c. 89, s. 53; 2002, c. 76, s. 24.

**248.** The Commission shall reimburse to the Régie de l'assurance maladie du Québec the sums disbursed for the purposes of Chapter VIII.

2002, c. 76, s. 25.

**249.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 249; 1996, c. 70, s. 48.

**250.** *(Repealed).*

2002, c. 76, s. 26.

## CHAPTER XVI TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

**251.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-3, s. 2).*

1979, c. 63, s. 251.

**252.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-3, s. 3).*

1979, c. 63, s. 252.

**253.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-3, s. 4).*

1979, c. 63, s. 253.

**254.** *(Repealed).*

1979, c. 63, s. 254; 1985, c. 6, s. 550.

**255.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-3, s. 55).*

1979, c. 63, s. 255.

**256.** *(Omitted).*

1979, c. 63, s. 256.

**257.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-3, s. 61).*

1979, c. 63, s. 257.

**258.** *(Omitted).*

1979, c. 63, s. 258.

**259.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-3, s. 63).*

1979, c. 63, s. 259.

**260.** *(Omitted).*

1979, c. 63, s. 260.

**261.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-3, s. 70).*

1979, c. 63, s. 261.

**262.** *(Omitted).*

1979, c. 63, s. 262.

**263.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-3, s. 88).*

1979, c. 63, s. 263.

**264.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-3, s. 91).*

1979, c. 63, s. 264.

**265.** *(Omitted).*

1979, c. 63, s. 265.

**266.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-3, s. 111).*

1979, c. 63, s. 266.

**267.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-3, s. 119.9).*

1979, c. 63, s. 267.

**268.** *(Omitted).*

1979, c. 63, s. 268.

**269.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-3, s. 124).*

1979, c. 63, s. 269.

**270.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-3, s. 126).*

1979, c. 63, s. 270.

**271.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-3, Schedule B).*

1979, c. 63, s. 271.

**272.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-3, Schedule E).*

1979, c. 63, s. 272.

**273.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-29, s. 3).*

1979, c. 63, s. 273.

**274.** *(Amendment integrated into c. B-1, s. 128).*

1979, c. 63, s. 274.

**275.** *(Amendment integrated into c. C-12, s. 46).*

1979, c. 63, s. 275.

**276.** *(Amendment integrated into c. C-34, s. 3).*

1979, c. 63, s. 276.

**277.** *(Amendment integrated into c. C-34, s. 7).*

1979, c. 63, s. 277.

**278.** *(Amendment integrated into c. C-34, s. 21).*

1979, c. 63, s. 278.

**279.** *(Amendment integrated into c. C-34, s. 28).*

1979, c. 63, s. 279.

**280.** *(Amendment integrated into c. C-34, s. 29).*

1979, c. 63, s. 280.

**281.** *(Amendment integrated into c. C-34, s. 32.1).*

1979, c. 63, s. 281.

**282.** *(Amendment integrated into c. C-34, s. 33).*

1979, c. 63, s. 282.

**283.** *(Amendment integrated into c. C-34, s. 38).*

1979, c. 63, s. 283.

**284.** *(Amendment integrated into c. I-13.01, s. 2).*

1979, c. 63, s. 284; 1975, c. 53, s. 132.

**285.** *(Omitted).*

1979, c. 63, s. 285.

**286.** Regulations made under the Industrial and Commercial Establishments Act (chapter E-15) remain in force, to the extent that they are consistent with this Act, until they are amended, replaced or repealed by a regulation made under this Act.

The regulations are then regulations made under this Act.

1979, c. 63, s. 286.

**287.** *(Amendment integrated into c. I-7, s. 2).*

1979, c. 63, s. 287.

**288.** *(Amendment integrated into c. I-7, s. 15).*

1979, c. 63, s. 288.

**289.** *(Omitted).*

1979, c. 63, s. 289.

**290.** *(Amendment integrated into c. M-4, s. 1).*

1979, c. 63, s. 290.

**291.** *(Amendment integrated into c. M-6, s. 2).*

1979, c. 63, s. 291.

**292.** *(Omitted).*

1979, c. 63, s. 292.

**293.** *(Amendment integrated into c. M-13, s. 296).*

1979, c. 63, s. 293.

**294.** Regulations made pursuant to section 289 and paragraphs m and o of section 296 of the Mining Act (chapter M-13) remain in force, to the extent that they are consistent with this Act, until they are amended, replaced or repealed by a regulation made pursuant to this Act.

The regulations are then regulations made under this Act.

1979, c. 63, s. 294.

**295.** *(Amendment integrated into c. M-33, s. 2).*

1979, c. 63, s. 295.

**296.** *(Amendment integrated into c. M-33, s. 3).*

1979, c. 63, s. 296.

**297.** *(Amendment integrated into c. P-35, s. 1).*

1979, c. 63, s. 297.

**298.** *(Amendment integrated into c. P-35, s. 66).*

1979, c. 63, s. 298.

**299.** *(Amendment integrated into c. P-35, s. 69).*

1979, c. 63, s. 299.

**300.** Regulations made pursuant to subparagraphs *o*, *p*, *q* and *r* of the first paragraph of section 69 of the Public Health Protection Act (chapter P-35) remain in force, to the extent that they are consistent with this Act, until they are amended, replaced or repealed by a regulation made pursuant to this Act.

The regulations are then regulations made under this Act.

1979, c. 63, s. 300.

**301.** *(Amendment integrated into c. Q-1, s. 43).*

1979, c. 63, s. 301.

**302.** *(Amendment integrated into c. Q-1, s. 58.1).*

1979, c. 63, s. 302.

**303.** *(Omitted).*

1979, c. 63, s. 303.

**304.** *(Amendment integrated into c. Q-2, s. 87).*

1979, c. 63, s. 304.

**305.** *(Omitted).*

1979, c. 63, s. 305.

**306.** *(Amendment integrated into c. Q-2, s. 91).*

1979, c. 63, s. 306.

**307.** *(Amendment integrated into c. Q-2, s. 92).*

1979, c. 63, s. 307.

**308.** *(Amendment integrated into c. Q-2, s. 106).*

1979, c. 63, s. 308.

**309.** *(Amendment integrated into c. Q-2, s. 126.1).*

1979, c. 63, s. 309.

**310.** Regulations respecting the health, safety or physical well-being of workers made pursuant to the Environment Quality Act (chapter Q-2) and Chapter XI of the regulations made by Order in Council 479 of 12 February 1944 remain in force, to the extent that they are consistent with this Act, until they are amended, replaced or repealed by a regulation made pursuant to this Act.

Those regulations and Chapter XI of the regulations made by Order in Council 479 of 12 February 1944 are then regulations made under this Act.

1979, c. 63, s. 310; 1980, c. 11, s. 128.

**311.** *(Amendment integrated into c. R-10, s. 2).*

1979, c. 63, s. 311.

**312.** *(Amendment integrated into c. R-12, s. 55).*

1979, c. 63, s. 312.

**313.** *(Amendment integrated into c. R-20, s. 57).*

1979, c. 63, s. 313.

**314.** *(Omitted).*

1979, c. 63, s. 314.

**315.** *(Amendment integrated into c. R-20, s. 80).*

1979, c. 63, s. 315.

**316.** *(Amendment integrated into c. R-20, s. 87).*

1979, c. 63, s. 316.

**317.** *(Amendment integrated into c. R-20, s. 88).*

1979, c. 63, s. 317.

**318.** *(Amendment integrated into c. R-20, s. 89).*

1979, c. 63, s. 318.

**319.** *(Amendment integrated into c. S-3, s. 7).*

1979, c. 63, s. 319.

**320.** *(Omitted).*

1979, c. 63, s. 320.

**321.** *(Amendment integrated into c. S-3, s. 10).*

1979, c. 63, s. 321.

**322.** *(Amendment integrated into c. S-3, s. 10.1).*

1979, c. 63, s. 322.

**323.** *(Amendment integrated into c. S-3, s. 31).*

1979, c. 63, s. 323.

**324.** *(Amendment integrated into c. S-3, s. 39).*

1979, c. 63, s. 324.

**325.** *(Amendment integrated into c. S-5, s. 70).*

1979, c. 63, s. 325.

**326.** *(Amendment integrated into c. A-20.01, s. 3).*

1979, c. 63, s. 326.

**327.** A joint health and safety committee, or the equivalent, formed pursuant to the Industrial and Commercial Establishments Act (chapter E-15) or to a collective agreement becomes, from 22 October 1983, a health and safety committee established pursuant to this Act where

- (1) the establishment in which it was formed employs more than twenty workers;
- (2) the establishment belongs to a category of establishments identified by regulation pursuant to paragraph 22 of section 223 as establishments where a health and safety committee may be formed; and
- (3) application is made in accordance with section 69.

Such a committee from that date enjoys the same rights and is subject to the same obligations as a health and safety committee established pursuant to this Act, in addition to any right, power or obligation, provided for in the collective agreement, that is more advantageous to the health, safety and physical well-being of the workers.

1979, c. 63, s. 327.

**328.** The Commission is substituted for the Commission des accidents du travail du Québec and, in that capacity, it assumes all the powers and obligations and acquires all the rights thereof.

The Commission becomes, without continuance of suit, a party to any suit brought by or against the Commission des accidents du travail du Québec.

Matters pending before a review board established pursuant to subsection 5 of section 63 of the Workers' Compensation Act (chapter A-3) are continued and decided by a review board established pursuant to section 171.

1979, c. 63, s. 328.

**329.** *(Omitted).*

1979, c. 63, s. 329.

**330.** Officers of the Commission des accidents du travail du Québec in office on 13 March 1980 become officers of the Commission de la santé et de la sécurité du travail.

1979, c. 63, s. 330.

**331.** The Government may appoint any commissioner of the Commission des accidents du travail du Québec in office on 13 March 1980 to a position on the Commission and give him an appropriate classification.

On the date the commissioner is appointed, the Public Service Act (chapter F-3.1.1) becomes applicable to him without further formality. His rights and privileges under the Act respecting the Civil Service Superannuation Plan (chapter R-12) are maintained.

1979, c. 63, s. 331; 1983, c. 55, s. 161.

**332.** The files and records of the Commission des accidents du travail du Québec become the files and records of the Commission de la santé et de la sécurité du travail.

1979, c. 63, s. 332.

**333.** In any Act, regulation, proclamation, order in council, contract or document, a reference to the Industrial and Commercial Establishments Act (chapter E-15) is a reference to the corresponding provisions of this Act.  
1979, c. 63, s. 333.

**334.** (*Repealed*).

1979, c. 63, s. 334; 1985, c. 6, s. 550.

**335.** The sums required for the application of this Act are taken, until 31 December 1980, out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

1979, c. 63, s. 335.

## CHAPTER XVI.1

### SPECIAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE IN CERTAIN ESTABLISHMENTS OF THE EDUCATION AND HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES SECTORS

**335.1.** This chapter sets out special rules that add to or depart from the rules of this Act and have precedence over any other inconsistent provision of this Act. This chapter applies to

- (1) Santé Québec;
- (2) any private institution under agreement governed by Chapter I of Title I of Part V of the Act respecting the governance of the health and social services system (chapter G-1.021);
- (3) any grouped institution referred to in Schedule II to the Act respecting the governance of the health and social services system;
- (4) the Nunavik Regional Board of Health and Social Services;
- (5) any private educational institution governed by the Act respecting private education (chapter E-9.1);
- (6) any school service centre established by the Education Act (chapter I-13.3);
- (7) any school board governed by the Education Act for Cree, Inuit and Naskapi Native Persons (chapter I-14);
- (8) any educational institution established, administered and operated in accordance with the first paragraph of section 5 of the Act respecting the Ministère de l'Éducation, du Loisir et du Sport (chapter M-15);
- (9) any public institution or private institution under agreement governed by the Act respecting health services and social services for the Inuit and Naskapi (chapter S-4.2);
- (10) the Cree Board of Health and Social Services of James Bay;
- (11) Urgences-santé;
- (12) any health communication centre or holder of an ambulance service permit governed by the Act respecting pre-hospital emergency services (chapter S-6.2); and
- (13) the Centre de services scolaire du Littoral established by the Act respecting the Centre de services scolaire du Littoral (1966-1967, chapter 125).

This chapter applies to the establishment of an employer referred to in the first paragraph if the establishment is an establishment within the meaning of this Act.

2025, c. 28, s. 46.

**335.2.** For the purposes of subdivision 3 of Division II of Chapter III,

- (1) the fourth paragraph of section 58 does not apply; and
- (2) the elements referred to in subparagraphs 4 and 5 of the second paragraph of section 59 are determined by the employer, who must provide the worker, free of charge, with all the individual protective means and equipment determined.

2025, c. 28, s. 46.

**335.3.** For the purposes of Chapter IV,

- (1) the third paragraph of section 68 does not apply;
- (2) if there is no agreement between the employer and the workers of the establishment in accordance with section 70, the number of workers' representatives on the health and safety committee is as follows, according to the number of workers in the establishment:

- (a) 20 to 50 workers: 2;
- (b) 51 to 100 workers: 3;
- (c) 101 to 500 workers: 4;
- (d) 501 to 1,000 workers: 5; and
- (e) more than 1,000 workers: 6;

(3) until an agreement concerning the minimum frequency of committee meetings is entered into between the members of a health and safety committee or if there is no agreement in accordance with section 74, the committee shall meet at least once every three months;

(4) the functions of the health and safety committee are those provided for in subparagraphs 5 to 7, 10.1, 11 and 13 of the first paragraph of section 78, and also to receive copies of accident notices and to submit the appropriate recommendations to the employer and the Commission;

(5) the members of the health and safety committee must, within 120 days following their designation, participate in a one-day training program whose content is determined by the Commission; and

(6) a health and safety representative who is a member of a health and safety committee is exempted from participating in the training program referred to in paragraph 5.

2025, c. 28, s. 46.

**335.4.** For the purposes of Chapter V,

- (1) sections 88 and 88.1 do not apply;
- (2) the health and safety representative exercises the functions provided for in subparagraphs 1, 3, 4, 7 and 8 of the first paragraph of section 90;
- (3) the health and safety representative must, within 120 days following his designation, participate in a one-day training program whose content is determined by the Commission; and
- (4) if there is no agreement between the members of the health and safety committee in accordance with section 92, the minimum amount of time the health and safety representative may devote to the exercise of the functions provided for in subparagraphs 1, 3, 4 and 8 of the first paragraph of section 90 is as follows, according to the number of workers in the establishment and for every three months:

- (a) 20 to 50 workers: 9 hours and 45 minutes;
- (b) 51 to 100 workers: 19 hours and 30 minutes;
- (c) 101 to 200 workers: 32 hours and 30 minutes;
- (d) 201 to 300 workers: 48 hours and 45 minutes;
- (e) 301 to 400 workers: 58 hours and 30 minutes;
- (f) 401 to 500 workers: 68 hours and 15 minutes; and
- (g) more than 500 workers: 68 hours and 15 minutes, to which are added 13 hours per additional 100 workers.

2025, c. 28, s. 46.

**335.5.** The members of the health and safety committee may agree to assign to the health and safety committee or the health and safety representative additional functions provided for in the first paragraph of section 78 and the first paragraph of section 90.

2025, c. 28, s. 46.

## CHAPTER XVII FINAL PROVISIONS

**336.** The Government shall designate a minister to be responsible for the application of this Act.

1979, c. 63, s. 336.

*The Minister of Labour, Employment and Social Solidarity is responsible for the application of this Act. Order in Council 1292-2018 dated 18 October 2018, (2018) 150 G.O. 2 (French), 7385.*

**337.** (Omitted).

1979, c. 63, s. 337.

**338.** (*This section ceased to have effect on 17 April 1987.*)

1982, c. 21, s. 1; U. K., 1982, c. 11, Sch. B, Part I, s. 33.

## REPEAL SCHEDULES

In accordance with section 17 of the Act respecting the consolidation of the statutes and regulations (chapter R-3), chapter 63 of the statutes of 1979, in force on 1 November 1980, is repealed, except sections 329 and 337, effective from the coming into force of chapter S-2.1 of the Revised Statutes.

In accordance with section 17 of the Act respecting the consolidation of the statutes and regulations (chapter R-3), sections 9 to 51, 53 to 57, 62 to 67, 98 to 103, 110 and 111, 127 to 136, 178 to 192, 194 to 197, 216 to 222, 227 to 246, the second paragraph of section 247, sections 252, 265, 267, 271, 273, 275, 278 to 282, 284 to 286, 289 to 301, 303 to 310, 313 to 324, and 326 of chapter 63 of the statutes of 1979, in force on 31 December 1981, are repealed effective from the coming into force of the updating to 31 December 1981 of chapter S-2.1 of the Revised Statutes.

In accordance with section 17 of the Act respecting the consolidation of the statutes and regulations (chapter R-3), sections 58 to 61 and 198 to 203 of chapter 63 of the statutes of 1979, in force on 1 July 1982, are repealed effective from the coming into force of the updating to 1 July 1982 of chapter S-2.1 of the Revised Statutes.

In accordance with section 17 of the Act respecting the consolidation of the statutes and regulations (chapter R-3), sections 52 and 112 to 126 of chapter 63 of the statutes of 1979, in force on 1 January 1983, are repealed effective from the coming into force of the updating to 1 January 1983 of chapter S-2.1 of the Revised Statutes.

In accordance with section 17 of the Act respecting the consolidation of the statutes and regulations (chapter R-3), sections 68 to 86, 268 and 327 of chapter 63 of the statutes of 1979, in force on 1 January 1984, are repealed effective from the coming into force of the updating to 1 January 1984 of chapter S-2.1 of the Revised Statutes.

In accordance with section 17 of the Act respecting the consolidation of the statutes and regulations (chapter R-3), sections 87 to 97 of chapter 63 of the statutes of 1979, in force on 1 March 1985, are repealed effective from the coming into force of the updating to 1 March 1985 of chapter S-2.1 of the Revised Statutes.

## Editor's Schedules

*The Schedule contains the sections of the An Act to improve certain labour laws, S.Q. 2025, c. 28, as they read at the time of coming into force of the amendments, unless there are other legislative amendments.*

### Operative provision of coming into force

**80.** *The provisions of this Act come into force on 28 October 2025, except*

*(4) the provisions of sections 40 to 42, which come into force on the date the member chosen from the lists provided by the most representative union associations and the member representing the employers of the public and parapublic sectors on the board of directors of the Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail referred to in section 141 of the Act respecting occupational health and safety (chapter S-2.1), as amended by section 41 of this Act, have both been appointed under section 140 of that Act, as amended by section 40 of this Act.*

**140.** The Commission shall be administered by a board of directors composed of 17 members appointed by the Government, including the chairman of the board of directors, and the president and chief executive officer who is a member by virtue of office, without the right to vote.

The chairman of the board of directors shall be appointed after consultation with the most representative union associations and employers' associations. He must, in the Government's opinion, qualify as an independent director within the meaning of section 4 of the Act respecting the governance of state-owned enterprises (chapter G-1.02). Sections 5 to 7 of that Act apply, with the necessary modifications.

1979, c. 63, s. 140; 1992, c. 11, s. 49; 2021, c. 27, s. 186; 2025, c. 28, s. 40.

**141.** With the exception of the chairman of the board of directors and the president and chief executive officer, the members of the board of directors shall be designated in the following manner:

- (1) eight members shall be chosen from the lists provided by the most representative union associations;
- (2) seven members shall be chosen from the lists provided by the most representative employers' associations.
- (3) one member representing the employers of the public and parapublic sectors.

1979, c. 63, s. 141; 1992, c. 11, s. 50; 2021, c. 27, s. 187; 2025, c. 28, s. 41.

**151.** Ten members, including the following, constitute a quorum of the board of directors of the Commission:

- (1) the chairman of the board of directors or the person appointed under section 155 to replace him;
- (2) at least four of the members appointed under subparagraph 1 of the first paragraph of section 141; and
- (3) at least four of the members appointed under paragraph 2 or 3 of section 141.

In the case of a tie-vote, the chairman of the board has a casting vote.

1979, c. 63, s. 151; 1992, c. 11, s. 58; 2021, c. 27, s. 196; 2025, c. 28, s. 42.



## *Analytical Index*

### **INTRODUCTION**

The analytical index enables the user to find; by means of a descriptor or keyword; a concept developed in matters of legislation or regulation.

The analytical index consists essentially of two elements: a) the descriptor and b) the reference.

### **THE DESCRIPTOR**

Descriptors are classified in alphabetical order and are organized by levels.

The main descriptor is complemented by secondary descriptors of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> level; each level clarifies the preceding one.

Exemple :

---

SUPERIOR COURT	:	Main descriptor
Appeal	:	Secondary descriptor 1 <sup>st</sup>
Delay	:	Secondary descriptor 2 <sup>nd</sup>

---

The descriptor's function is not to inform on the content of the concept but to indicate its localization. Therefore; the descriptor has a synthetized form so as to make the index easier to consult.

### **THE REFERENCE**

There are two types of reference :

- the reference SEE indicates that a descriptor is rejected to the advantage of another descriptor;
- the reference SEE ALSO acts as a link between descriptors so as to enable the user to carry out a more thorough research in the analytical index.



**INDEX***chapter S-2.1***ACT RESPECTING OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY**

## ACCESS TO INFORMATION

- Hazardous product 62.6-62.7
- Information transmitted to minister 174; 174.1
- See also Information

## ACCIDENT

- Definition 1
- Employer's obligation
  - Health and safety committee 62(2)
  - Scene of accident 62(3)
  - Written report 62(1); 62(4)

## ACT

- Application
  - Employer's obligation 51(14); 51.1
  - Information required 174; 174.1; 174.2
  - Labour standards 8.0.1
  - Pay Equity 8.0.1
  - Sums required 335
- Clause in a contract without effect 51.1.1
- Government bound 6
- Interpretation 5
- Object 2
- Prevailing provisions 8.1
- Protective means and equipment 3
- Public order 4
  - Agreement more favourable 4
- Recourse by worker 227-228
- Telework 5.1

ACT RESPECTING FINANCIAL SERVICES  
COOPERATIVES (chapter C-67.3) 136.6ACT RESPECTING HEALTH SERVICES AND  
SOCIAL SERVICES FOR THE INUIT AND  
NASKAPI (chapter S-4.2) 1; 108; 110; 117; 127; 168ACT RESPECTING HEALTH SERVICES AND  
SOCIAL SERVICES FOR CREE NATIVE PERSONS  
(chapter S-5) 1; 110; 117; 127; 129; 168ACT RESPECTING INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS  
AND OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES  
(chapter A-3.001) 1; 36; 37.1; 62.0.1; 167; 191.1;  
212.1; 215.1; 228; 237.1; 247;ACT RESPECTING LABOUR RELATIONS;  
VOCATIONAL TRAINING AND MANPOWER  
MANAGEMENT IN THE CONSTRUCTION  
INDUSTRY (chapter R-20) 1; 99; 174; 183; 194; 215;ACT RESPECTING LABOUR STANDARDS  
(chapter N-1.1) 8.0.1; 142; 172.1ACT RESPECTING OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLES  
(chapter V-1.3) 8.1ACT RESPECTING PARENTAL INSURANCE  
(chapter A-29.011) 42.1; 174.1ACT RESPECTING THE CENTRE  
D'ACQUISITIONS GOUVERNEMENTALES  
(chapter C-7.01) 176.0.1ACT RESPECTING PUBLIC INQUIRY  
COMMISSIONS (chapter C-37) 160; 161; 172

- ACT RESPECTING THE CIVIL SERVICE  
SUPERANNUATION PLAN (chapter R-12) 331
- ACT RESPECTING THE GOVERNANCE OF  
STATE-OWNED ENTERPRISES  
(chapter G-1.02) 140; 156.1
- ACT TO ESTABLISH THE ADMINISTRATIVE  
LABOUR TRIBUNAL (chapter T-15.1) 1; 228.1
- ACT TO MAKE THE HEALTH AND SOCIAL  
SERVICES SYSTEM MORE EFFECTIVE  
(2023; chapter 34) 1; 110; 117; 127; 168;
- ACTION PLAN 61.1; 61.2
- ADMINISTRATIVE LABOUR TRIBUNAL  
Definition 1  
Fund 228.1  
Review or contestation 20; 36; 37.2; 37.3; 192;  
193; 228
- ADMINISTRATIVE TRIBUNAL OF QUÉBEC 120
- AGREEMENT  
Definition 1  
More favourable than Act 4
- ARCHITECT 54
- AUDITOR GENERAL  
Books and accounts of Commission 165
- BANK ACT  
(Statutes of Canada; 1991; chapter 46) 136.6
- BUILDING  
See Establishment
- BUILDING ACT (chapter B-1.1) 174; 174.2
- BUREAU DE NORMALISATION  
DU QUÉBEC 223
- CAISSE DE DÉPÔT ET PLACEMENT  
DU QUÉBEC 136.1; 136.7
- CERTIFICATE  
See Contaminant; Pregnant worker
- CERTIFIED ASSOCIATION  
Hazardous product  
Training and information program 62.5  
Definition 1  
Penal proceedings 242
- Worker exercising his right of refusal  
Representative 16  
See also Health and safety committee; Penal provisions
- CIVIL CODE 136.4
- CODE OF PENAL PROCEDURE  
(chapter C-25.1) 242
- COMMISSION DE LA CONSTRUCTION  
DU QUÉBEC 174
- COMMISSION DES NORMES, DE L'ÉQUITÉ,  
DE LA SANTÉ ET DE LA SÉCURITÉ DU  
TRAVAIL 137; 328  
Access to information 173  
By professional 175  
Acts not applicable 176.0.1; 176.0.2  
Agreement 170; 170.1; 174.1  
Board of directors 140; 152; 153.1  
Abstention from voting 153  
Appointment 140; 144  
Committees 155.1  
Decision 159  
Observer 145  
Office continued 147  
Quorum 151  
Resolution 158.1  
Salary 149  
Sitting 150  
Vacancy 147; 148  
Books and accounts 165  
Certification for employers 167.1  
Chairman of the board of directors; president  
and chief executive officer 140  
Appointment 140;  
Casting vote 151  
Conflict of interests 152  
Delegation of powers 172  
Executive committee 156  
Function 154  
Immunity 161  
Replacement 155  
Terms 143; 144  
Confidentiality of information 174  
Conflict of interests 152  
Construction site  
Major 220-222  
Contaminant 34  
Act applicable 36  
Protective re-assignment of worker 37  
Direction and management 141.1  
Hazardous products 62.20(1)  
Cooperation with the sector-based associations 101(4)

- Dangerous substance
  - Prohibited or restricted manufacture 66
- Decision
  - Contestation 37.3; 193
  - Equivalent and measures 176.0.0.1-176.0.0.4
- Definition 1
- Delegation of powers 172
- Employers' association
  - Subsidy 104-106
- Establishment's program of adaptation 60
- Executive committee 156
  - Decision 159
- Financial incentive to employers 167.2
- Financing 247
  - Reimbursement 248
- Fiscal period 162; 162.1
- Function 166-167
- Head office 139
- Health and safety committee
  - Dispute 79
  - Establishment 69
- Health program 107(1)
  - Standard contract 107(2)
- Immunity 161
- Information to Minister 164; 174; 174.1
- Inquiry 160; 172
- Jurisdiction 176
- Legal person 138
- Method of transmission of documents 173.1
- Penal proceedings 242
- Personnel 157
  - Pregnant worker 48.0.1-48.0.10
  - Indemnity 42.1; 44
- President and chief executive officer 140; 141.1; 142.1; 143; 146; 147; 163.1
- Prevention program
  - Amendment 60; 201
- Regulation 223
  - Draft 224
- Remuneration
  - president and chief executive officer;
  - vice-chairmen 142.1
- Report of activities 163
- Research contract 168
- Safety representative
  - Exercise of function 212
  - Instrument 95
  - Training program 91; 211
- Sector-based association
  - Agreement 98
  - Construction 99
  - Subsidy 100
  - Technical assistance 100
- Service statement and strategic plan 161.1-161.5
- Trustee of the fund 136.3
- Union association
  - Subsidy 104-106
- Vice-chairman 146
- Vice-chairmen 142.1; 143; 147-149; 152; 155; 161
- See also Inspector; Penal provisions
- COMMISSION DES ACCIDENTS  
DU TRAVAIL 328; 330-332
- CONFIDENTIALITY
  - Industrial process 123
  - Medical record 123; 129
- CONSTRUCTION
  - Principal contractor 206;
  - See also Sector-based association
- CONSTRUCTION SITE
  - Applicable provisions 195
  - Construction worker
    - Definition 194(4)
  - Definition 1
  - Employer
    - Definition 194(2)
  - Health and safety coordinator
    - Definition 194(1.1)
  - Inspection
    - Conditions 216
    - Full-time inspector 216
    - Notice of investigation 181
    - Order 217
    - Resumption of work 219
    - Stoppage of work 218
  - Major
    - Notice to Commission 220-222
  - Notice of opening or closing 197
  - Prevention program 198
    - Object 199
  - Principal contractor
    - Amendment 201
    - Compliance to 202-203
    - Obligation 196
  - Representative association
    - Definition 194(1)
  - See also Job-site committee;
- CONTAMINANT
  - Definition 1
  - Employer's obligation 51(8); 51(13)
  - Register of risks 52
  - Regulation 34

- Worker exposed to  
 Benefits 38  
 Income replacement indemnity 36  
 Medical certificate 32; 33  
 Protective re-assignment 32; 37  
   Review 37.1-37.3  
 Work stoppage 35  
   Remuneration 36  
   Tips 36  
   Benefits 39
- CONTRACT**  
 See Health program
- CONTRACTOR**  
 See Construction site
- COURT**  
 Order 238
- DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE**  
 Definition 1  
 Employer's obligation 51(8)  
   Identification by the employer 51(13)  
 Expert opinion 65  
 Inspector  
   Order  
     Review 191-193  
 Label 67  
 Notice to Commission 64  
   Content 64  
 Prohibited or restricted manufacture 66  
 Register of risks 52  
 Supplier 63
- DECREE**  
 Definition 1  
 More favourable than Act 4
- DELIVERY**  
 Definition 41
- EDUCATION SECTOR**  
 335.1-335.5
- EMPLOYEE**  
 See Worker
- EMPLOYER**  
 Accident 62  
 Controlled product 62.1-62.21  
 Definition 1  
 Health and safety committee  
   Member 71; 81  
 Interdiction 53  
 Obligation 51; 51.1
- Application of Act 51(14)  
 Contaminant 51(8); 51(13)  
 Control and elimination of risk 51(5)  
 Dangerous substances 51(13)  
 Establishment 51(1)  
 Fire prevention measure 51(6)  
 Health and safety committee 51(15); 80  
 Information to worker 51(9); 51(10)  
 Maintenance of workplace 51(4)  
 Means and equipment 51(11)  
 Medical examination of worker 51(12)  
 Organization of work 51(3)  
 Personnel responsible for health and safety matters 51(2)  
 Physical or psychological violence 51(16)  
 Safety equipment 51(7)  
 Training and information 50; 101
- Participation 2  
 Penal provisions  
   By representative 239  
 Prevention program 58-61; 200  
 Register of risks 52  
 Right 50  
 Worker exercising his right of refusal 14  
   Effect on other workers 28  
   Reprisal against worker 30-31  
   Temporary assignment 25  
   Work performed by another worker 17; 19; 26  
 See also Establishment; Health and safety committee;  
 Prevention; Program;
- EMPLOYER'S ASSOCIATION**  
 Definition 1  
 Subsidy 104-106  
 See also Sector-based association
- ENGINEER** 54
- ENVIRONMENT QUALITY ACT**  
 (chapter Q-2) 310
- ESTABLISHMENT**  
 Building used by at least one employer 56  
 Construction or alteration 54  
 Definition 1  
 Employer's obligation 51(1)  
 Health services 117; 122  
 Notice  
   Of closing 55  
   Of opening 55  
 Program of adaptation 60  
 Remote 57  
 See also Health program
- EXPERT**  
 Dangerous substance  
   Opinion requested by inspector 65

- FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION ACT  
(chapter A-6.001) 176.0.1
- FINE  
See Penal provisions
- FIRE PREVENTION  
Employer's obligation 51(6)
- FONDS DE LA SANTÉ ET DE LA SÉCURITÉ  
DU TRAVAIL 1; 136.1-136.13  
Administration of the fund 136.8  
Audit 136.13  
Budget estimates 136.10  
Fines 246  
Fiscal year 136.11  
Object 136.2  
Report 136.12  
Transfer 136.1; 136.5; 136.6  
Trustee 136.3; 136.9
- GOVERNMENT  
Commission  
Board of directors 141; 147; 148  
Books and accounts 165  
Head office 139  
Regulation 224  
Salary 149  
Vice-chairmen 142; 147  
Controlled product  
Body 62.10; 62.14; 62.19  
Effect of the Act 6  
Health program 108  
Minister responsible 336  
Regulation 223.1-223.2; 225  
Research body 169
- HAZARDOUS PRODUCT  
Access to information 62.6  
Definition 1  
Exemption from the obligation to disclose 62.7  
Appeal 62.13  
Application 62.15  
Decision 62.16-62.17  
Application 62.8  
Dismissal 62.12  
Granting 62.12  
Decision 62.9; 62.11; 62.18  
Designated body 62.10; 62.14; 62.19  
Prohibition 62.17  
Handling 62.1  
Label 62.1  
Language 62.4  
Manufacturing 62.2  
Safety data sheet 62.1  
Content 62.3  
Language 62.4
- Obligation of the employer 62.6  
To disclose 62.20  
Storage 62.1  
Training and information 62.1; 62.5  
Use 62.1
- HEALTH AND SAFETY COMMITTEE 37; 49; 51;  
54; 59; 60; 61; 62; 62.5; 62.6; 62.13; 68; 68.1; 68.2;  
69; 70; 74; 74.1; 75; 78; 78.1; 79; 80; 81; 82; 83; 87;  
87.1; 88.1; 89; 90; 92; 101; 123; 125; 127.1; 167; 183;  
184; 223; 327;
- HEALTH AND SAFETY COORDINATOR 215.1,  
215.2; 215.3
- HEALTH AND SAFETY LIAISON OFFICER 97.1;  
97.2; 97.3; 97.4; 97.5; 221
- HEALTH AND SAFETY REPRESENTATIVE 1; 16;  
17; 18; 19; 29; 31; 37; 54; 61; 62; 62.6; 62.13; 71; 78;  
87; 87.1; 88; 88.1; 89; 90; 91; 92; 93; 94; 96; 97; 97.1;  
101; 181; 183; 184; 194; 198; 205; 208; 209; 210; 211;  
212; 213; 214; 215; 221; 223;
- HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES SECTOR  
335.1-335.5
- HEALTH PROGRAM  
Budget 110  
Coming into force 108  
Objets 107.1  
Publication 107.2  
Public health director 122-123; 127  
Role of Commission 107  
Specifications 108; 109; 109.1; 109.2  
Standard contract  
Agreement with the Minister 107(2)  
See also Physician
- INCOME REPLACEMENT INDEMNITY  
Exposition to contaminant 36  
Imputation of cost 45  
Pregnant worker 44
- INDIVIDUAL AND FAMILY ASSISTANCE ACT  
(chapter A-13.1.1) 174
- INDIVIDUAL DECISIONS IN PAY EQUITY  
MATTERS 161.0.1-161.0.7
- INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL  
ESTABLISHMENTS (chapter E-15) 286; 333  
Joint health and safety committee 327
- INFORMATION  
Confidentiality 174-175

## INFORMATIONS ON SECURITY

Posting up by employer 51(10)

INQUIRY 160; 172

## INSPECTOR

Access

To books 179

To premises 179

Appointment 177

Decision 20; 190

Contestation 20

Effect 191

Review 20; 191-193

Definition 1

Expert opinion on dangerous substance 65

Finding of investigation 183

Identification 179

Immunity 178

Notice of investigation 181

Order 190

Effect 191

Review 191.1-193

Performance of duties

Prohibition 185

Power 178; 180

Remedial order 182

Carrying out 184

Remuneration 177

Shut-down of workplace 186; 188

Authorization to reopen 189

Suspension of work 186

Effect on worker 187

Telework 179.1

Worker exercising his right of refusal 18

Decision 19; 24

Effect 20

Joint examination 27

Review 20

Presence on the premises 26

Work performed by another worker 19

See also Construction site

INSTITUT DE RECHERCHE EN SANTÉ ET  
SÉCURITÉ DU TRAVAIL DU QUÉBEC 167(6)

## JOB-SITE COMMITTEE

Composition 205

Definition 1

Establishment 204

Function 206

Meeting 207

Member 208

Training programs 207.1

See also Construction site

## LABORATORY

Dangerous substance 64

LABOUR CODE (chapter C-27) 1

## LEGAL PERSON

Penal provisions 241

## MEDICAL CERTIFICATE

Protective re-assignment 33

## MEDICAL EXAMINATION

Employer's obligation 51(12)

Pre-employment

## MEDICAL RECORD

Communication to the worker 129

Confidential 123

Confidentiality 129

MINING ACT (chapter M-13.1) 294

## MINISTER

Commission

Board of directors

Observer 145

Report of activities 163

Definition 1

Designation 336

Research body 169

MINISTER OF EDUCATION; RECREATION  
AND SPORTS 167(13); 167(14)MINISTER OF HEALTH AND  
SOCIAL SERVICES

Commission

Data 167(9)

Health program 167(16)

Information campaign 167(12)

Research contract 168

Health program 107

MINISTER OF HIGHER EDUCATION;  
RESEARCH; SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY  
167(13); 167(14)MINISTER OF EMPLOYMENT AND  
SOCIAL SOLIDARITY 174; 174.1

## NURSE

Hazardous product 62.20(3)

Specialized nurse practitioner 33

## OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE

Definition 1

- OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH PROVIDER 1; 78;  
107.1; 117; 117.1; 123; 124; 125; 126; 127; 180;
- OFFENCE  
See Penal provisions
- PAY EQUITY ACT  
(chapter E-12.001) 8.0.1; 142; 161.0.1; 161.0.5; 172.1
- PENAL PROVISIONS  
By employer's representative 239  
Court order 238  
Fine 236-237.1; 246  
Information 235  
Legal person 241  
Manufacturing or operating secret 234  
Proceedings 242  
Worker's responsibility 240
- PHYSICIAN  
Access  
To information 126  
To workplace 126  
Appointment 117  
Certificate 33  
Hazardous product 62.20(2)  
Health and safety committee 75  
Health program  
In charge of an establishment  
Report of activities 123  
In charge of an establishment  
Application to dismiss 120  
Confidentiality 123  
Medical record 129  
Notification to worker 124  
Remuneration 111  
Specific for an establishment  
Implementation of the health program 122  
Visit of workplace 125
- PREGNANT WORKER 42; 48  
Commission 48.0.1-48.0.10  
Indemnity 44  
Protocols 48.1; 48.2  
Re-assignment  
Benefits 43  
Certificate 40; 40.1; 42.1  
Risk for breast-fed child  
Certificate 46  
Work stoppage 41; 47
- PREVENTION PROGRAM  
Amendment 60  
Content 59  
Hazardous products  
Training and information program 62.5
- Copy 61  
Employer's obligation 58  
Object 59  
Transmission 60  
See also Construction site
- PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR  
Definition 1  
See also Construction site
- PROCEEDINGS  
See Penal provisions
- PROFESSIONAL CODE (chapter C-26) 174.3
- PROTECTION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION  
(chapter A-2.1) 62.21; 175
- PROTECTION OF THE WORKER  
Measures 51
- PROTECTIVE RE-ASSIGNMENT  
Medical certificate 32-39  
See also Contaminant
- PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION ACT  
(chapter A-6.01) 176.0.2
- PUBLIC HEALTH DIRECTOR  
Access to the informations 127(9)-128  
Access to the workplace 127(9)-128  
Application of physicians 127(2)  
Cooperation with the sector-based associations 101(4)  
Definition 1  
Functions 122-123; 127  
Health program 122  
List of dangerous substances 51(13)  
Protective re-assignment 33; 37  
Right 128
- PUBLIC HEALTH PROTECTION ACT  
(chapter P-35) 300
- PUBLIC SERVICE ACT  
(chapter F-3.1.1) 157; 177; 331
- RADIATION  
Definition 1
- RECOURSE 227-228
- RÉGIE DE L'ASSURANCE MALADIE  
DU QUÉBEC 111; 248
- RÉGIE DU BÂTIMENT 174; 174.2

- REGISTER OF RISKS 52
- REGULATION 1; 34; 223-225  
Draft 224  
Prevailing provisions 8.1
- RIGHT OF REFUSAL  
See Worker
- SAFETY EQUIPMENT  
Employer's obligation 51(7); 51(11)
- SECTOR-BASED ASSOCIATION  
Agreement 98; 98.1; 100.1  
Assesment 103  
Board of directors 98  
Construction  
Agreement 99  
Absence of 99  
Board of directors 99  
Representative association 99  
Cooperation with the Commission 101(4)  
Cooperation with the public health directors 101(4)  
Definition 1  
Functions 101  
Joint 98  
Labour relations 103  
Legal person 99.1  
Object 101  
Program of activities 98.2  
Report of activities 102  
Subsidy 100  
Technical assistance 100
- SELF-EMPLOYED PERSON  
Obligation 7-8
- SERVICE STATEMENT AND STRATEGIC PLAN 161.1-161.5
- SEXUAL VIOLENCE 1; 51; 223(9.1)
- SPECIAL PLAN 8.2-8.12
- STATISTICAL DATA  
Health and safety committee 78(12)
- SUPPLIER  
Dangerous substance 63-67
- TAXATION ACT (chapter I-3) 36
- TELEWORK 5.1; 179.1
- TIPS  
Worker exposed to a contaminant  
Remuneration 36
- UNION ASSOCIATION  
Definition 1  
Subsidy 104-106  
See also Sector-based association
- WORK STOPPAGE  
See Contaminant
- WORKER  
Definition 1  
Exposed to a contaminant or dangerous substance  
Protective re-assignment 32-39  
Remuneration 36  
Tips 36  
Medical record 129  
Obligation 49; 49.1; 51.2  
Cooperation with health and safety committee 49(6)  
Elimination of risk 49(5)  
Medical examination 49(4)  
Physical or mental well-being 49(2)(3); 51; 59  
Prevention program 49(1)  
Protection measure 49(2)  
Safety in workplace 49(3)  
Penal provisions  
Responsibility 240  
Protection 51  
Protection of health and safety 3  
Recourse 227-228  
Representative 62.5  
Right of refusal 12  
Effect on other workers 28  
Exception 13  
two or more workers 27  
Notice 15  
Reprisal from employer 30-31  
Temporary assignment 25  
Work performed by another worker 17  
Work suspended 14  
Training and information 101; 127(4); 183  
Working conditions 9  
Right 10-11  
See also Contaminant; Health and safety committee;  
Pregnant worker;
- WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ACT  
(chapter A-3) 1; 328
- WORKPLACE  
Definition 1  
Maintenance  
Employer's obligation 51(4)  
Shut-down 186; 188  
Visit by physician 125  
See also Inspector